The Kingston Daily Freeman.

VOL. XLV.—No. 229. CITY OF KINGSTON, N. Y., WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 12, 1916. PRICE TWO CENTS.

SOLDIERS' FAMILIES NEED YOUR ASSISTANCE

Soldiers Also Need Comforts in Camp and the One Way to Give Aid Sanely and Effectively, Without Waste, is Through the Red Cross Committees---Illustrations of Results of Lack of System.

The American Red Cross, of which there has existed for a number of years an Ulster County Chapter, has the respect and confidence of every thinking person and of every man in the United States Army and Navy. It is officially recognized by the United States Government and enjoys special privileges in the way of forwarding contributions and distributing them where needed. It has raised and distributed millions of dollars for war sufferers in Europe. Its splendid machinery for collecting and distributing aid is at the service of the United States Army at this time. Representatives of the leading philanthropic organizations in this city recently met and wisely decided to make their contributions in aid of Ulster county men who are in the service of their country through the Red Cross, in this way avoiding waste by duplication or by ill-timed and erroneously judged contributions of goods. This is carrying out the method that has succeeded so well in local charities through the use of the Bureau of Social Service, and indeed this bureau is aiding the Red Cross in its Civilian Relief work.

Already there has been waste because of the activity of possibly well-meaning, although surely notoriety-seeking individuals, who have gone about seeking contributions for the purchase of special articles that were not needed by the soldiers, while real needs went unfilled because money had been diverted from those who would use it intelligently. To avoid a continuance of this waste The Freeman urges everyone who has any contribution of money or goods to make to make it direct to the Red Cross. Some little vainglory may be lost to individuals anxious to occupy a place in the spotlight at the expense of others, but very real benefit will result to the soldiers. They will get what they want when they want it and every cent contributed will go to them.

To meet emergencies that may arise the Red Cross should, AT ONCE, have a fund on hand.

There are two funds, one for the relief of dependents at home, who have been left wholly or partially destitute by the entering of the wage-earner of the family into the service of his country. In this class there are now 12 families. There will be more. This Civilian Relief Section, is headed by Mrs. Chandler, wife of Major George Chandler. This section needs money weekly. It should have it without delay. It should have pledges of a weekly or monthly sum from contributors, to be paid so long as the men of Kingston are in the army. Of course lump sum contributions will be gladly accepted, but regular monthly or weekly subscriptions will be most satisfactory.

The Military Relief Section is headed by Mrs. Meagher, wife of Capt. Frank L. Meagher of Company M. This section receives and distributes money and goods for the soldiers in Camp or in the field. It will pay out its funds or send goods only on the requisition of Captain Meagher. It should be in position to respond quickly. Therefore it should have money as well as goods such as may be called for from time to time. When it needs goods, the call will appear in The Freeman, specifying just what is wanted. Mrs. Meagher may be called by telephone, either 670-J, or at the Armory, 292. She will be at one place or the other.

Cash contributions to either fund may be left at any bank in the city.

Perishable goods are not wanted except when solicited by notice in the newspapers. Anyway, money is better than perishable food, for with money fresh fruit and vegetables may be purchased in camp for about what the transportation charges from Kingston would amount to. Recently some well-meaning persons sent a lot of fresh vegetables to camp. They were not really needed and the transportation charges, paid by the recipients, amounted to about $5. For $5 the whole lot of goods, really "green goods" in every sense of the phrase, could have been bought in camp. So charitable folks spent $5 to buy, and the company spent another $5 for transportation on, something that was not needed at all.

Another illustration of the evils of lack of system in giving: The company was not well supplied with tobacco and cigarettes. The Freeman stated it needed some, and as tobacco was not perishable nobody need be afraid of an over-supply being sent. This was well meant; but one thing had been overlooked: When you say "tobacco" in Ulster county, and especially when you speak of tobacco for soldiers, nine-tenths of the people at once think of "Mullen's." So about nine-tenths of the contributors sent "Mullen's." There is a large stack of "Mullen's" in camp and more on the way. Now while every native born son of Ulster comes into the world with a taste for "the Pride of Higginsville," and for half a century the hailing sign with which any expatriated son of Ulster greets a visitor from the home county has been "Have you got any "Mullen's?" there are many men in Company M who are either not native sons of Ulster or who have become backsliders from the customs and traditions of the county. To these the use and appreciation of "Mullen's" is an art not easily mastered. About 70 per cent of the company belong to this class, so that while the 30 per cent who are true native sons of Ulster revel in "Mullen's" and have enough of it stacked up to last for several weeks, the other 70 per cent are in a very short allowance of smoking tobacco and the cigarette smokers are actually facing a famine. Were the tobacco, or the money with which to purchase it, turned in to the Red Cross at the armory, this congestion and famine would not occur.

The needs of the Military Relief Section today will be found in another column. If you have any of the articles asked for, send them to Mrs. Meagher at the armory. Or, better still, send her some money.

BUT---DO NOT FORGET THAT THE CIVILIAN RELIEF SECTION NEEDS MONEY EVERY WEEK FOR THE RELIEF OF THE WOMEN, CHILDREN AND AGED PEOPLE, DEPENDENTS OF THE SOLDIERS.

SOLDIER BOYS OF COMPANY M

Left to right; Burger, Reis, Johnson, Bonesteel, Corp. Decker, Gellert, Kiefer, Van Demark.

Left to right; Boyce, Freer, Schupp, Corp. Costello, Rasmussen, Jordan, Norton, Schuberg.

VILLA FORMING HIS NEW ARMY

When it is Reorganized He May Advance on Chihuahua City---Pershing's Troops Short of Supplies.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

El Paso, Tex., July 12---Official denial of reports that the Carranza army under General Trevino at Chihuahua City had evacuated that place before the advance of a large Villa force was issued today in Juarez. The denial was generally accepted as true, though the reports of Chihuahua's evacuation had been so strong that General Bell, commander at Fort Bliss, had forwarded them to Washington.

That Chihuahua will again fall into Villa's power is not considered impossible here, however. General Trevino's position was always far from secure. Chihuahua City is a hotbed of Villa sentiment. It was where Villa shone as a paternal bandit.

Thousands in Chihuahua City looked on the prospect of Villa's return as eagerly as a race track fan scans favorable turf news.

The release of the Carrizal prisoners from the Chihuahua prison gave the Villa propagandists a leverage to pry soldiers and civilians away from their loosely cemented loyalty to Carranza.

From all present indications Villa is satisfied to remain for the present comparatively quiet forming his army and reorganizing it into working units. His recruits are being gained without great effort.

Small detachments of his bandit horde are conducting small raids more or less in the manner of rehearsals. They find no obstructions placed before them. Wherever they go the Carranza garrisons either retreat or suddenly decide to become bandits themselves. Carranza garrisons have a way of disappearing before the advance of Villa's men. It was so during the Villa flight from Columbus. While Carranza was assuring the American administration that his men were making every effort to check Villa the men themselves were opening up the avenues of escape for the renegade.

In response to the reports of Villa's revival the Carranza officials felt called upon to issue some sort of statement other than the flat denial that Villa was alive. So today there is the official report that the Villa army is being surrounded. General Fortuna Maysetta from Tepehuanes, General Matias Ramos from Jiminez and Col. Gope from along the line of the Parral-Jiminez railroad junction are hemming Villa in a trap, say the Carranza leaders.

At the same time they hade official admission of attacks at Jiminez and Santa Rosario, which had been denied up to this time. In the official reports the Villistas were defeated at both places.

The American expedition under General Pershing, still hoping for word from Washington that will send it fearing after Villa once more, is finding itself in considerable embarrassment for supplies. The narrow eyes of the censor have deleted much information regarding the Pershing forces but this is known to be a fact:

Between Ojo Frederico and Colonia Dublan a comparative light rain fell. The herald of the true rainy season made a ditch full of water 32 inches deep. Officers light cars have been able to make the journey only with difficulty and the supply trucks find the going impossible.

Three trains are held at Columbus because it is impossible for them to get through the muddy road.

Pershing himself is at Colonia Dublan with the Seventh, Tenth and Eleventh regiments of cavalry, the Sixteenth and Twenty-fourth Infantry and a battery of field artillery. At Joaquin, 40 miles to the north, he has a company of engineers and the Seventh Infantry engaged in a mighty effort to rebuild the thoroughfares.

Remounts are waiting at Columbus to be sent forward. Until the roads are made passable it seems that the expedition may have to depend on Carranza's permission to send supplies by Mexican railways which is a most unsatisfactory thing on which to rely for the support of an expedition.

It may be said that the principal problem of the army men in relation to the militia is keeping the guardsmen occupied. The most serious affliction of the mobolization threatened the First Pennsylvania Cavalry. It was---or were---measles. On its way across the country Private Earl D. Ludwig of Troop K was found to be suffering from measles at Kansas City. He was left there. A day or so earlier his bunkie, Ernest Button, was taken off the train at Cincinnati with a similar case. There has been fear that this would mean an epidemic but the Pennsylvania boys passed inspection nicely upon their arrival in El Paso.

Today they boast that "there is not a measle in the camp."

The Pennsylvania boys also claim to have the transcontinental bathing record, having dipped successively in the Potomac, the Ohio river, and a lake in Missouri.

The militiamen are being assigned to border patrol posts and look forward eagerly to any kind of duty that takes them nearer to Mexico.

Managers Hired and Fired.

Members of Newburgh's common council who were declared in contempt for discharging City Manager Fred C. Alber in the face of a temporary injunction order, reinstated the latter Tuesday morning and then fired him instanter. Dr. Henry Wilson, Alber's successor, had to be first removed from office and was then reappointed.

FIRST DEATH FROM DREAD DISEASE

Two Years Old Son of Christopher Genther, of No. 19 Newkirk Avenue, Died This Morning from Infantile Paralysis---First Death in Kingston.

The first death from infantile paralysis in Kingston was reported today when Christopher W., infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Christopher Genther, died at the family home, No. 19 Newkirk avenue, aged 2 years and 7 months. The funeral, which was strictly private, owing to the disease being highly contagious, was held later in the day, with interment in St. Peter's Cemetery.

The little boy had only been ill a few days. His case was the second case of infantile paralysis that had been reported to the board of health.

At the meeting of the board of health Tuesday evening, Dr. A. A. Stern, who has charge of the other case of infantile paralysis, reported that the patient was now well beyond the period of contagion.

THIRD REGIMENT LEAVES THURSDAY

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Camp Whitman, July 12.---At 9:30 this morning the Third Regiment from Rochester, and other up-state towns struck its tents, preparatory for leaving for Pharr, Texas, Thursday morning. Tonight the men will sleep in their "pup" tents.

Col. E. S. Jennings expects to have all the baggage loaded on the trains at Green Haven before night so as to make an early start tomorrow. In addition to the regular army fare the men will have oranges, canned peaches, pineapple and chocolate. The regiment will also carry its own water coolers in addition to those on the trains, thus assuring the men an abundance of cool water on the trip. Hot meals will also be served, this being the first regiment to serve hot meals to the men en route to Texas. The regiment will leave here with 1,716 men, completely equipped with the exception of the machine gun company, which will receive its guns after reaching the border. The Third is routed via Easton, Philadelphia, Washington, St. Louis and Dallas to Pharr, Tex., and will travel in three sections.

WHAT INFANT PARALYSIS IS

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Albany, July 12.---Appreciating the danger of the spread of poliomyelitis, the state department of health has prepared a pamphlet covering the disease, which is more commonly called infantile paralysis. This pamphlet has been widely distributed and is intended for the information of parents and physicians alike.

"Poliomyelitis is a disease of the spinal cord," says the pamphlet in question," or its extension into the brain. It is manifested by fever, sometimes convulsions, vomiting and diarrhea and followed by a weakness or paralysis of one or more groups of muscles, usually the arms or the legs. There are sometimes symptoms resembling acute meningitis, including rigidity of the neck. There may be difficulty in swallowing."

This advice is given in the pamphlet:

1.---When the symptoms appear in a person of your household, summon a physician immediately. Keep other members of the family away from the affected person.

2.---Protect your family by sending the patient to the hospital, if the family physician approves of this course. If hospital accommodations are not available tthe patient must be isolated at home, as your physician will direct.

3.---If the child is attending school, you should notify the principal of the school. If the child has been recently to Sunday school notify the Sunday school teacher so that she can inform the parents of other children who may have been exposed. If the parent is employed, the employer should be informed.

4.---Complete isolation of the patient for six weeks must be maintained and those who have been in contact with the patient must be isolated and under observation for two weeks.

5.---The proper disposal of the discharges of the nose and throat, not only of the patient but of all in isolation, is of the greatest importance in preventing the spread of the disease. Pieces of cloth should be provided in abundance to receive all such discharges. These cloths after using should be placed in a paper bag and subsequently burned. Treatment with carbolic acid is not effective. Excreta from the bowels must also be treated with [illegible] water for fifteen minutes before being deposited in a privy vault. The hands of the attendant should be frequently washed with soap and water and thoroughly rinsed.

6.---It is often difficult to keep children in isolation during convalescence unless something available to occupy their minds is procured. A pamphlet on the subject, "Amusement for Convalescent Children," may be obtained from the State Department of Health upon receipt of a two-cent stamp.

7.---Physicians and health officers are required by law to perform certain duties. In the interest of public health parents should give every possible assistance and not cherish ill feelings toward them on account of inconvenience and discomfort which may be caused by quarantine measures.

The pamphlet calls specific attention to the necessity of physicians reporting promptly cases of poliomyelitis to the local health officer and then in continuing paragraphs outlines the duties of health officers. It is set forth that during the period of observation of a suspected case of the disease, the patient must be isolated in the same manner as for a well-defined case. The patient must be isolated for a period of six weeks.

SUBMARINE SHOOTS UP ENGLISH TOWN

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

London, July 12.---A German submarine bombarded Seaham Harbor, on the North Sea coast of England, during the night. A woman was killed, according to the official statement issued today telling of the raid.

Seaham Harbor is a seaport of Durham county and lies six miles southeast of Sunderland. Large shipments of coal are made from there. The town has a population of approximately 13,000.

The statement issued by the war office follows:

"At 10:30 o'clock last night a German submarine appeared off the small, undefended port of Seaham Harbor. It appeared within a hundred yards of the town and opened fire. Some thirty rounds of shrapnel were fired from a 3-inch gun. Twenty rounds fell in the direction of Dalton-le-dale and a dozen around the Seaham Colliery.

"A woman walking in the Colliery yard was seriously injured and died this morning. A shell struck a house.

"There were no further casualties or damage."

Capital Paid In.

The John Franklin Corporation, which was recently incorporated with its principal office in Ulster county, has filed a certificate in the county clerk's office that all of its capital of $300,000 has been paid in, in property. The certificate is signed by C. W. Kress, president, and R. H. Kress, vice president.

DEUTSCHLAND'S SISTER SHIP ON ITS WAY

The Bremen, a Super-Submarine, Has Left a German Port With a Cargo of Drugs and Chemicals.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Baltimore, Md. July 12---Germany's second step in her commercial submarine campaign against the British-French blockade has been taken, and the second commercial submarine in the world's history is now on her way across the Atlantic. It became known here today that the super-submarine Bremen, sister ship of the pioneer Deutschland, has cleared from a German port and is now feeling her way over and through the enemy-infested waters of the ocean bound for an American port.

Paul Hilken, local agent of the Deutsche Ozean-Rhederei, the concern which organized the submarine merchant service, inadvertently announced that the Bremen is on her way. After making the announcement he flatly refused to go into details, or to indicate when the Bremen had started or what American port she might make.

"We cannot talk about the Bremen," he said. "All the facts about her are business secrets, and it is apparent to any one that we ought not to betray anything which might lead to her apprehension by enemy warships."

The safe arrival of the Bremen is counted upon by German diplomacy to give substantial basis for their proposed contention that a regular merchant sea service has been inaugurated, despite the British-French blockade. Upon this contention the Germans base their hope of proving to the satisfaction of the United States and other neutrals that the blockade, being unenforceable, is illegal.

The cargo of the Bremen, it is understood, consists of drugs and chemicals which have long been barred from this country by war conditions. She is also understood to carry a considerable amount of mail.

Arrangements were completed here today to turn over to Count von Bernstorff, German ambassador to the United States, all of the facts and figures in connection with the record-breaking trip of the Deutschland. Count von Bernstorff will come to Baltimore tomorrow and will confer with Captain Paul Koenig of the Deutschland, German Consul Leuderitz and the agents of the Deutsche Ozean-Rhederei. The ambassador will be given at first hand all of the information necessary to carry on the diplomatic struggle based on the Deutschland's trip, by means of which Germany hopes to prove the illegality of the British French blockade of German ports.

The apparent determination of the French and British governments to treat the Deutschland as a warship, to be destroyed on sight, evoked indignant comment from Consul Leuderitz today.

"It seems to me that we have proved that the Deutschland is a merchant ship," he said, "and that she was built for that purpose and that purpose alone. Surely Great Britain and France cannot deny her that for which they have so long contended as the right of all merchantmen---the right to peaceful visit and search."

TENTH NOT GOING TO TEXAS

Through an inexcusible oversight a dispatch from Camp Whitman making clear that the quota of New York troops for service in Texas has been filled and that the Tenth Regiment is not likely to be sent to the border unless New York is asked to make good a deficiency in the quota of some other state, appeared in The Freeman on Tuesday with a misleading heading which stated the exact reverse of the facts. To the careful reader of the dispatch headed "Tenth to border within a week," the error in headlines was obvious, but, unfortunately, many readers read only headlines.

NINETY DEGREES IN THE SHADE

Hottest Day of the Summer Breaks Over Kingston---Heat Severely Felt, Although no Heat Prostrations Reported.

With thermometers in the shade registering 90 degrees at noon today the hottest day of the summer there came a sudden downpour of rain, and residents hoped longingly that when it cleared off it would clear off cool. The rain fall lasted just a very few minutes, however, and the weather was hot as ever. The only thing the rain did was to make the oiled streets stink, adding to the discomfort. The intense heat was severely felt about town, but as far as known no heat prostrations were reported.

CHAUFFEURS' EXAM DATE IS JULY 25

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Albany, July 12.---Applicants for licenses as chauffeurs will be examined at Kingston, at the city hall, on July 25, at 9:30 a. m., with Bernard Schmidt in charge of the examination. Some idea of the increase in chauffeurs in this state can be gained from the records of Secretary of State Hugo's office, which show that on July 1 there were 84,112, as compared with 66,921 a year ago a like date, a gain of over 17,000.

At a recent examination in the village of Liberty a class of 191 presented itself, while a hundred applicants a day is no longer regarded as unusual. Approximately 58,000 of the chauffeurs licensed so far this year reside in New York or its environs.

TWENTY-SECOND LEAVES FOR TEXAS

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Camp Whitman, N. Y., July 12.---The First Battalion of the Twenty-second Regiment broke camp this morning and marched to the Green Haven station where it will entrain for the border. The battalion is routed via Poughkeepsie, Maybrook, Easton, Buffalo to St. Louis, and then south, and in charge of Major Frederick N. Whiteley. The Second Battalion of the regiment will leave here Friday.

Civilian Relief Fund $265.25.

Additional contributions to the Civilian Relief Fund of the Red Cross were received today as follows: Mrs. John Forsyth, $15; Margaret Bernstein, $5, bringing the total to $265.25.

DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS—On Circumstantial Evidence Father Might Have Been Convicted— BY F. LEIPZIGER

TO improve the dinner or supper and create an atmosphere of content and good cheer that is otherwise lacking, drink moderately

Thuringer Hofbrau

OR THE MILDLY STIMULATING

Old Stock Lager

Dietitians universally recommend them as a meal-time drink. A trial for a week will prove their beneficial effects.

PETER BARMANN

BREWERY 'PHONE 66 KINGSTON, N. Y.

DUTCHESS ENTRIES IN GRAND CIRCUIT

Twenty-six head of horses from the stable of Thomas W. Murphy at Poughkeepsie have been shipped to Cleveland, Ohio, for the opening of the grand circuit campaign July 17. They were accompanied by five head in the stable of Guy Rea, seven shipped by A. S. Rodney, and three shipped by R. W. Rosemire. Stalls had been built in freight cars and they had been fitted up for the purpose of shipping the horses because of the fact that the mobilization of troops and equipment had caused such a shortage of express cars. At the last minute three express cars were obtained. The Murphy horses occupied two of the cars.

Thomas W. Murphy has been the leading money winning driver in the grand circuit every year since 1909 except 1910 when he was second to Pop Geers. All the steppers will be back in the Hudson Valley the week of August 28-September 2, when they will go over the famous mile track, the Hudson River Driving Park, at Poughkeepsie.

SOUTH RONDOUT.

South Rondout, July 11.—A meeting of the Prohibition Club of Kingston was held in the Connelly Methodist Church on Sunday afternoon. The meeting was called to order by the Rev. John Anthony, pastor of the church. The club's delegation consisting of the President, Mr. Rider, Mr. Short, Mr. Deyo and several young ladies. Being late Mr. Anthony conducted a song service, followed with prayer by Mr. Marchant. Mr. Anthony read the tenth psalm which gave a vivid picture of the liquor traffic Upon the arrival of President Rider and his company two hymns were sung. On motion of Mr. Anthony made and carried, Mr. Longyear was made secretary pro tem. Prayers were offered by Mr Deyo and Mr. Short and President Rider made a fitting address stating the purpose and importance of the meeting and then introduced Mr. Anthony who gave the visitors a hearty welcome. Mr. Anthony was urged to read the resolution passed by the general Methodist Conference recently held. This resolution strongly endorsed the prohibition movement and was gladly listened to Mr. Short spoke briefly concerning the remedy for the evils of the liquor traffic. He stated that high license, local option and the Anti-Saloon League had not been a great help to national prohibition. Mr. Deyo, Mr. Marchant. Mr. Olsen and Mr. Phillips spoke feelingly for national prohibition. Blanks for the million votes campaign were passed among the audience and many were signed. Mr. Phillips rendered a tenor solo, "Open the Gates" in his usual finest manner. The benediction was pronounced by Mr. Anthony.

In spite of the oppressive heat Friday evening a good audience was present at the entertainment given at the church under the auspices of the C. E. Society. Solos by the Misses Mildred Olsen and Julia Myers were well rendered and as well received. Master Curtis Clair and Mistress Evelyn Hotaling recited very pleasingly. The sleight of hand performance by Fred Van Deusen of Kingston was masterfully executed and much enjoyed. After the entertainment a social hour was enjoyed and a neat sum was netted the society.

John Van Keuren and Rose Zugner of New York spent Sunday at the home of Mr and Mrs. John Klug.

Mr. and Mrs Fred Webster of Tannersville called on her mother, Mrs. Anthony Bence on Sunday.

George Schupp of Camp Whitman and Henry Rodenbergh of Rondout called on Mr. and Mrs. John Klug on Sunday.

Miss Nettie Clair has returned home, after spending a ten days' vacation with her sister, Mrs. Oliver Lund of Brooklyn. Mrs. Englebrecht of Brooklyn returned with her.

Miss Antoinette Hyde of New York is spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Liberty Hyde on Second street.

Miss Jeannette Hutton of Kingston was the guest of Miss Ethel Hamilton on Sunday.

Miss Mildred Olsen is spending some time at the Sunset View House at Haines Falls as the guest of Miss Kathryn Cole.

Miss Elizabeth Cole of Tannersville motored to her home on Sunday and spent a few hours with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Cole.

Charles Marchant of New York is spending a few days with his parents on Connelly Heights.

Harry Kellerman of New York spent the Fourth at his home here.

The Misses Ethel and Alta Hamilton of New York are visiting their grandmother, Mrs. Edwin Cole.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Dunn have returned to New York after spending a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Dunn, on Connelly Heights.

Miss Chrissie Becker is visiting Florence Haines at the Unique at Haines Falls.

Mrs. Clifford Hicks and daughters, Dorothy and Marian, are spending a week at the home of William Hicks at Catskill.

Mr. and Mrs. Paltridge of Newburgh were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charits MacDonald on Sunday.

Owen Fitzpatrick of New York is spending his vacation at the home of Mrs. Katie Kuel, where his two sons, Arthur and Walter, live.

William Lake of Camp Whitman spent a few hours with his family last week.

Mr. Brown of New York is spending some time at the home of Mr. Tenane.

Miss Cassey Smith of New York spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Henry Clair.

Russel Mauer of New York has been spending a few days at his home here.

Mrs. Isaac Hotaling and daughter, Mrs. Wallace Boyce, and Miss Helen Boyce left Thursday for Haines Falls to spend a ew weeks with Mrs. Hotaling's daughter, Mrs. E. B. Haines, at the Unique.

Mrs. I. Hotaling visited at the home of her son, LeGrand Hotaling, at Rondout on Wednesday.

Mrs. Wallace Boyce and daughter, Helen, visited Mrs. Albert Greene at Port Ewen on Wednesday.

Miss Bertha Olsen and Richard Terpening spent the Fourth at Flatbush with Mrs. Chris. Getner.

Miss Lucy Frochette and niece, Vinie, of Albany spent Sunday with her brother, George Frochette, at Mrs. Mathias Clair's.

Little Gertrude Pardee spent Monday at the home of her uncle, William Pardee, at May Park.

Hazel Shaffer and Rose Kline of Rondout called on Miss Sarah Becker on Sunday.

OUR DAILY PATTERN.

A Simple Stylish Dress for the Little Miss.

1653—Girls' dress, with or without pockets, and with sleeve in either of two lengths.

Striped seersucker and white pique are here combined. Gingham, percale, galatea, rep, poplin, linen or linene are also nice for this model. The dress is closed above the belt, but the closing may be finished to the hem. The sleeve in wrist length has a neat band cuff. The short sleeve has a smart turnback cuff.

The pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 2, 4, 6 and 8 years. It requires 2¼ yards of 44 inch material for a 4 year size.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps by the Pattern Department, The Freeman, Rondout, N. Y. Be sure to state the size wanted.

Catalogue Notice.

Send 10 cents in silver or stamps for our up-to-date 1916 large Spring and Summer Catalogue, containing over 400 designs of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Patterns, as well as the latest Embroidery Designs, also a concise and comprehensive article on dressmaking, giving valuable hints to the home dressmaker.

A Complete Manual in Crochet and Tatting!

Just what you will say when you get our instruction book. Our Crochet and Tatting Book contains more than 50 profusely illustrated designs such as luncheon sets, doilies, tray cloths, towel ends, insertions, edgings, yokes for corset covers, night gowns, and a variety of Tatting designs for babywear, etc. Below each article illustrated in our instruction book will be found a complete list of materials required, together with a simplified course on all stitches used in working up the article. This complete manual will be sent upon receipt of 10 cents in stamps or silver.

Write your name and address plainly and address your letter to the Pattern Dept., Freeman Publishing Co., Kingston, N. Y.

ORNITHOLOGY

If you want to put wings to your car give it

POLARINE

—the friction-proof, carbon-proof oil that makes your motor sing like a bird.

LOOK for THIS SIGN

STANDARD OIL CO. of N.Y.

KINGSTON BEER IN THE WEST

The following letter is a tribute to the growing popularity of one of our home products:

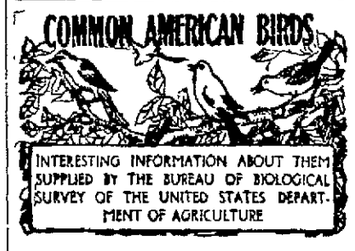
Clausen Catering Co.,
26 Broadway Circle,
Oklahoma City,
U. S. A.
May 24th, 1916.

Geo. Hauck & Sons Brewing Co.,
Kingston, N. Y.

Please ship us via Rock Island R. R., 1 bbl. pints half Bock and half Red Monogram. Enclosed please find $12.05 for beer and freight.

Yours truly,
A. B. CLAUSSEN.

—Advertisement.



MOURNING DOVE

(Zenaidura macroura)

Length, twelve inches. The dark spot on the side of the neck distinguishes this bird from all other native doves and pigeons except the white-winged dove. The latter has the upper third of wing white.

Range: Breeds throughout the United States and in Mexico, Guatemala, and southern Canada; winters from the central United States to Panama.

Habits and economic status: The food of the mourning dove is practically all vegetable matter (over 99 per cent), principally seeds of plants, including grain. Wheat, oats, rye, corn, barley, and buckwheat were found in 150 out of 287 stomachs, and constituted 32 per cent of the food. Three-fourths of this was waste grain picked up after harvest. The principal and almost constant diet is weed seeds, which are eaten throughout the year and constitute 64 per cent of the entire food. In one stomach were found 7,500 seeds of yellow wood sorrel, in another 6,400 seeds of barn grass or foxtail, and in a third 2,600 seeds of slender paspalum, 4,320 of orange hawk-weed, 950 of hoary vervain, 126 of Carolina cranesbill, 50 of yellow wood sorrel, 620 of panic grass, and 40 of various other weeds. None of these is useful, and most of them are troublesome weeds. The dove does not eat insects or other animal food. It should be protected in every possible way.

THE
ULSTER & DELAWARE
RAILROAD

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 25, 1916.

Trains are due to leave this city as follows:

Kingston Point, †2:15 p. m.
Rondout Sta., †6:25, s7:00 a. m.
Union Sta., †7:00, s7:30 a. m.; *2:10, *2:18, †2:40, †4:00, †6:40 p. m.

Trains are due to arrive as follows:

Union Sta., †8:50, †11:35 a. m.; †1:05, †1:15, s4:55, *5:15, †7:19, †7:28, s8:45 p. m.
Rondout Sta., †11:55 a. m.; †7:40, †7:45 p. m.
Kingston Point, †12:00 noon.

* Daily. † Daily except Sunday. s Sunday only.

N. A. SIMS,
General Passenger Agent.

W. H. CONNELLY, M.D.
Physician, Surgeon and Specialist.
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
FAIR ST. KINGSTON, N. Y.
Office Hours—9:30 a. m. until 12 m.
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Have It Replated!
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In Gold, Silver or Nickel
Brass Plating, Bronzing, Lacquering, Japanning!
We make a specialty of Restoring Antiques, Repairing and Replating Silverware. Save labor by having the metal parts on your Auto Nickel Plated.
Prices Reasonable Work Guaranteed
The W. G. Browne Manufacturing Co.
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Kingston, — New York.

Central-Hudson
STEAMBOAT COMPANY
SOUTH BOUND FOR NEW YORK.
Week days except Saturday at 5 p. m. Saturdays, 11 a. m. Sundays at 7 a. m. and 6 p. m.
NORTH BOUND FOR KINGSTON.
Week days Saturday's excepted from Pier 24 N. R. foot Franklin street at 4 p. m. West 129th street at 4:30 p. m. Saturday's at 1 p. m. West 129th street 1:30 p. m.
NEWBURGH, ALBANY AND TROY LINE.
Daily except Sundays. North bound at 10:30 a. m. South bound at 2:15 p. m.
Tel. 166 J. F. STEED, Agent.

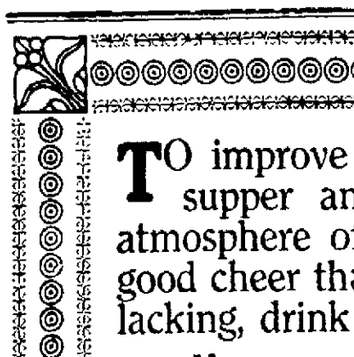
TIME TABLE
FERRYBOAT TRANSPORT
In effect Sunday, June 25, 1916.
Leaves Kingston.—6:30, 7:40, 9:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11:25 a. m. 12:15, 1:30, 2:05, 2:40, 3:15, 3:50, 4:25, 5:00, 5:35, 6:15, 6:50 p. m.
Leaves Rhinecliff.—7:15, 8:10, 9:30, 10:00, 11:05 a. m. 12 m. 12:30, 1:10, 1:45, 2:20, 2:55, 3:30, 4:05, 4:40, 5:15, 5:55, 6:30 7:05 p. m.
On July 4 and September 4, the ferry will make the following extra trips:
Leaves Kingston.—7:30, 8:20 and 9:00 p. m.
Leaves Rhinecliff.—7:50, 8:40 and 9:33 p m.

HUDSON RIVER
DAY LINE
Magnificent Steamers "Washington Irving," "Hendrick Hudson," "Robert Fulton," and "Albany."
Daily Except Sunday
Down steamer leaves Kingston Point, 12.25 P.M. Returning, leaves New York, Desbrosses St., 8.40 A.M., West 42nd St., 9.00 A.M., West 129th St. 9.20 A.M., arriving at Kingston Point, 4.10 P.M.
Music Restaurant
Morning Boat for New York
Daily Except Sunday
Leaves Kingston, (Rondout) 7.00 A.M. Returning, Leaves Desbrosses St., 7.45 P.M., West 42nd St., 8.00 P.M., West 129th St., 8.20 P.M., arriving at Kingston, (Rondout) 7.45 P.M.
Delightful outing can be made to Bear Mountain Park on the morning boat.

ULSTER COUNTY
Savings Institution
249 Wall Street, Kingston, N. Y.
INCORPORATED 1851.
B. H. LOUGHRAN, President.
GEORGE W. WASHBURN, HARRY R. BRIGHAM, Vice-Presidents.
J. M. SCHAEFFER, Secretary.
JOHN B. ALLIGER, Treasurer.
JAMES J. O'CONNOR, Teller.
JOHN R. T. HALL, Bookkeeper.
PHILIP ELTING, Attorney.
TRUSTEES.
Harry R. Brigham, John B. Alliger, Howard Chipp, Philip Elting, George Hutton, B. H. Loughran, G. D. B. Hasbrouck, J. M. Schaeffer, John L. McGrath, Charles S. Wood, O. F. Winne,
For the six months ending June 30th, 1916, interest will be credited July 1st, 1916, at 4 per cent per annum.
Interest not drawn will be added to the principal and draw interest.
Money deposited on or before July 10 and remaining in the bank until January 1st, 1917, will be credited with six (6) months' interest.
Women and children under age have by law the control of their own saving bank accounts.
Persons living out of the city may send money by bank draft, check, postoffice order or express, and deposit book will be returned by mail. ALL BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

Kingston Savings Bank
273 Wall street, Kingston, N. Y.
CHARTERED 1870.
OFFICERS.
MYRON TELLER, President.
GEORGE BURGEVIN, V. B. VAN WAGONEN, Vice-Presidents.
CHARLES TAPPEN, Treasurer.
CHARLES H. DE LAVERGNE, Assistant Treasurer.
HARRY ENSIGN, Accountant.
JAMES A BETTS, Counsel.
TRUSTEES.
James A. Betts, George Burgevin, Zadoc P. Boice, Levan S. Winne, Everett Fowler, D. N. Mathews, John H. Kraft, Sam Bernstein, Charles Tappen, A. D. Rose, Myron Teller, Virgil B. Van Wagonen, John J. Campbell
Deposits made on or before July 10, 1916, and remaining in bank until January 1, 1917, will be credited with six (6) months' interest.
Interest will be paid on all sums from one dollar to three thousand dollars.
Accounts may be opened by mail for which a bank book will be forwarded on receipt of New York draft, certified check, postoffice or express money order.
Rooms for the convenience of ladies are a feature of the banking house.
Interest at the rate of 4% per annum was declared for six months ending June 30, 1916.

THE RONDOUT
Savings Bank
RONDOUT, N. Y.
OFFICERS:
J. E. DERRENBACHER ..... President
T. C. COTTENDALL ..... 1st Vice-President
F. H. GRIFFITHS ..... 2nd Vice-President
L. L. OSTERHOUDT ..... Secretary
DAYTON MURRAY ..... Bookkeeper
TRUSTEES:
John D. Schoonmaker, E. Coykendall, F. Stephan, Jr. John E. Thompson, F. H. Griffiths, A. A. Stern, Wesley D. Hale, T. C. Cottendall, J. E. Derrenbacher, H. H. Flemming, J. Graham Rose, Nicholas Stock, L. L. Osterhoudt.
Interest will be paid on all sums from $5 to $3,000.
Interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum was declared for six months ending June 30th, 1916.
Interest credited semi-annually, January and July.
Moneys withdrawn before January 1 and July will not be entitled to interest.
Deposits commence to draw interest from the first of each month.
All deposits made on or before the 10th day of January and July draw interest from the first days of those months.
Banking hours from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. Saturdays 9 a. m. to 12 m.



THE RENT MONEY

you paid out in past years had been placed into a home of your own, with instalment payments where the outlay would have meant no greater hardship you would be practically independent today and the foundation of your fortune would have been substantially laid. Our houses are well built and substantial in every sense.

A MID-SUMMER BARGAIN.

6-room cottage on W. O'Reilly St. with all modern improvements except heat and in excellent condition. Immediate possession. Price $2,500.

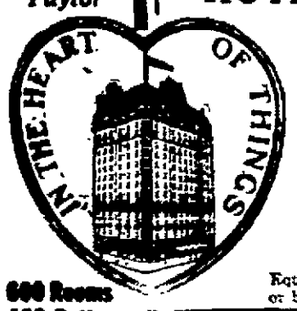
SHATEMUCK REALTY CO., Inc.
281 Fair Street, Kingston, N.Y.
Telephone 400.

WANTED!

Experienced Shirt Operators or girls who have operated power machines. Beginners also taken and will be paid well while learning. Steady work assured.

Fuller's Shirt Factory
Pine Grove Ave.

The House of Taylor



HOTEL MARTINIQUE
Broadway, 32d St., New York
125 pleasant Rooms, with private bath facing large open court,
$2.50 Per Day
157 excellent Rooms with private bath facing street, southern exposure,
$3.00 Per Day
Also Attractive Rooms from $1.50.
The restaurant prices are most moderate
Equally convenient for amusements, shopping or business. One Block from Penn's Station.
600 Rooms
400 Baths

WANT "ADS" INSERTED AT THE SMALL COST OF ONE CENT-A-WORD

MAJOR CHANDLER ON WAY TO TEXAS

Major George Chandler, who left Camp Whitman on Friday for the Mexican border is still on the way, and does not expect to arrive at his destination until Saturday of this week. The reason of this slow journey is that the horses and mules on the troop trains have to be taken from the cars and exercised once in every twenty four hours. This causes a delay of several hours each time it is done, but is also of benefit to the men who leave the hot cars to walk in the fresh air and occasionally find a place to swim. The Second Infantry with whom General Lester and his staff are traveling, is moving in three sections. The first section, Major Chandler writes, is composed of 28 coaches, 2 Pullmans, 1 horse car and 2 mule cars, and carries 644 men. They are all living on army rations. Even the officers have the regular army fare of bacon, beans, hard tack and coffee. This for 8 days in stuffy railroad cars with the temperature over 90 makes the board at Camp Whitman in the open air look like Hotel Astor to these men. Major Chandler wrote home from Washington, D. C. on the 8th, Hilton, West Va, on the 9th and Louisville on the 10th. There is no complaint among the men except about the vaccinated arms and the ever increasing heat. The exact destination of the regiment is unknown even to the officers who will get their orders on arrival.

As an example of the roundabout way necessary to move the militia so as not to intefere with railroad service the routing of the Second regiment which was accompanied by Brigadier General Lester and his staff is an example.

From Camp Whitman the regiment moved out over the Central New England railroad over the bridge to Highland and thence to Maybrook where the Lehigh and Hudson railroad took them to Belvidere, thence to Washington via the Pennsylvania, thence over the C. & O. to Louisville, the Louisville and Nashville to Memphis, Tenn, the Iron Mountain route to Texarkana, Texas, the Texas and Pacific to Longview, the International and Great Northern to Houston and thence over the St. Louis and Brownsville railroad to Brownsville.

POLICE CHIEFS HERE IN JULY

Program for Convention Arranged by Police Board at Meeting Tuesday—Brief Outline of Program.

At the regular meeting of the board of police commissioners, held at the city hall on Tuesday evening, regular routine business was disposed of, and the larger part of the meeting was devoted to arranging the details for the police chiefs convention to be held in Kingston on July 26 and 27.

The sessions of the convention will be held in the common council chambers at the city hall, and the convention will convene for the opening session at 1 o'clock the afternoon of the first day. At 4 o'clock that afternoon visiting chiefs will be entertained with an automobile ride around the Ashokan reservoir in automobiles furnished by the Chamber of Commerce for the occasion.

At 8:30 o'clock that evening the chiefs will be entertained at a banquet at the Stuyvesant Hotel. Among the speakers will be Judge Clearwater, Judge Parker, Judge Jenkins, Judge Cunningham and Senator Walton.

The last day's session will convene at 9 o'clock in the morning and remain in session until about 1 o'clock, when dinner will be served the delegates in the city hall park, provided the weather is clear. If not it will be served in the lower corridor of the city hall.

At 3 o'clock that afternoon a special train will convey the delegates to West Point, where they will see the cadets drill, returning to Kingston about 7:15 o'clock. At 8:25 o'clock the delegates will attend a moving picture show at one of the local theaters.

The convention promises to be one of the best ever held, and the local police board is leaving no stones unturned to make it a success.

ASK FOR and GE..
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Cheap substitutes cost YOU same price

MANY REJECTED IN THIRD REGIMENT

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Camp Whitman, N. Y., July 12.—Company E of the Third Regiment from Niagara Falls had ten of its men rejected and they will be sent home this afternoon with 117 others rejected, including Captain C. H. Barnes of Company C, who will be in charge of the squad. All except two were retired for physical disability. One had served out his enlistment and decided not to re-enlist. He received his full army discharge. One refused to take the federal oath. He said he wanted to join the regular army and would so after his return home. The men leave here for Poughkeepsie at 4.45 p. m.

Company E is commanded by Captain E. J Murray of Niagara Falls. The captain said that the remaining 138 men in his company were in fine shape and ready for any duty they may be called upon to perform. The company will leave here with the rest of the regiment for Pharr, Texas, tomorrow. The route will be via Easton, Philadelphia, Washington and St. Louis south.

ELLENVILLE.

Ellenville, July 12.—The regular business meeting of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Reformed Church will be held in the lecture room on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock Following the business sesion the ladies will hold a "circle" to which all the ladies of the church and congregation are invited to bring their work and circle offering. At this time a demonstration will be given by representatives of the Wear Ever Aluminum Company, who will also serve the refreshments Each lady attending will receive a certificate entitling them to a complimentary aluminum utensil.

On Sunday evening, July 16, the pulpit of the Reformed Church will be occupied by the Rev. James Empringham, D. D., S. T D, representing the Anti-Saloon League of New York. Dr. Empringham recently resigned the rectorate of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church in Syracuse to enter this work. The church is extremely fortunate in securing a speaker of Dr. Empringham's prominence and power and the entire village people will be glad to avail themselves of the opportunity of hearing the gifted speaker.

Miss May E Potter entertained a company of girl friends at her home on Park street Monday afternoon in honor of her eleventh birthday.

Thomas H. Collins went on Tuesday to spend a week or two with relatives at Ferndale, Sullivan county.

Mrs. Floyd Smith and two children of Deposit are spending some time with her brother, H. W. Coons, and family, on Center street.

Mrs Whatley has returned to her home in Elting Court after a visit of a few weeks with relatives in New York city.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell V. Vernon of Middletown are spending the week with Dr. and Mrs. L. E. Vernon at their summer home at Wawarsing.

Edward Dow went on Tuesday by boat from Kingston to his home at Jersey City Heights. Ed. is a popular young man and will be missed by his host of Ellenville friends.

Mrs Mary Denman has returned from a month's visit with her daughter, Mrs. Raymond, at Ridgefield, Conn.

Lewis Weigand, the popular Leurenkill milkman, Mrs. Weigand and Mr. and Mrs. Lovely made the trip to Camp Whitman in the Weigand car on Sunday and report a fine trip and a sight to see the many soldiers in camp.

Mr. Spock, the gentleman who purchased the Brown book store, returned to Yonkers and will move his family to Ellenville and occupy Mrs. Dixon's Canal street cottage.

J. J. Ryan, of Ryan & Wells, was at Fallsburgh Tuesday on a business trip.

The Rev. W. H. Moser and family are spending the week at their bungalow at Yankee Lake.

Miss Nell M. Hardenbergh of the schools in New York city, is spending the summer vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. O. Hardenbergh.

Linn C. Sharpe, who is at bridge work at Lyons Falls, New York, went out trout fishing on the Fourth of July morning and before noon, with three other gentlemen, captured eighty fine trout, and during the afternoon while out fishing Mr. Sharpe captured a bass weighing 8½ pounds. This report was received by Mr. Sharpe's Ellenville friends who are quite envious of the good luck accorded our former local fisherman.

Nickel's Possibilities.

A scientist says there is enough high explosive in a nickel, chemically treated, to blow off a man's head. But it wouldn't be a nickel any longer. A nickel as it is enables a man to blow himself off as often as he comes in possession of it.—Houston Post.

"WHAT'S LEFT" SALE!

SAM BERNSTEIN & CO.

ON WALL ST. KINGSTON, N. Y. PHONE 14.

No Charge for Alterations—Goods Exchanged or Money Refunded

Sale Starts Saturday, July 8

SUIT
Was $7.85
NOW $5.95
"WHAT'S LEFT"—First Long Pants Suits for Boys. Good Working Suits for Men. In grays, browns, blues and mixtures.

SUIT
Was $11.75
NOW $9.95
"WHAT'S LEFT"—Men's and Young Men's Spring and Summer Suits, including many Norfolks and Pinchback models. Made up of sturdy, durable quality of the hard-finished worsteds.

SUIT
Was $9.85
NOW $7.95
"WHAT'S LEFT"—Plenty of Suits for men and young men. Attractive and up-to-date models, in a variety of styles and materials that are sure to please.

A What's Left Leader
WAS $14.75
NOW $11.95
"WHAT'S LEFT"—Just about everything new and in demand this season in the way of colorings, fabrics and styles. English models—with soft, roll collar—high cut waist line. Slant or straight pockets. Conservative or extreme English Belter models.

SUIT
Was $22.00
NOW $17.75
"WHAT'S LEFT"—Hand tailored, superb finished. Everything that's in demand this season in the way of colorings, fabrics, checks and stripes.

SUIT
Was $18.00
NOW $13.95
"WHAT'S LEFT"—A big line of all wool worsteds and wool mixtures, pinch back Norfolks, English and conservative models. Suits to fit any size man and a price that's right.

SUIT
Was $25.00
NOW $19.75
"WHAT'S LEFT"—Hand tailored throughout, "equal to custom made." All-wool silk fabrics. The newest and swellest shades and patterns, finest of trimmings.

Premium Cards Punched During This Sale

MAIL OR PHONE ORDERS Given Careful and Prompt Attention. Goods Purchased May Be Exchanged or Money Refunded.

SALE STARTS SATURDAY, JULY 8

FATALITY IN A WORD.

Why France Changed the Name of the "Life Saving Belt."

A vivid illustration of the power of mere words over human beings was once brought to the attention of French people by Francisque Sarcey.

After the wreck of the Bourgogne many passengers were found floating drowned with life preservers on. These life preservers were fastened upon the bodies, but round the middle instead of under the arms, and the greater weight of the upper part of the body had tipped the head under water and the person of course was inevitably drowned.

Now it appears that the greater number of the persons so drowned were French. The French term for life preserver is ceinture de sauvetage, or "life saving belt." This word ceinture suggests to the mind in its moments of disorder and unreadiness, such as a great catastrophe brings, the idea of putting on a belt, and as a belt is put round the waist and nowhere else the frightened person instinctively adjusts the life preserver close about the hips.

The result is that as soon as the person so provided falls into the water his body tips over, with the heavier part downward, and the head is plunged beneath the surface.

The word "belt," therefore, was the cause of the loss of many lives in the Bourgogne disaster. Sarcey accordingly proposed to counteract the fatal effect of the French word by renaming the article and calling it a bavière, which is a kind of waist, and by bringing the word bras, or arm, to mind to teach people to put a life preserver on just underneath the arms.

Weather Variety.

Some growl perpetually at the weather: it is too hot or too cold: too wet or too dry. And yet a kind Providence arranges it infinitely better than we could. What a beautiful promise this was in the early history of the race: "While the earth remaineth, seed time and harvest, and cold and heat, and summer and winter, and day and night shall not cease."—Christian Herald.

Looking Ahead.

"I think I had better get a job before we marry."

"Don't be so unromantic, Freddy. I won't need any clothes for a long, long time."

"But you may want to eat almost any time, my dear."—Pittsburgh Post.

CAPT. BOYD'S FUNERAL. ©INT. FILM SERVICE

REMNANTS OF CAPT. BOYD'S COMMAND OBSERVE MOURNING HOR DEAD LEADER.

This picture shows the body of Captain Boyd being followed by the survivors of the Carrizal fight through the streets of El Paso, at the funeral of the heroes of Carrizal.

Lack of Eligible Members.

Why can't we have a league to enforce common sense?—New York Sun.

Quick and Dangerous.

Most things that are of mushroom growth have toadstool characteristics.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Daily Thought.

The one best provision for the future is the best possible use of the present.—Whittier.

Y. M. C. A. AUDITORIUM
One Day Only
THURSDAY, JULY 13th
Three Performances - - - - - 3, 7:15 and 9 P. M.
ANY SEAT 25c ANY SHOW

The Great Drama of Sin's Consequences 'DAMAGED GOODS'
In Seven Awe-Inspiring Acts Interpreted by the Celebrated Legitimate Actor RICHARD BENNETT

A remarkable picture version of the sensational problem play that has startled the world. To be given at this theatre by the original Broadway cast.

"Damaged Goods" is the most remarkable human story ever written for the reason that it has awakened humanity to the need of preserving the human race from the perils of hereditary evils. Dramatic—tragic—uplifting. Superbly staged and acted.

Kingston Daily Freeman.

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KINGSTON, N. Y., JULY 12, 1916.

Fiction long since has portrayed all the sensational features which have marked the European war to date. The latest exploit for which fiction has prepared the imagination is the Atlantic trip made by the German submarine Deutschland, now at anchor at Baltimore. Jules Verne was considered the master of imaginative writers when he wrote "Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea." Verne's fertile brain supplied details which are lacking in the prosaically practical life aboard the Deutschland, whose most romantic episode was to lie submerged for ten hours in Dover channel while warships of her Allied enemies cruised on the surface. Captain Paul Koenig of the submarine may be pardoned if he says the Allied warships cruised overhead—probably he is speaking figuratively, for the channel is both wide and long, and even the displacement of the Deutschland submerged is comparable only to an atom in the immensity of water in the Dover channel. The German air raids on London were foretold in thrilling stories by H. G. Wells, an English novelist; aerial fights between Zeppelins and aeroplanes taxed the word-painting ability of vivid writers before they came to be an everyday occurrence. Imaginative writers have pictured battles with huge guns of a calibre matched only by those in actual use, and a march of conquest such as Germany undertook not quite two years ago has formed the theme of more than one thrilling tale. Even the sinking of the Lusitania and the resultant ruthless slaughter of the innocent and unoffending passengers aboard was portrayed long ago. People have become accustomed to having their imagination thrilled by fiction until the actual occurrence when it comes months or perhaps years afterwards fails to excite wonder. Nothing is regarded as impossible any more. Who shall say, therefore, if the imaginative tales of attempted conquest of America, even the feverish moving-picture tales told in the moving pictures of today, are overdrawn? Fiction writers are not gifted with sight which enables them to penetrate the future, but the ideas which occur to them only as a spasm of the imagination are quite likely to be born and become firmly fixed in the minds of men whose practical executive ability leads them to undertake their consummation. While they may fail, the idea germinates and is carried to fruition by others.

As long as Allen D. Brand, formerly a schoolmate of "Billy" Sunday, insists on following the calling of an evangelist, from which he derives no fixed salary, and permits his family to live like beggars, he displays a misguided mind which justifies the Children's Court authorities of New York city in taking away his four little sons and daughters and placing them in a charitable institution. Brand has been a theological student and formerly was a prosperous business man. Having prepared himself for evangelistic work, he says "The hand of God is evident," and that "It is God's will that misfortune has befallen" him. True evangelism teaches man's duty not only to his Creator but to his fellow beings. Whoever believes that neglect of the living dependents for whom he is responsible is justified by evangelical work which compels such neglect possesses a distorted view of duty and works more harm than good among the people he is endeavoring to "save." A man in his right mind will not neglect his dependent children for the sake of leading other people to a life which he preaches but does not practice. Failure to live up to standards which are preached but not practiced is ordinary hypocrisy in matters where the preacher's own dependents are not involved, but charity fails to excuse neglect of that sort. In its practical application, Brand's acts and teachings would make it appear that only the adult population or young people above a certain age are worth being "saved," and that little children, if not left wholly to care for themselves and acquire habits which require evangelistic effort in their later lives, should be placed in institutions where they miss the valuable home training and environment which the evangelist's own life according to his own ideals makes him especially fitted to give. Like other professional evangelists, Brand evidently has an idea that the little things which influence life are not worth while trying because they are not performed in the limelight. The glitter of the spotlight attracts him but the good he might accomplish is overshadowed by the influence of acts of the very nature which he condemns in others and seeks to effect reform except in himself.

LITTLE LAUGHS.

Madge—"Am I the first girl you ever loved?" Ted—"No, my dear, but I hope you'll be the last."—Judge.

"Few men advocate the recall when they think it might apply to themselves." "How about actors?"—Baltimore American.

"What's your idea of a crank?" "A crank is a fellow who insists on trying to convince me, instead of letting me convince him."—Boston Transcript.

"I suppose you miss your husband terribly?" "Indeed, I do. You can't imagine how lonely I am with no one in the house to contradict."—Detroit Free Press.

"What is Gertrude Gadder's latest fad?" "Prison reform." "Along what lines?" "She thinks every convict ought to have a canary in his cell."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

"Can you accommodate myself and family for summer board?" "What's your politics?" inquired Farmer Corntossel. "Does that make any difference?" "Yep. I'm not going to take another chance on havin' the whole place stirred up with arguments day an' night. All the folks that board here this summer has got to have the same politics."—Washington Star.

Rebuked.

The persevering landscape painter knew that he had an observer looking over his shoulder at the easel. He knew from the rustle of skirts that the observer was a woman, yet he worked steadily on. Presently the observer spoke:

"A charming landscape," she said.

"Ah, you flatter me," said the artist, modestly. "Compared with the original landscape it is very poor stuff."

"I meant the original," said the observer.—New York Times.

The Idea Lingered.

Alan Hawley, aviator, said at the New York Automobile Club:

"The first automobiles were made like carriages—as if a pair of horses were to draw them, you know. For years the automobile designer couldn't get away from the carriage model—couldn't help providing for the horse.

"In fact, I have heard of several chaps in the first days of automobiling who designed two-story garages, the upper story being for the hay and feed."—Washington Star.

Still Waiting.

The self-made man stalked into the office of a great financier with whom he had an appointment.

"You probably don't remember me," he began, "but twenty years ago, when I was a poor messenger boy, you gave me a message to carry—"

"Yes, yes!" cried the financier "Where's the answer?"—Argonaut.

In Cinema Land.

De Wolf Hopper said at an al fresco luncheon in Los Angeles:

"The biggest fake in the theatrical world today is the cinema star's salary. Why, if you believed all you hear you'd think every Tom, Dick and Harry in the cinema world made half a million a year.

"I know a second heavy who believed these cinema yarns, and applied to a cinema manager for a job.

"'What salary do you expect?' the manager asked.

"'Oh,' said the second heavy, 'about $525 to begin with.'

"The manager pursed up his lips, thought a minute, and then said:

"'Knock off the odd hundreds, and I'll engage you.'"—Washington Star

TWENTY AND TEN YEARS AGO.

July 12, 1896.—Barns of John Everett and Abram Dumond and house and barn of Mr. Steward, all of West Hurley, destroyed by fire.

Colonial Traction Company obtained an injunction restraining the Kingston City road from running its cars to Kingston Point.

Henry W. Otis awarded contract for new school building in Second ward by Kingston board of education. Price $14,305.

July 12, 1906.—Announced that Peckham plant would resume business on July 30.

E. R. Pearse of Poughkeepsie awarded electric lighting contract of the local armory. His bid was $1,913.

New site for erection of New Paltz Normal School selected.

Moffat Farm Sold.

The attractive summer home and farm of Mrs. Alice Moffat of Rosendale is among the later sales made by the Paradies Real Estate Agency on Railroad avenue, this city. This property, which is located on the main road between Rosendale and New Paltz, was purchased by Charles Bremken and Joseph Triewerler of New York city. Since her ownership and occupancy, Mrs. Moffat has spent much time and money in improvements and development, but being a playright of some repute, and interested in the moving picture industry to some extent, she is now called to Alaska. Both she and her daughter, Grace, have been very active in church work in the Rosendale section, and their many friends there are sorrowing over their departure for that remote region of our republic. The New York purchasers expect to make some additional improvements to the property and then reside upon it.

School Taxes in August.

Property-owners should bear in mind that school taxes will be due in August, without fees, and during that month the city treasurer's office at the city hall will be open from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. every day in the week, except Saturday. The tax rate this year is $9.47 per $1,000 valuation.

WOOLHEATER BODY FOUND IN CREEK

Seymour Woolheater Had Been Missing from His Home on Franklin Street Since Sunday—Body Found in Old Cement Company Slip in Ponckhockie.

The body of Seymour Woolheater of No. 105 Franklin street, was found floating in the old cement company slip in Ponckhockie shortly after 4 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon by two young girls, Martha Vanneski of No. 179 Murray street, and Julia Stupski of No. 427 Delaware avenue. Mr. Woolheater had been missing from home since Sunday. After the body had been examined by Dr. J. S. Robinson of Abeel street, who found no marks of violence on it, Coroner E. A. Kelly announced the cause of death as accidental drowning.

From an investigation made by Coroner Kelly it was learned that the last seen of Woolheater alive was on Sunday, when he had dinner at Fischer's Hotel on the Strand and announced to some friends that he was going down to Kingston Point.

The slip in which the body was found is about thirty feet wide and about thirty feet long. It was originally larger, but for some time past the city street force has been busy filling in the slip with rubbish and dirt. There is at least ten feet of water in the slip which is so dirty that if the body had not risen to the surface it would never have been found but would have been covered over by the street force in the course of time in dumping into the slip.

The body could not drift out into the creek as the slip is protected by heavy timbers which form a dock.

Just how Woolheater came to fall into the slip and drown is a mystery. He must have walked to the edge of the slip to see how the work of filling in was progressing and slipped and fell in.

When the girls found the body floating in the slip they ran to where the street force was busy working on repairs to the Strand and said that there was a man drowning in the creek.

When the body was hauled out a search of the pockets disclosed $1.18 in cash and a gold watch. There were also papers in the pocket which identified the body as that of Mr. Woolheater.

Coroner Kelly was notified and had Dr. Robinson make an examination of the body.

Mr. Woolheater was about 56 years of age. He is survived by his widow and two daughters. The body will be shipped to Pine Hill for funeral and interment.

LATTINGTOWN.

Lattingtown, July 12.—Sunday last rain fell in this section, laying the dust and assisting the growth of vegetation.

The strawberry crop is finished in this vicinity and the pickers are hustling off raspberries and currants.

Mrs. Althea Mackey is now home from New York where a successful operation for a tumor was performed.

Mrs. S. B. Owens of Butler, N. J., and daughter are visiting her mother, Mrs. A. Mackey.

Mrs. L. W. Croft has relatives visiting her from Bay Ridge, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Reynolds and Miss Emma Denman of Newburgh attended the well known annual Pentecostal camp meeting at Groveville, N. Y., near Beacon on the Hudson, last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Croft and relatives went to Beacon, N. Y., last Sunday in their auto.

Miss Nellie Odell is spending her vacation at home, being free from school duties.

Mr. Martin of Milton called on a lady friend here last Sunday.

The Rev. Mr. Wiltsie, the Presbyterian minister of Milton, spent the Fourth of July evening at Mr. and Mrs. Croft's.

The new road building from the wooden bridge north to the Corners is nearly finished and the remaining part eastward to H. V. Mackey's residence, will be done in about three weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. O. M. Gregory of Middletown, Mrs. Robert Lawrence and Superintendent S. J. Gregory and Mrs. Lasher of Washington's Headquarters, Newburgh, motored to this place last week.

The stone crusher has been set up on the fruit farm of C. A. Wolley & Sons, just north of the fruit package factory.

Boarders from New York are now coming to the "Overlook," under the management of Mrs. M. E. Ruger.

The Democratic good times have not materialized in farming fruit, neither are the necessities of life any cheaper. Nevertheless the party in power is having the time of its extravagant life.

The Pentecostal camp meeting, (seventh annual), held in the large tabernacle at Groveville, N. Y., near Beacon, last Sunday and continuing two weeks, had not a large attendance owing to the rain, but the sermon delivered in the afternoon by its president, the Rev. N. H. Hoople, was inspiring. Text, "Christ is all and in all." Music and singing of the best. Sunday, the 16th is the last day.

Do You?

The United States public service asks do you:

Clean your teeth and then expectorate in the washbowl?

Omit lunch to reduce weight and then overeat at dinner?

Go to the country for health and then sleep with your windows shut tight?

Wonder why you have earache and then blow your nose with your mouth shut?

Is Granted a Discharge.

Chester A. Van Demark of Company M, Tenth Regiment, National Guard, has been granted an honorable discharge. Mr. Van Demark enlisted four months ago as a guardsman and has been a popular member of the cook detail at Camp Whitman. He is employed at the S. L. Torrey furniture store on Broadway.

SPECIAL

Men's and Young Men's Suits Made by
HART SCHAFFNER & MARX
to sell at
$22.00, $23.00, $24.00 and $25.00
For three days
Thursday, Friday and Saturday
July 13th July 14th July 15th
Your choice
Any Suit
$16.50
For three days only

S. COHEN'S SONS
331 Wall St. Kingston, N. Y.

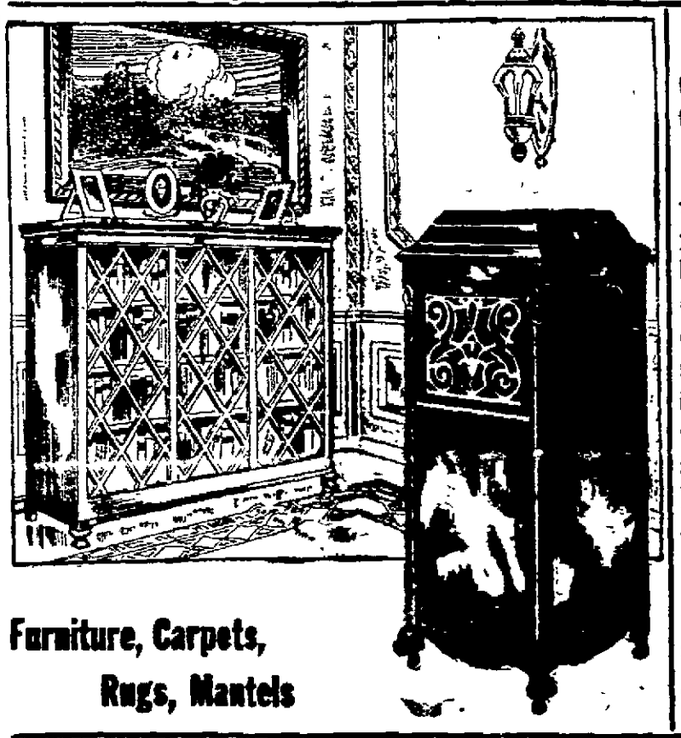
Our store closes at 5 p. m. every evening until Labor Day, except Saturdays open until 10:30 p. m.

GLASS LIQUID EGG PRESERVATION
QUART CANS - - 25c
Enough for 15 to 20 doz. Eggs
McBRIDE'S PHARMACY 634 B'WAY

EDISON AMBEROLES
$30 to $75

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS FOR
THE "NEW EDISON" DIAMOND DISC
A PERFECT MUSICAL INSTRUMENT
Not a Talking Machine

The "New" Edison
DIAMOND DISC
$100 to $450



Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Mantels

Do you miss the concerts, theatres and amusements of the winter season?

The New Edison supplies what you miss. Play it on your front porch, or in your house with wide open windows. The neighbors won't object. The New Edison is not a talking machine. It is a wonderful new invention which re-creates all forms of music in a way that baffles detection from the original.

Won't you please call or write or telephone for further information about this new invention?

Amberole Records 50c, 75c

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY
STOCK-CORDTS INC.
KINGSTON, N.Y.

Indestructible Disc Records $1 to $3

Called.

"My country calls me!" exclaimed the emotional patriot.

"It shouldn't have been necessary to call if you have any useful service to perform. You ought to have been on the job.—Washington Star.

Couldn't Tell.

"Would you say the world is better now than it was a century or two ago?"

"I really do not know. I wasn't here a century or two ago."—Detroit Free Press.

Harsh Desires.

"I wish some people I know were like swans."

"Why so?"

"Because swans sing only once in their lives and die immediately after."—Baltimore American.

Engineers' Supplies

PIPE,
FITTINGS,
VALVES,
INJECTORS,
LUBRICATORS,
BELTINGS,
PULLIES,
GAUGES,
BATTERIES,
COTTON WASTE,
SMOOTH-ON CEMENTS,
ASBESTOS COVERING,
PACKINGS,
TOOLS,
PIPE CUT TO SKETCH.

Canfield Supply Co.
Wholesale Dealers in
SUPPLIES FOR
Plumbing, Heating, Engineers' and Farm Machinery.
16-18 STRAND, 35-37 FERRY ST.
The Big Downtown Store,
KINGSTON.

WE MAKE TEETH

To fit and give long and comfortable service. Teeth scientifically and perfectly made. We will save the teeth you have, if it is possible to do so; if not, we will give you the very best substitutes obtainable. Bridge, Crown and Plate Work of the highest class and reasonable prices.

DR. HILL
312 Wall St. Kingston N. Y.
Lady Attendant,
Phone 863

REDUCED FARES
NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

New York Excursions
(From Kingston)
Ten Day Ticket, $2.60
One Day Ticket, 2.10
Daily, except Sunday, to September 30, inclusive. Going via West Shore R. R. Returning via Mary Powell Line (Hudson River Day Line) to Rondout.

Consult local ticket agents for time of trains and other information.

MASON'S BUILDING MATERIAL
Sewer Pipe and Flues
BEAVER BOARD
Slate Surfaced Roofing

RICHARD TAPPEN
Greenkill Ave. and Sterling St

NOTICE.

The Ashokan National Bank, located at Brown's Station, in the state of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

LITTLETON FITZGERALD, JR., Cashier.

Dated June 24th, 1916.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Von Beck Canfield, late of the city of Kingston, county of Ulster, deceased, testate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Esther M. Canfield, the executrix, and Frederick Stephan, Jr., the executor, of the estate of said deceased, at the office of Frederick Stephan, Jr., No. 11 Broadway, in the said city of Kingston, N. Y., on or before the 1st day of August, 1916.

Dated, January 25th, 1916.

ESTHER M. CANFIELD, Executrix;
FREDERICK STEPHAN, JR., Executor;
of the last Will and Testament of Von Beck Canfield, deceased.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Jacob Kiefer, late of the town of Ulster, county of Ulster, deceased, testate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Jane C. Kiefer and David Kiefer, the executors of the estate of said deceased, at their home, at Lake Katrine, Ulster county, N. Y., in the said town of Ulster, on or before the 1st day of January, 1917.

Dated, June 28, 1916.

JANE C. KIEFFER.
DAVID KIEFFER.
As Executors, etc.

Henry R. DeWitt, Attorney, 300 Fair St., Kingston, N. Y.

TO FIGHT EPIDEMIC OF INFANTILE PARALYSIS

Board of Health Adopts Stringent Ordinance Forbidding Children Under 16 Years of Age Attending Sunday School, Church, Theater, Excursions or Picnics---Also Requires Arrival of All Children to be Reported.

The adoption of a stringent ordinance making it mandatory on the part of all residents to report the arrival of all children from out of town who may be visiting in Kingston, and forbidding any child under sixteen years of age being admitted to any moving picture house or entertainment, closing the Sunday schools and the churches to any child under that age, and also forbidding children to attend any picnics, excursions or any other gathering, with a penalty of a fine not exceeding $50 or by punishment not exceeding six months imprisonment, or both, was the outcome of a lengthy conference held by the members of the board of health and several of the local physicians at the regular monthly meeting of the board held on Tuesday evening at the city hall.

The meeting was attended by Dr. A. A. Stern, Dr. A H Mambert, Dr. Henry Van Hoevenberg, Dr. Mark O'Meara and Dr. Ingalls, and practically every member of the board of health.

The ordinance was adopted to prevent an epidemic of infantile paralysis in Kingston

The Ordinance Adopted.

The ordinance in full as adopted reads as follows:

Whereas, there is a serious epidemic of infantile paralysis in the city of New York which is spreading to other communities; and

Whereas, two cases of such disease have occurred in this city; be it resolved and ordained:

First. That is shall be the duty of the head of every private household and of the proprietor or keeper of each hotel, boarding house or lodging house in the city to report forthwith to the local health officer the names and addresses and ages of all children under or apparently under the age of sixteen years, who have come or who shall come from or presumably from without the city of Kingston who are visiting or boarding, lodging or residing in such place under their charge.

Second: No children under the ages of sixteen years shall be permitted in any theatre, moving picture house, or opera house in the city, and all gatherings and assemblages, excursions, picnics and entertainments of children under said age is forbidden within the city; and all children in the city under said age are forbidden to attend any Sunday school, church, excursion, picnic, entertainment or any other gathering.

Third: Any person who violates this ordinance or order shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine not exceeding fifty dollars or by punishment not exceeding six months imprisonment or by both.

Fourth: This ordinance shall be published in each of the newspapers of the city and shall be effective after the first publication thereof.

In Force Until Danger is Over.

The ordinance will remain in force until rescinded by the board of health, and it will not be rescinded until all danger of an epidemic is past.

The Situation in Kingston.

In regard to the situation in Kingston at the present time. Health Officer Frank A. Johnston submitted the following report:

In view of the epidemic of infantile paralysis affecting New York city and contiguous territory, and the great danger of transferring the disease to this locality, the health officer and his assistant have done special work in the last week in protecting the health of the community. A careful census has been taken of people coming from New York and Brooklyn with especial regard to the infected district.

We have compiled a list of over one hundred children, exclusive of visits, who have recently come from New York city, together with their previous address, the present address in this city and the date of last possible exposure. All of these cases have been placed under observation and are examined as often as possible, depending upon the relative danger of infection, and have been given instructions with regard to sanitary measures, personal cleanliness and the first symptoms of the disease; instructions have also been given to avoid all places of amusement and especially theatres, as well as public assemblages for a period of two weeks.

So far there has been no epidemic in the city, and no cases brought in from outside sources. The two reported cases originated here.

We are seriously handicapped in this preventive work in as much as there is no place to isolate suspects, or patients here. For instance, a child is examined and because of temperature was refused entrance by the health officer to a large boarding house. It was not practical or reasonably safe to return the patient to the home and considerable difficulty was experienced in finding a room for the child.

With departmental aid and the personal aid of all citizens in preventing the accumulation of garbage and filth and especially guarding against flies and their breeding places, I believe that an epidemic may be averted.

The Duty of Infantile Paralysis.

Dr. A. Stern was extended the privilege the floor when the meeting was called to order, and he called attention to the need of adopting such an ordinance as the board later adopted.

The disease of infantile paralysis to break out in Kingston was that of the Epetein child on St. Mary's street, which Dr. Stern was called to attend. When he found that the child was suffering from the dread disease he promptly reported it to Health Officer Johnston, and every precaution has since been taken to prevent a spread of the disease.

Dr. Stern said that this case was now well past the period of contagion and that the child was practically well.

Terrible Effects of the Disease.

Dr. Stern said that many of the patients who recovering from an attack of infantile paralysis were left cripples for life, and he thought that the board should be willing to expend any sum of money now to check it, as if an epidemic broke out in Kingston the effects would be felt for years for any one who had the disease and finally recovered would become a burden on the city as they would not be able to support themselves. He also called attention to the high death rate from the disease.

Placing Children Under Observation.

Considerable discussion followed as to whether it would be best to forbid any children from out of the city coming here to spend the summer months as visitors or boarders.

While some favored that measure, others did not think it would be necessary.

It was finally decided to make it mandatory on the part of all residents to report at once the arrival of any children from out of town, and neglect to do so to be followed by arrests.

As fast as the children from out of town are reported they will be examined to ascertain if they have the disease, and if so will be promptly quarantined.

Other Physicians Speak.

Besides Dr Stern, Dr. Mambert, Dr. Van Hoevenberg and Dr O'Meara spoke, asking that the board do everything in its power to prevent the spread of the disease.

Health Officer to Have Assistance.

At the present time fully one hundred children from out of town have been listed by the health officer who makes daily observations as far as possible. It is impossible, however, for him to make daily examinations, and both he and Dr. Harold Clarke have been working night and day on the problem.

After some discussion it was decided to give the health officer assistance in the work, and Dr Norwood's resolution that the health officer be empowered to engage two nurses, if necessary, to assist him in the work of inspection, was unanimously carried

The sanitary committee was also given full power to take any action which they may deem necessary in the matter. For instance, if it was found necessary to engage another physician to aid Health Officer Johnston and Dr. Clarke, the committee will have the power to engage one, and also to make arrangements for securing a place in which to quarantine any afflicted with the disease.

May Open Isolation Hospital.

It was brought out that while the board has sold the old Isolation Hospital, or pest house, some time ago, that the one who had bought it had not paid as yet. If necessary it would not be at all surprising if the board declare the purchaser's bid forfeited and take possession of the pest house and use it to quarantine infantile paralysis cases in it.

Screens for Windows.

The board of health room is unequipped with window screens and as a result the members present were kept busy slapping flies and other insects while the meeting was in progress Finally Mayor Canfield with a smile suggested that screens for two windows be bought, and the matter was referred to the supply committee with instructions to get busy before the next meeting.

Toilets a Nuisance.

Commissioner McBride called attention to the outside toilets at Nos. 107, 109, 111 Gage streets, and the owners will be notified to clean them up, and connect with the sewer within thirty days. The same also applied to a toilet at No. 30 East Pierpont street.

Cummings Flats Again.

Attention was called to the fact that the owner of the Cummings flats on Washington avenue had failed to heed the warnings of the board to clean up the backyards, and the owner will be given ten days to do so. If not done in that time the property owner will be arrested.

Mrs. Palen's Claim.

Some time ago Mrs. Harriet Palen of No. 96 St. James street wrote the board stating she had a claim against it for $66 for taking care of Miss Ella Adams, who was quarantined at her house for scarlet fever. At that time the communication was filed and no attention paid to the bill as it was not made out in the form of a claim against the board.

Since then Mrs. Palen has prepared a claim in regular form and she now makes her claim $128. As the board does not pay bills which are audited by the auditing committee of the common council, but simply pass them on to that committee with the board's approval or disapproval, the present claim of Mrs. Palen's was passed on to the auditing committee of the city fathers with the board's disapproval.

Plumbers Need Signs.

Under a new state law every plumber doing business is required to secure a sign from the board of health bearing the legend "Licensed Plumber." This sign is hung up in the display window of the plumbing shop. For the privilege of hanging one of the signs in his window the plumber has to "fork over" $5 to the board of health.

Plumbing Inspector Dressel called the board's attention to this new state law, and he was directed to notify all plumbers, of which there are 24 in Kingston, of the new law and of what it required.

The matter of procuring the necessary signs was referred to the supply committee with power.

Reports of Officers.

The monthly reports of the officers of the board were read and filed. They were as follows::

Secretary's Report.

Report of Fred Sahloff, secretary of the board of health and registrar of vital statistics, for the month of June, 1916.

Births reported	30
Deaths reported	27
(5 being non-resident.)	
Resident death rate per M	10.
Non-resident death rate per M	2.29

Corresponding Month Last Year.

Births reported	26
Deaths reported	39

Showing an increase of four in births and a decrease of twelve in deaths.

Application for employment certificates	27
Employment certificates issued	27
Applications for sewer connections	5
Sewer connection permits issued	5

Causes of Death.

Carcinoma of liver	1
Cancer prostate gland	1
Chronic interstitial nephritis	1
Fractured skull	4
Cerebral hemorrhage	1
Apoplexy	1
Lobar pneumonia	2
Valvular disease of heart	2
Suicide	1
Tuberculosis of lungs	5
Cerebral meningitis	2
Suppurative hepatitis	1
Mitral insufficiency with general oedema	1
Chronic myocarditis	1
Pernicious anaemia	1
Premature birth	1
Brights disease	1

Health Officer's Report.

To the Honorable President and members of the Board of Health of the City of Kingston, N Y.

I hereby submit my report for the month of June.

Contagious Diseases Reported.

	June	May
Diphtheria	1	0
Scarlet Fever	4	7
Measles	1	4
Whooping cough	6	2
Varicella	1	9
Poliomyelitis	1	0
Tuberculosis	9	4

The New York state annual conference of sanitary officers was held at Saratoga June 6, 7 and 8. The most interesting paper at the opening of the session was that offered by the health officer of Rochester, the subject being terminal fumigation of premises where contagious diseases had existed. Basing his assertions on the statistics of the city of Rochester and on comparative figures of the boroughs of Brooklyn and Manhattan of New York city, he declared that fumigation by any of the gaseous methods now employed was useless. A very interesting topic was offered by the sanitary supervisor of Long Island, showing the great importance, in attempting to locate and control all contacts who have been exposed to communicable disease. Late in the afternoon a conference of the health officials of Ulster and the surrounding counties were held. At this smaller conference one of the matters discussed was the exclusion of school children suspected of harboring disease germs. The officers pointed out that a great deal of the medical inspections requested of the health officers should, under the law, come from the medical authorities of the board of education. Other papers by state officials and doctors were read. Many interesting exhibits were displayed and ideas were obtained from the lectures and conversations with the associating doctors.

Respectfully yours,
(Signed) FRANK A JOHNSTON.
Health Officer

Sanitary Inspector's Report.

To the Honorable President and members of the Board of Health of the City of Kingston, N. Y.

I have the honor to submit to you my report for the month of June.

No. of quarantines placed	14
No. of quarantines released	18
No. of quarantines remaining	17
No. of complaints investigated	42

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) HAROLD CLARKE.
Sanitary Inspector.

Bakery Shops.

Isaac Delamater, 88 Broadway.
Chas. B. Everett, 255 Wall St.
Jacob Hauck, 62 Broadway.
Abram Maxon, 771 Broadway.
C. E. Post, 680 Broadway.
Frank Reher, 101 Broadway.
Leonard J. Salzmann, 11 Sycamore St.
Christian Schwenk, 201 Foxhall Ave.
Chas. Spalt, 514 Delaware Ave.
Ezra Spencer, 410 Washington Ave.
Gustav W. Teichler, 474 Broadway.
George Goldman, 170 Hasbrouck Ave.
Morris Miller, 94 Greenkill Ave.
Mrs. Elizabeth Salzmann, 109 Abeel St.
David Weber, 145 Hasbrouck Ave.

Fish Markets.

	Score.
H. E. Colburn, 380 Broadway	89
W. H. Douglas, Abeel St.	84
P. Fitzgerald, 597 Broadway	84
J. Fatum, 571 Broadway	85
J. Ritter, W. Strand	89
Mrs. Schnitzler, Main St.	90
Wm. Van Bramer, E. Strand	90
A. Whitbeck, 76 Crown St.	83

Butcher Shops.

L. Amdur, 10 Meadow St.
H. Bloss, 96 Abeel St.
Chas. A. Davis, 636 Broadway.
Chas. Ewel, 59 Cedar St.
D. Farber, Chamber St.
M. Faber, E. Strand.
Earl Flicker, 707 Broadway.
G. J. Goedtel, 595 Broadway.
Frank Hafer, 96 Murray St.
W. H. Hapeman, 45 North Front St.
E. Hoyt Green, 39 North Front St.
Fred C. Lang & Co., 567 Abeel St.
John Lang, 25 Ravine St.
J. Lay, 121 Hasbrouck Ave.
Wm. Liepert, 159 Hasbrouck Ave.
G. Leverich, 232 E. Strand.
H. J. Marquardt, 498 Delaware Ave.
F. Merritt, 14 St. James St.
Philip Lasher, Broadway.
S. Messinger, 456 Broadway.
Mohican Co., Wall St.
Geo. Planthaber, 30 E. Strand.
A. D. Rose, Franklin St.
Fred Scholl, 362 Broadway.
V. Shader, 44 E. Strand.
J. Siller, 17 Chamber St.
Ed Weber, 50 Broadway.
M. Winn, 210 TenBroeck Ave.
L. Zeeb, 202 Foxhall Ave.

Uniformly well kept coolers were found, screens are in place, and general cleanliness observed.

Slaughter-Houses.

Louis Amdur, 10 Meadow St.
Henry Bloss, 96 Abeel St.
Jacob Forst, 114 Abeel St.
Simon Siller, 72 Broadway.
Fred C. Lang & Co., 567 Abeel St.
Ed. Weber, 75 Broadway.
Henry J. Marquardt, 497 Delaware Ave.

Plumbing Inspector's Report.

To the Honorable President and members of the Board of Health of the City of Kingston, N. Y.

I herewith submit my report for the month of June.

Rough inspections	21
Finished inspections	27
Water tests	2
Plans filed and approved	6
Complaints of defective plumbing	1
Complaints investigated	1
Re-inspections of defective plumbing	2
Closets substituted for yard vaults	4
Sewer permits issued	5
Sewer connections supervised	3
Cesspools built	1
Cesspools discontinued	2

Respectfully submitted
(Signed) FRED M. DRESSEL,
Plumbing Inspector.

Report of City Nurse.

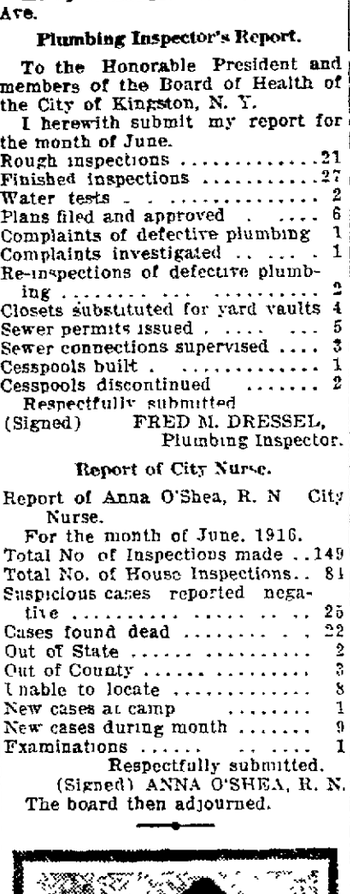
Report of Anna O'Shea, R. N City Nurse.

For the month of June, 1916.

Total No of Inspections made	149
Total No. of House Inspections	84
Suspicious cases reported negative	25
Cases found dead	22
Out of State	2
Out of County	3
Unable to locate	8
New cases at camp	1
New cases during month	9
Examinations	1

Respectfully submitted.
(Signed) ANNA O'SHEA, R. N.

The board then adjourned.



By La Raconteuse.

Fascinating in its simplicity is this suit of white satin and black velvet which was inspired by the artists' garb. The arrangement of the fullness in the skirt is most interesting. The bow tie and short jacket are also fetching particulars. The tam hat, too, goes well with the outfit.

PALENTOWN.

Palentown, July 11.—Cecil Grey of the Heights and Robert Dymond of this place were out enjoying a drive one night the past week.

Mrs. Stanley E. Krum was pleasantly entertained at the home of her sister, Mrs. Harry Krum at Olive Bridge Saturday.

John Feltman has a few boarders.

Mrs. Harry Coons and son David spent Saturday and Sunday with her brother, Jesse of the Valley View.

Mrs. Virgil Barringer and granddaughter Eula Mae recently spent a pleasant afternoon with Mrs. H. Bevier of Samsonville.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Feltmann of Jersey have been spending a few days with his brother at The Feltmann Rest.

Mrs. Jesse Shurter and little daughter of Ilion have been visiting her parents.

Stanley Krum of Maybrook recently visited friends in this place.

Monicena Grey of the Heights was in Samsonville Saturday.

Joseph Lennon has been working for Virgil Shurter of Samsonville.

Roy Van is still employed at Everett Brannen's. The barn which he is building is progressing fine and he is hoping to have it completed in time for Everett to put his hay in, in a short time.

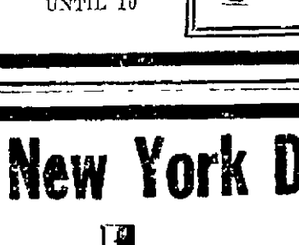
Asa Keator was in Kerhonkson Friday last with a load of huckleberries which he shipped to Kingston.

Most of our farmers are rejoicing over their hay crop and hoping they will not have to buy as much hay next spring as they did this.

Jerry Keator is buying eggs and sweet butter for Harry Burgher of Tabasco.

Wise Man.

"Married a cooking-school graduate, you say?" "Yes, but he's no fool." "No?" "The first household utensil he bought was a can-opener."—Birmingham Age-Herald.



This Potato

came from a strong, stout healthy vine, enabled to benefit fully from soil, air, rain and sunshine, and produce to the limit, because

Sprayed with "Pyrox"

which kills insects, stops fungous troubles, and stimulates foliage on all kinds of crops. All ready to mix with water and spray. Enough to make 30 to 40 gals. $1. Large catalogue of information free.

CANFIELD SUPPLY CO.
Strand and Ferry Sts.

He Should Know.

Hibbs—"You certainly have a fine library. Can I borrow a book of you occasionally?" Dibbs—"My dear chap, I make it a rule never to lend books, because people don't return them. You see, all these are borrowed books."—Boston Evening Transcript.

When Filling a Fountain Pen.

To prevent annoyance from air bubbles, use narrow, tapering pieces of blotting paper, cut small enough to reach easily into the barrel of the pen. When touched with one of these blotter points, the bubbles disappear and others do not form.

CLOSE SATURDAY AT 12 NOON. OPEN FRIDAY EVENING.

Attractive Values

For Friday and Saturday Morning

We wish to thank the public for their hearty response in shopping Friday evening and Saturday morning. It is our purpose to continue this progressive movement throughout these two hot months, July and August. We will do our utmost to make it worth while to shop at this time. So watch for our Week End Specials.

Friday and Saturday Special

3,300 --- LADIES' HANDKERCHIEFS --- 3,300

will be placed on sale Friday and Saturday. Included in this vast assortment are Shamrock Lawn, Irish Dimity and Linens.

To say these Handkerchiefs are worth up to 15c would not be giving you the real value; to say they are worth up to 25c you might think we exaggerated the value. But see them in the window and be your own judge. They are to be sold for 5 cents each.

LIMIT OF 10 TO A CUSTOMER.

5c Each

Turkish Towels

Colored border Turkish towels, slightly soiled, large size, were 39c; Friday and Saturday, 25c

Bed Spreads

Extra quality bed spreads, full size and good weight; Friday and Saturday $1.00

Turkish Towels

Colored and colored borders, very heavy, large bath towels, different styles and sizes, sold up to 75c; Friday and Saturday, 50c

Flouncings

White flouncings, 45 inches wide, embroidered in colors, rose, Copen and black, were 59c and $1.00 yard; Friday and Saturday .....39c and 69c

Pillow Tops

Oil lot of fancy cretonne pillow tops and back, all colors, were 35c; Friday and Saturday, 15c

Men's Shirts

Men's Arrow shirts, negligee, with soft cuffs, plaited shirts, with laundered cuffs, were $1.50; Friday and Saturday, $1.15

SECOND FLOOR SPECIALS

Balmacaan Auto Coats

Fine Balmacaan auto coats, shower proof, raglan sleeve, fine for auto use, were $10.00, to close out Friday and Saturday $3.50

Linen Dusters

One lot of linen dusters, full length, light weight, were priced much more, Friday and Saturday $1.00

Novelty Skirts

One lot of wool and corduroy gabardine and silk bloom skirts, all this season's models, were priced up to $7.50. Friday and Saturday, $3.75

Summer Dresses

Beautiful assortment of wash dresses, in plain, white and fancy voiles, trimmed in lace, ruffle and ribbon $3.75

Wash Goods

Reception voiles, organdies and marquisettes, 36 inches wide, stripes and floral designs, were 25c and 29c, to close the line, 19c

Children's Dresses

We have a broken assortment of children's white dresses, which will be sold Friday and Saturday at a big sacrifice, not all sizes of a style.

Corsets

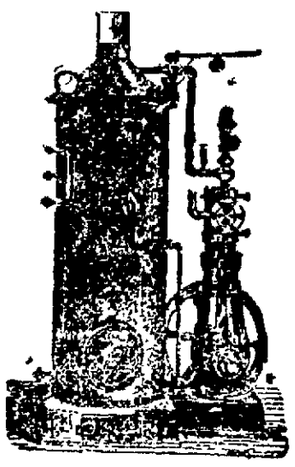
50 corsets of various standard makes, Gossard, Bouton, C. B., Ben Jolle, were priced $1.25 to $5.00. Mostly large sizes, Friday and Saturday $1.00

STORE OPEN EVERY EVENING UNTIL 5
FRIDAY EVENING UNTIL 10

G. A. HART & CO.
KINGSTON, N.Y.

STORE OPEN EVERY EVENING UNTIL 6
FRIDAY EVENING UNTIL 10

New York Dry Cleaning and Dyeing Co.

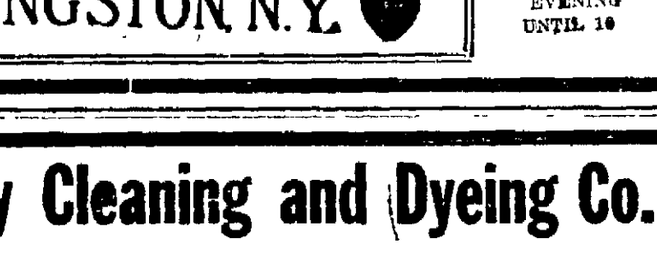


Phone 685

Have your Cleaning and Dyeing done now. Vacation time will soon be here and you will want your old suit made like new, and save the expense of buying a new one. We do cleaning and dyeing on Ladies', Children's, Boys' and Men's Clothing, or anything in the household line.

NEW YORK CLEANING AND DYEING CO.
674 BROADWAY

Phone and we will call. We guarantee all work.
Our prices are reasonable.



Soldiers' Teeth

The United States will not enlist a soldier unless he has good teeth. Major W. O. Owen, M. D., surgeon U. S. A., says: "Proper care of the mouth and teeth is one of the most important of all the measures taken for the protection of the human body. Neglected mouths cause more diseases than any other single reason."

Have your decayed teeth filled or crowned and your missing teeth replaced by bridgework.

CADY DENTAL OFFICE
324 Wall St. Kingston, N. Y.

Military and Civilian Relief

—OF THE—

Ulster County Red Cross

Many families of enlisted men are without food and money.

The Civilian Relief Committee is caring for them. Co. M boys in camp are in need of certain supplies and comforts.

The Military Relief Committee will buy them at once.

Contributions Are Needed Immediately War or No War

Send All Contributions to

JOSEPH M. SCHAEFFER (Treas.),
State of N. Y. National Bank

or to

MRS. GEORGE CHANDLER AND MRS. FRANK MEAGHER
Chairmen

COURT AFFIRMS SMITH JUDGMENT

The court of appeals at Albany on Tuesday handed down a decision in the case of Bridget Catherine Smith and Michael P. Smith, as administrators of the estate of Edward Smith, respondents, against James O. Winston and Thomas O. Winston, copartners doing business under the firm name and style of Winston and Company, appellants. The court affirmed the judgment obtained against the Winstons for the death of Edward Smith, for $5,000, with interest and costs, amounting to $445.75.

Edward Smith, the decedent, was employed by the Winstons during the time they were engaged in relocating the line of the Ulster & Delaware railroad around the Ashokan reservoir. He was a member of the shovel gang and was directed one day by the gang-boss, Perkins, to replace an air hose on one of the construction cars which stood on a siding. He was told to look out for the cars and it would be all right for a little while. An Italian laborer named Villenti was sent with him as a helper. Smith was slightly deaf.

While Smith and Villenti were sitting on a rail between cars replacing the hose, which connected with the air brakes, a construction train backed into the siding on which the cars were standing on which they were at work, and striking several groups of cars, it pushed them, one after another, down the siding in order to make room.

Villenti, the Italian helper, heard the rumble of the cars, and just as the group of cars on which he and Smith were at work was struck by the other cars which were being pushed down the track by the construction train, he managed to seize hold of one of the cars, to which he clung until the cars came to a stop, twenty-five feet away. Smith, being hard of hearing, evidently did not hear the rumble and had no time in which to extricate himself from his hazardous position. The construction cars ran over him and he was killed.

The suit for damages, brought by Smith's administrators, was tried before Judge Rudd and a jury at the December trial term of the supreme court in this city in December, 1913, and a verdict was rendered in favor of the plaintiffs for $5,000.

Later a motion was made before Judge Rudd to set aside the verdict and after considering the case for some time Judge Rudd denied the motion, writing an elaborate opinion in which he stated his reasons for so doing.

The Winstons appealed from the judgment to the appellate division of the supreme court, which handed down a decision at the November, 1914, term, affirming the judgment with costs. The majority of the judges decided the case without opinion, but a dissenting opinion was written by Judge Woodward.

The Winstons then appealed to the Court of Appeals, where the case was argued some time ago. On the part of the plaintiffs, it was claimed that the Winstons were negligent in failing to provide proper signals, and in backing the construction train on the siding where Smith and Villenti were at work without providing means of warning them. The Winstons claimed that Villenti had been sent with Smith to watch for the approach of any train on the siding, but the testimony showed that both men took wrenches with them when they started out, and the jury was asked to infer from this fact that both men had been sent to do the repairing. Villenti, as a matter of fact, was engaged in helping Smith, between the cars, when the construction train backed on the siding.

On the part of the Winstons, it was also urged that no negligence was shown as a matter of law in not providing signals, because the road was under construction and on such a road the same rules and signals could not apply as on a railroad in actual operation. To this proposition, the plaintiffs replied that since the railroad was under construction and trains were running over it at irregular intervals, the duty to provide signals was even greater than in the operation of a railroad in regular operation where trains ran on schedule with which employes were familiar. It was shown also that signals were in operation on other parts of the work.

The Court of Appeals has affirmed the judgment rendered before Judge Rudd, and affirmed by the appellate division. Van Etten & Cook were attorneys for the Smiths; Judge Clearwater was counsel for the Winstons.

Grass Seed Inspection.

The character of the grass, and other forage crop, seeds sold in New York during 1915 is reflected in Bulletin No. 416 of the Station at Geneva. About 1,100 samples were examined, either from the official inspection is sent in by farmers, which indicate a fairly satisfactory condition in the seed trade, but also show deficiencies in the law whereby the individual purchaser may be either greatly harmed by the presence of seeds of dodder or other serious weeds in the crop seed, without any notice of their presence, or be badly cheated by the large proportion of rubbish in the seed since the law makes no restriction on the quantity of such material present. The bulletin will be sent free to any one sufficiently interested to request it, even on a post card.

Would Save Expense.

"Veil, doctor, uf I got to die, I die contentet. My life insurance is ten t'ousand tollars." "I think, with the aid of stimulants, I can keep you alive for a week longer." "Dond't do it, doctor. Der bremium comes due der day after tomotrow."—Boston Evening Transcript.

Attenuated Birthright.

Any American boy may be president of the United States some day, but when convention time rolls around there are mighty few eligible candidates.

To Revive the Draggled Fern.

Watering Boston ferns with weak tea instead of water will cause them to thrive wonderfully. When lice appear on ferns stick some sulphur matches head down in soil.

These 35-Piece Sets Guaranteed Brand Quality Aluminum Ware For Only $6.98 for the Complete Set

ONLY 25 SETS FOR THE FIRST 25 CUSTOMERS

These Goods on Sale, 10 a. m., THURSDAY JULY 13

Each set consists of the followin pieces of Quality Brand Aluminum Ware, (each piece guaranteed to wear for 20 years, one six quart preserving kettle, two bread pans, two pie plates, one jelly cake pan), (2 pieces), one three quart covered Berlin sauce pan (2 pieces), one one quart lipped sauce pan, the two quart lipped sauce pan, one castor set, consisting of a salt shaker, pepper shaker, tooth pick holder, and castor (four pieces), one coffee or tea strainer one cake turner, one measuring cup, one sugar shaker, one combination funnel (six pieces), one ten piece combination outfit (this set you will notice illustrated above in the center picture). It consists of ten pieces, which combined permits of its use as a steamer, (see illustration), a self-basting roaster (see illustration), or as a double boiler, cereal cooker, pot roaster, egg poacher, custard cups, pudding pan, dairy pan, round cake pan, bean baker, etc.—this really is a wonderful utensil and is included in this 35 piece set.

ALUMINUM is the Clean Sanitary Kitchen Ware

This exceptional offer is made possible only as an advertising proposition. We want you to visit our display room, see our Gas and Electric Appliance Display. It is an inducement to have you visit us and become better acquainted.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY!

You are under no obligation to purchase any other goods

KINGSTON GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY

611 Broadway Kingston 611 Broadway

KEEP POSTED

Read These Advertisements Over Carefully

YOU MAY NEED ONE OR THE OTHER SOME DAY

REPAIR DIRECTORY

Here you will find experienced mechanics in their line who make a specialty of repairing anything from a watch to an automobile.

AUTOMOBILES REPAIRED.
Ulster Garage, Inc., 269 Fair street
E. E. Molyneaux, president; A. F. Molyneaux, vice-president and mgr.; M. H. Snyder, secretary and treasurer.
269 Fair St., Kingston, N. Y.
'Phone 634.

Motorcycles and Bicycles Repairing
Charles N. Behrens
604 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y.
Sole Agent Indian Motorcycles.

Clothing Repaired
Ladies' and Gents'
M. Gasool 9 Main St., Kingston Phone 799-W.
EXPERT TAILOR

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repairing
Main Spring 50c.
Guaranteed for one year.
ROBINSON & GALLOP
[illegible] Kingston, N. Y.

Watch, clock and jewelry repairing. Hand engraving. Eye glasses repaired.
C. V. L. PITTS & SONS
314 Wall St.

PREPAREDNESS
Up to date methods, Cleaning, Pressing by sanitary steaming and pressing machine. Ladies' or Gents' Suits made to order. Gloves cleaned. 10c.
B. SUSSIN, 366 Broadway, Cor. Foxhall Av
Phone 1013-W.

Shoe repairing, electric.
FRANK DECKER
362 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y. Phone 1014-J. All work called for and delivered. Motorcycle service.

Automobile repairing and supplies.
ASHOKAN GARAGE
Benj. Van Steenburgh, Prop., 779 Broadway. Phone 975. Taxi service day and night.

ADVERTISERS ESTIMATE THE VALUE BY THE CIRCULATION. And The Freeman has a circulation double that of all other Kingston dailies combined.

SAVE FROM $5 to $10
on high grade tailor-made suits. Take advantage of these reductions and place your order immediately.
HERMAN G. RAFALOWSKY
The up-to-date tailor, 524 Broadway. Tele. 1872 J. Kingston.

Plumbing, repairing, steam, hot water, hot air heating, tin, slate roofing, metal ceilings, etc.
ELTING LONGYEAR
635 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y.

Two-in-one sewed tires a specialty. Tire repairing.
C. & C. TIRE AND REPAIR CO.
Skilled tire repairing and vulcanizing. 43 North Front street, Kingston, N. Y. 'Phone 1795.

STERLING TIRES
Repaired free. Call for particulars.
C. P. ASHLEY, Agent
50 Henry St. Telephone 1652.
General Repairing

Motorcycles, bicycles, phonograph and general repairing.
H. TERPENING
44 Broadway and 84 St. James street. Agent Harley-Davidson motorcycles and Miami power bicycle. 'Phone 1711-W.

General repairing. Bicycles, typewriters, incubator locks, keys, etc., lawn mowers sharpened and repaired. All kinds of soldering. 'Phone 920-W. Office and shop 102-4 Albany avenue.
H. C VAN AKEN

Blacksmithing, wagon, automobile and general repairing.
C. TEASE & SONS
Corner Franklin and Pine streets, Kingston, N. Y.

Shoe repairing, electric. Electric shoe repairing parlor,
SAMUEL ISRAEL, Prop.
37 North Front street, Kingston, N. Y. Work called for and delivered. 'Phone 769-J.

Furniture upholstering, mattress making and repairing.
ALBERT KREISIG
728 Broadway. 'Phone 1255-M. Kingston, N. Y. Second hand furniture bought and sold.

TAUGHT THEM A LESSON.

The Czar's Rebuke to the Officers of One of His Regiments.

The czar is greatly loved by his own soldiers, and no wonder, for the following story is typical of him:

A certain Russian lieutenant who was none too well off was one day seen riding in a tram. The other officers of his regiment were furious at what they called an insult to the uniform, and they told the lieutenant that he must send in his papers. The unfortunate young officer had no alternative, but before he could do so the czar heard of the affair. Immediately putting on his colonel's uniform of the regiment in question, his majesty left the palace, hailed a passing tram and, entering it, sat calmly down until it stopped in front of the barracks.

There he got out and, assembling all the officers, said to them:

"Gentlemen, I have just ridden from the palace in a tram, and I desire to know if you wish me to send in my papers, as, because I have disgraced my uniform."

Naturally the officers were dumfounded.

"Sire," stammered the major nervously, "you could never do that."

"Then," answered the czar, smiling, "as I have not degraded the uniform Lieutenant —— cannot have done so and will thus retain his commission in this regiment even if he, like me, dares to ride in a tram."

After that snobbery died a speedy death in that particular regiment.—Pearson's.

The Inscrutable One.

"Deeper than Shakespeare's love of life was his indifference to it," says Harriet Monroe; "wider than his knowledge of the world was his recklessness of its applause. Flowers or ashes—he cared not; kisses or broken vows—he could live and love for either. Thus in his personality there is something selfless and inscrutable which from age to age has fascinated the world. We feel him vast, impartial, beneficent, like light and air."

Attenuated Birthright.

Any American boy may be president of the United States some day, but when convention time rolls around there are mighty few eligible candidates.

SAUGERTIES.

Saugerties, July 12.—The banks held their semi-annual election on Tuesday. The First National Bank declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent and Martin Cantine was elected director in place of Jacob Van Gelder, incapacitated. The Saugerties Bank declared its usual semi-annual dividend.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence G. Wilson of Jersey City are guests at the Maxwell House.

Misses Elsie and Anna Herring, of the south side, have returned from their vacation spent at Atlantic City.

Alfred Saam of Dawes Place, is visiting in Newark, N. J.

Dr. B. W. Gifford and family of Ulster avenue have returned from Masonville, Delaware county.

Hector De Jario of New York city was a guest of J. W. Disbrow, Market street, on Tuesday.

Miss Olive Maxwell of John street is in Albany for a few days.

The Knights of Columbus of Hudson visited Saugerties Tuesday evening on a moonlight excursion. They held a dance at Columbus Hall after their arrival.

Mrs. Julian Baker and daughter, Edna, of Orange, N. J., are guests of Mrs. Austin on Clermont street.

Mrs. Nye B. Reardon, who has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. William Wilson on Division street, for seven weeks, has returned to her home in Montreal, Canada.

Next Day, All Right.

She (during the spat)—"It's a story for you to say I grabbed you up quick. You know very well that when you proposed I didn't say yes till the next day." He—"That's right! I proposed at 11:59 p. m. and you accepted me at 12:01 the next morning."—Boston Evening Transcript.

Is Old Superstition.

The "knock wood" superstition is said to date back to the days of sylvan gods, when oak, ash and rowan were sacred trees whose deities would come to the assistance of the knocker.

MILL END SALE!

Thousands of yards of best quality Madras, Soisettes, Percales, Silk Mixtures, plain and figured Crepes, Duckling Fleece and Gabardines. Values from 15c to 50c a yard, at

8 Cents a Yard

Also one lot of Mill Ends, at

5 Cents a Yard

Sale Begins Friday Morning, July 14, at 8 o'clock

During this sale we will allow 10 per cent off on all goods throughout the store.

BLOCK'S

36 BROADWAY

KINGSTON OPERA HOUSE DAILY—2:30, 7:15 and 9

Y. M. C. A. AUDITORIUM DAILY—3:00, 7:15 and 9

Opera House and Y.M.C.A. Auditoriam TODAY

By arrangement with F. Ziegfeld, Jr.

GEORGE KLEINE *Presents*
The Star Supreme
Miss
Billie Burke
in
GLORIA'S ROMANCE
Supported by HENRY KOLKER
A Motion Picture Novel By Mr. & Mrs. RUPERT HUGHES

ALSO
Opera House Today
Metro Pictures Presents
EMMY WEHLEN
—IN—
'When a Woman Loves'
A photo drama that reaches the heart strings.

ALSO AUDITORIUM TODAY
DANIEL FROHMAN Presents
'The Innocent Lie'
By LOIS ZELLNER. A stirring photoplay of adventure with VALENTINE GRANT. Produced in the most beautiful scenes in Bermuda. The dramatic effects of this unusual photoplay narrative are highly enhanced by the pictorial embellishments provided by the scenic qualities of the production.

OPERA HOUSE THURSDAY AUDITORIUM FRIDAY.
GERALDINE FARRAR
In a Picturization of
"MARIA ROSA"

OPERA HOUSE AND AUDITORIUM FRIDAY
Episode No. 11—"THE MYSTERIES OF MYRA"

SOLDIER LIFE ON TEXAS BORDER

Special Correspondent of The Freeman Describes Camp Life From the Viewpoint of a Private Soldier—What the Tenth is Missing.

In order that readers of The Freeman may have a vivid word picture of life in the army camp "Somewhere in Texas" where the New York regiments are encamped, an arrangement was made some time ago with a former Ulster county man, now a member of one of the New York city regiments on the border, to write plain, unvarnished and uncensored accounts of camp life specially for The Freeman. This man, who would be recalled by hundreds of people in this city were his name given, is a close observer, well educated, has had several years of experience in the National Guard, and is not actuated by partisan bias in any criticisms he makes, being rather violently anti-Republican in his political views and having stated some time ago his intention to vote for the re-election of President Wilson. The first letter follows, the only censoring being that done by The Freeman to protect the author from having his identity revealed:

In Camp, Somewhere in Texas, July 7—Well, here I am, enlisted in the National Guard. We were assigned ordinary and very old passenger coaches, which are not comfortable to sleep in, nor can they be made comfortable. Therefore we got indifferent rest, also we ate canned corned beef, cold beans, cold crackers, maybe jam and coffee cold, 90 per cent of the men bought their food at stops.

The majority of others regiments had tourist sleepers. All complain of the food, and not enough of it.

This is the weakest part of the American Army and any one who can reorganize it will put us in as good shape as any nation. I understand that 25 cents per man is appropriated. How far back this sum was apportioned, I do not know, but if I ever get home alive, I shall know. Either they don't spend it all, or somebody spends it foolishly, for we don't get enough, and any one who wants to make a sort of popular Republican appeal wants to take up the food issue again.

It is said men are dying here. The press does not know it and we see men taken in to the surgeon's, but don't know whether they are cured or sent to San Antone. If a district's representative could have access to the daily regimental reports he could find out. Anyhow, horses are dying lively enough.

Well, it took us five days to get here. The heat, we are told has been 120 degrees in the sun—its all sun, Cactus and Scorpions.

We detrained onto their Cactus growth as high as my head, growing in sand, fine floating and gritty, every other form of shrub, has thorns for foliage. We have a more than sufficient quantity of Scorpions Tarantulas, horned toads, lizards, Jack Rabbits wicked looking beetles, large red ants. The "chiggers" are coming, I am told. So we marched through this for half an hour, raising the burning sand dust, stabbed by these inhospitable plants and scorched by the local sun. And it's some sun.

Packs Were Heavy.

Sixty pounds of pack is easy any where else. Here it is 6,000 pounds. We started in with our trench grubs, shovels and quartermasters' axes and cleared at least 20 acres. You know the size of twenty acres. Others here think it is about 200. We pitched our dog tents, established sanitary trenches, each company brought in water, running the pipe in a trench about one foot deep. It had to be done or the water in the pipes would have gotten rotten because of the sun.

Find the Daily Rain.

We arrived the first day of the rainy season, there not having been any rain through here since last September. Well, it acted just like it, and has every day for about two hours every day since. I never saw so wet a looking bunch of men as on the first day, and I have never been so wet in my clothes in my life, but we were all dry in about an hour after.

Big Tents Arrive.

About three days after we landed the large tents or conical tents arrived. We get under them and they are better shelter. We sleep on the ground. It is very hard and bull snakes are so friendly! Also these other charming chaps, the bugs. Water is so precious it's like diamonds on Fifth avenue. The regulars, 28th Infantry, sleep on cots. There is a rumor they are to be issued to us.

Military Routine.

We with all this maintain military routine; the camp is policed, spotless; we get up at 5 o'clock, have setting up exercise, Mess (and messy mess), morning dressing of tents, two hours' drill, squad, and company formations, manual of arms and bayonet exercises, inspection by staff and surgeons. Some really need the last. Folks get dreadfully careless under adverse conditions. Then a little rest and police the company's streets.

Bob Cat Disturbs Sentry.

Of course, guards or sentrys are posted. I've already done my trick. Night sentries are experienced men. We have 10 to 20 rounds of ammunition, bayonets fixed, of course. My trick was 11 p. m. to 1 a. m., and 5 to 7 a. m. and 11 a. m. to 1 p. m. The night trick produced a bob cat fight in the brush along our lines, these dear friends running about and squalling cheerfully. The mid-day trick was under a sun which made the rifle so hot it had to be folded in the arms so one's hands did not touch it. This letter has been interrupted by four duty calls.

But what I particularly want to say is please either send me those old wire dispatches or some of the old newspapers a day or so old you have about the office. We are cut off from the world, not much time, but would like to glance over a newspaper if there is time.

Pity the Mexicans.

There are some Mexicans about here. They look as though they should be pitied instead of shot. Well, it's all about something.

If this letter is oily, I've just before commencing to write this last time finished cleaning my rifle. It is one job in this sand. We were given fine white powder, used by the women folks to prevent moths, to pour over us today.

I can't think of anything else. How is your company making out?

Yes, everybody should do a trick at this. It was time some sort of thing was gotten together. But oh, let us hope someone reorganizes the food department. The medical is fine.

ENGINE WOULD'NT STOP.

Dr. Connelly Has a Car That is Too Industrious.

Dr. William H. Connelly, alderman from the Eleventh ward, has a gallant little runabout which has served him well and faithfully on his many trips about the city attending to his large practice, but today the car went back on the alderman, and it needed a mechanician to assist in getting the car back to its old form.

Alderman Connelly drove down on the Strand, shut off the power, and jumped out of the car, but stopped when he heard the familiar sound of the engine running. Going back to investigate he found that the engine refused to stop. He shut off the supply of gas, but the engine pumped merrily onward, or forward, or which ever way an engine pumps.

By this time the usual crowd of sidewalk mechanicians had gathered about the car, and many and varied were the explanations offered for stopping the engine, but none of the suggestions when accepted would work.

In fact that more the alderman worked with the engine the more he was reminded of the deadlock that existed in the common council not so many years past, and finally he gave up the job of ascertaining what was the trouble with the engine and telephoned to a garage for a mechanician.

Daily Thought.

Noble disappointment and noble self-denial are not to be admired, not even to be pardoned, if they bring bitterness. Gentleness and cheerfulness, these come before all morality; they are the perfect duties.—R. L. S.

PARALYSIS GERM HAS BEEN ISOLATED

No New York City Health Department Announces, but Details are Lacking—Fewer New Cases Announced Today.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New York, July 12—The city health department announces today that success had been attained in the long effort to isolate the germ of infantile paralysis. This is expected to prove of vast aid in combating the epidemic now raging in this city.

The germ of poliomyelitis, the scientific name for infantile paralysis has been sought for many years. The announcement that it had been isolated came unexpectedly. The health officials gave no details, stating that these would be made known Thursday night.

The disease continued its ravages, 164 new cases being recorded in the 24 hours from 10 a. m. Tuesday to 10 a. m. today. These increased the total to 1, 442, or nearly three-fifths of the total number recorded during the entire period of the epidemic in 1907.

Of the new cases announced today 131 are in Brooklyn, 12 in Manhattan, 15 in Queens, 5 in Richmond and 1 in the Bronx.

The new cases announced Tuesday numbered 195, today's figures showing a decrease of 31.

POLICE HOLD THE SHAWL.

Considering the Weather, They Really Do Not Need It.

Morris Silverstein, a tailor, called at Recorder Lang's office this morning, and asked for a search warrant to recover some goods. From his story it appears that he worked at his trade in the Mollot shop on lower Broadway, the stock and fixtures of which were sold at public auction on Tuesday afternoon by Joseph M. Fowler as assignee. Mr. Silverstein had, he said, $100 worth of goods in the store including silks, threads, and clothing. He did not remove his goods from the store after it was closed and the goods remained in the store when the stock and fixtures were sold Tuesday. The stock and fixtures were bid in by S. B. Brown of Philadelphia. This morning Mr. Silverstein called at the store to get his goods, but Mr. Brown refused to give them up, saying they were included in his purchase of the day before. The search warrant was placed in the hands of Sergeant Hanley who paid a call at the shop noon time. When matters were explained to Mr. Brown he turned over the goods to Mr. Silverstein, except a plaid shawl which the police seized. There is said to be some question as to whether the shawl was sold with the stock or whether it was not. In the meantime the police hold the shawl. It is likely that if Mr. Silverstein had removed his goods before the stock and fixtures in the store were sold, he would have not had the trouble he experienced in getting them.

CITY ORDINANCE.

Whereas, there is a serious epidemic of infantile paralysis in the city of New York which is spreading to other communities; and

Whereas, two cases of such disease have occured in this city.

Be it resolved and ordained.

First—That it shall be the duty of the head of every private household and of the proprietor or keeper of every hotel, boarding house or lodging house in the city to report forthwith to the local health officer the names and addresses and ages of all children under or apparently under the age of sixteen years, who have come or who shall come from or presumable from without the city of Kingston who are visiting or boarding, lodging or residing in such place under their charge.

Second—No children under the age of sixteen shall be permitted in any theatre, moving picture house or opera house in the city; and all gatherings and assemblages, excursions, picnics and entertainments of children under said age is forbidden within the city, and all children in the city under the age of sixteen are forbidden to attend Sunday School, church, excursions, picnics, entertainments or any other gathering.

Third—Any person who violates this ordinance or order shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine not exceeding fifty dollars or by punishment not exceeding six months imprisonment or by both.

Fourth—This ordinance shall be published in each of the newspapers of the city and shall be effective after the first publication thereof.

By order of the Board of Health of the city of Kingston, July 12, 1916

FRED SAHLOFF,
Secretary.

THINGS SHIFT QUICKLY IN BASEBALL GAME

Some years ago the baseball world had a small thrill when Manager Frank Chance of the New York Yankees traded Hal Chase to Manager Jimmy Callahan of the Sox for Rollie Zeider and Babe Borton.

Borton Alone is Left.

Just to show how quickly things shift in baseball it is interesting to note that only one of the mentioned is still in the American league. This is Babe Borton of the St. Louis Browns. But in the meantime he was released to the Coast league, jumped to the Federals and went to the Browns in the peace treaty.

Of the other characters, Frank Chance is now managing the Los Angeles club; Jimmy Callahan has gone to Pittsburgh, where he is boss of the outfit; Zeider is with the Cubs, and Hal Chase is playing with the Cincinnati Reds.

Callahan With Pittsburgh.

Another sidelight to the old deal is that Callahan, after being out of baseball for a year, accepted the management of the Los Angeles club, but turned it down later when he got the Pittsburgh proposition. Los Angeles then turned to Chance, and he took it.

Today we find Hal Chase with the Reds doing his best to beat Callahan and the Pirates, and succeeding pretty frequently, and Zeider acting in a similar manner with the Cubs.

GIANTS' NEW BAT BOY

They say he receives $30,000 per summer and holds quite a chunk of stock, still John J. McGraw is just one of the boys when the Giants are out there on the field every day. If you don't believe it, says the St. Louis Times, listen to this:

When the Cardinals finished their fourth inning Friday Doyle was the first batter up in the fifth.

"Come on, boys, hurry it along," called Umpire Byron, and Doyle, from second base, was running to the plate.

"Hey, boy, oh, boy, bring out my bat!" said Doyle. One guess—who brought out the bat?—No one but McGraw. The Little Napoleon grabbed the club and skipped out to the plate. Yes, he's the bat boy these days.

HAS CRAVATH LOST WALLOP?

Home-Run King Not Doing Much With Bat This Season—Hinted He Will Be Replaced.

Has Cactus Cravath lost his wallop? The home-run king has not done any great execution with his bat so far this season and as he is not a very fast outfielder it may be possible that he will be replaced before the season is very much further advanced.

The Phillies have recently signed Claude Cooper, who was with the Brookfeds last season, and it is whispered that Cooper has been secured in the belief that Cravath is slipping. Cooper had a $7,500 contract with the Tip Tops, but was satisfied to sign with President William F. Baker of the Philadelphia club, at a much lower figure.

Cactus Cravath.

Three Stars for Yanks.

Dick Kinsella, premier of scouts, who is now with the Yankees and expects to keep the owners of that club off lemons, met Captain Huston of the New Yorkers in St. Louis and told him what his team needs and does not need. Kinsella expects to buy about three players, but says these three will be real ones.

BASEBALL STORIES

Nobody laughs at the Athletics this season despite their display of Witt.

* * *

The going in the Eastern league got too strenuous for Mike Doherty as an umpire, and he resigned.

* * *

Manager Stallings put Pitcher Jesse Barnes on the inactive list when he took Outfielder Fred Snodgrass off.

* * *

Chick Baker, a young catcher, brother of Del Baker of the Detroit Tigers, is getting a trial with Portland.

* * *

Baltimore sent Infielder William Fewster to Worcester of the Eastern league, with the expectation of recalling him in the fall.

* * *

At a dinner given National league umpires President Tener praised them for their fairness and impartiality. Boy, page Johnny Evers!

* * *

Junk dealers are paying double the former prices for bottles. Yet foolish umps object to fans throwing these valuable articles at them.

* * *

Mike Menoskey, recalled by Minneapolis from Duluth, made a good start for his comeback, hitting a home run on his first trip to the plate.

* * *

Manager Griffith has filed complaint with President Ban Johnson that pitchers on certain teams are firing the ball at the heads of the batters.

* * *

If Sam Crawford is to be given a seat on the Detroit bench we know a lot of ball players who ought to be picking currants out of rice pudding.

* * *

George Sisler, the star of the St. Louis Browns, was badly spiked in a play at first base during the series with the Red Sox and was forced to lay off.

* * *

The veteran Danny Hoffman, let out by Bridgeport, declares he is done with baseball and will attempt no more comebacks. He has gone into business in Bridgeport.

* * *

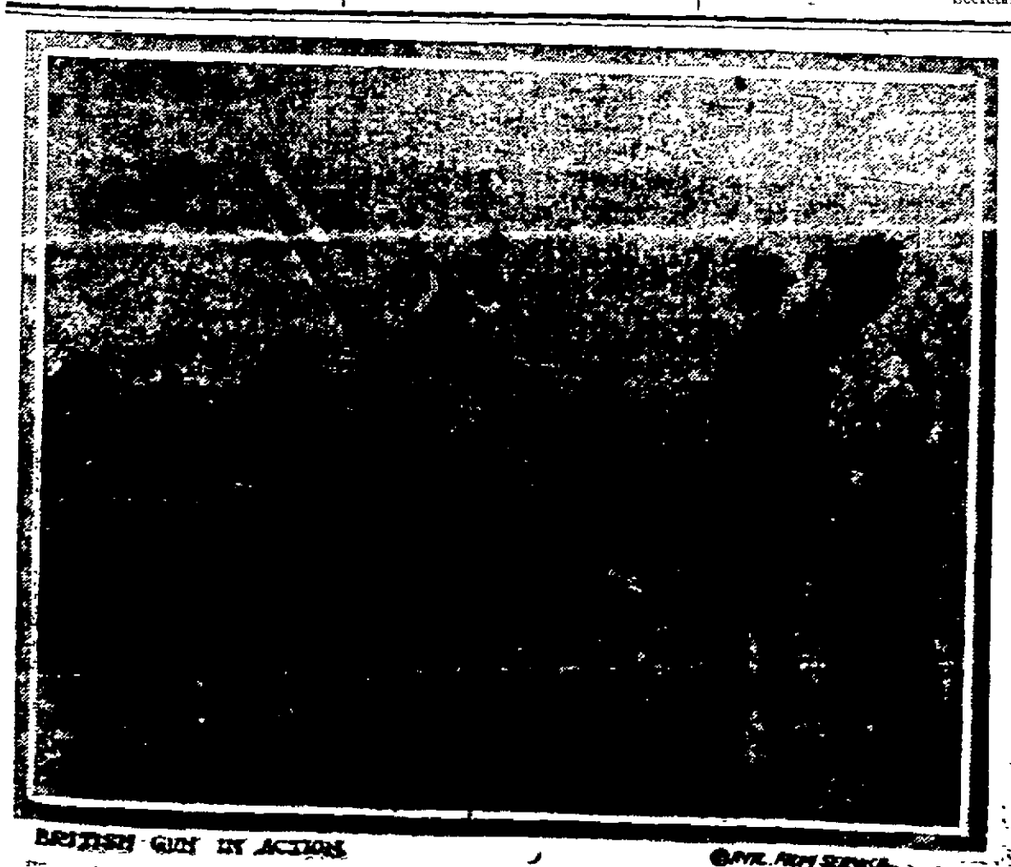
We generally notice that cities that brag about their climate, and their beautiful streets, and the number of their churches, are too foxy to mention their baseball teams.

* * *

Robert Hogg, the first baseman of the University of Missouri ball team for three seasons past, has joined Hannibal in the Three I league. He will be used in the outfield.

* * *

Fans in Hartford are divided as to placing the blame for the poor showing of Charley Wagner's team. Some say Wagner has failed, while others say Jim Clarkin's interference is to blame.



BRITISH GUN IN ACTION. ©INTL. NEWS SERVICE.

BRITISH GUNS PLAY HAVOC ON WESTERN FRONT.

This is one of the first pictures of any action along the Somme River where the Allies are now making their powerful drive. The picture shows a big British gun in action, and the powerful force with which it shoots has spelt great disaster for the Teutons.

Surest Thing You Know.

The greatest bore upon this earth—the biggest nuisance known—is he who talks about himself and his small affairs alone, when you think he ought to listen while you talk about your own.

Accomplished It.

Wife (to much damaged motorist)—"Why, Billy, what have you done?" "Well, the instruction book says you can't go from high gear to reverse without entirely stopping the car, but I did it."—Life.

Don't Give Your Children Raw Milk!

It is the Most Dangerous of All Foods, Even When of Good Quality. Pasteurizing Means Safety.

(Editorial From the New York Journal.)

Once more, with the plague of infantile paralysis frightening the country, we urge you to give your children only PASTEURIZED milk.

The difference between pasteurized milk and raw milk is exactly the same as the difference between a soft boiled egg and a raw egg.

If milk is BOILED, that is bad, for boiling hardens the albumen in the milk and makes it indigestible just as boiling hardens the white of the egg, which is albumen, and makes that indigestible.

Pasteurizing destroys the germs of disease and leaves to the milk all of its food qualities.

It is not PROVED, but the scientists believe that this dreadful disease of infantile paralysis is carried in milk more than in any other foods.

Scarlet fever, diphtheria, typhoid fever and endless other diseases are spread most extensively in raw milk.

A New England town is suffering from an epidemic of highly dangerous sore throat, and this is traced to raw milk.

In New York city where for a quarter of a century Nathan Strauss distributed pasteurized milk and at last forced the health authorities and the milk companies to come to pasteurization, THE INFANTILE PARALYSIS EPIDEMIC IS EXTREMELY MILD. In Brooklyn, where milk pasteurization has been neglected, the epidemic developed and is at its worst.

Dr. Goldwater, recently Health Commissioner, one of the ablest men that ever gave unselfish service to the City, declared that in a few years no doctor will be found to oppose pasteurization.

Dr. Murphy of Chicago, the greatest surgeon and probably the greatest doctor in this country, declared that it is a crime to use milk raw when pasteurizating makes it safe.

Protect your children, PASTEURIZE THE MILK.

Grade A Pasteurized Milk, 8c a Quart

Guaranteed pure, rich and absolutely clean.

KINGSTON CREAMERY

26 DOWNS STREET TELEPHONE 788

MOTION PICTURES IN BRAZIL.

They Have Some Curious Rules in the Theaters That Show Them.

South America is fast becoming a paradise for the motion picture theater, but some curious rules prevail. For example, the best motion picture theaters in Rio de Janeiro do not allow patrons to drop in or out at will. A film is advertised to begin at a certain hour of the afternoon or evening. At the appointed time doors are closed, or in most cases a heavy and highly decorated curtain is dropped, and the show in the auditorium begins its functions.

A rather novel arrangement, also noted in other Brazilian cities, is the waiting lobby immediately in front of the entrance proper. After purchasing a ticket the patron enters the lobby or corridor, takes a comfortable seat and waits until the termination of the first section of the play, the time of which may be a few minutes or half an hour. While waiting one may listen to the band of music, which may be heard equally well by those within the lobby or in the audience.

At times the crowds become congested and all the lobby seats are occupied. In such cases the ticket seller withholds further admissions, and the crowd remains upon the street, but the brilliant electric lights (it might) and the music of the band continue to swell the number of waiting patrons.

The night is the most popular hour for the crowds, as at that time the whole family turns out, and every one who can afford an automobile presses it into service. At one of the best motion pictures in Buenos Aires a writer counted more than 200 machines drawn up in lines awaiting the closing of only an average attraction. The hour was near midnight, and about as much ceremony was observed as if the finest opera company had been the star performers.—Argonaut.

A ROMANCE OF BAGDAD.

Peculiar Story of Nazim Pasha and an Armenian Beauty.

A remarkable tale of Nazim Pasha, the commander in chief of the Turkish armies against Bulgaria in the Balkan war, is told by Sir William Willcocks, K. C. M. G., in an article in Blackwood's Magazine:

"After Nazim Pasha became wali of Bagdad there lived in one of the best houses in the place an Armenian girl of eighteen, who was very pretty, very wealthy and an orphan. All the young Armenians in the Turkish empire were eager suitors for her hand, but she would have none of them. The wali invited her to his palace and told her that in her unprotected condition she might get into trouble, but that if she were to marry a countryman of hers in his household she would have both a sterling husband and his own protection. She accepted, but on reaching her home sent the nazim word that she preferred remaining single.

"'You shall remain single for life,' said the wali, and put a cordon of soldiers round her house, which prevented her from leaving it.

"She escaped to the French convent one day, dressed as a French nun, and the cordon of soldiers moved to her new residence. After some delay she escaped as a French monk, took refuge on Lynch's boat and sailed for Basra under the British flag. Boats full of soldiers surrounded the steamer at Basra, but the girl ran across the deck, jumped into the Russian consul's boat and took refuge under the Russian flag. The consul saw her safely on to the British India steamer, and she descended at Bushire, in Persia.

"Not many months afterward Nazim Pasha himself was deposed and ordered to return to Constantinople. He returned there finally and was, as we all know, murdered by the Young Turks."

Milo Was a Glutton.

Milo, the famous athlete of ancient Greece, born 520 B. C., was victor at both the Olympic and Pythian games for six times in succession. On one occasion he ran four miles with an ox on his shoulder, killed the animal with a blow of his fist and then ate the entire carcass in one day. An ordinary meal for this gluttonous Titan was twenty pounds of bread, twice that much meat and fifteen pints of wine.

Where Women Tell Their Ages.

Japanese women wear gold pins in their hair until they reach the age of twenty-five. At thirty the pins are white, and at forty they wear plain shell combs.

Power of Music.

Mrs. Flatbush—Did you say her husband has a passion for music? Mrs. Bonsonhurst—Oh, my, yes! Every time she sings he flies into one.—Yonkers Statesman.

The average farm in the United States measures 138 acres.

CITY ORDINANCE.

An ordinance providing for and authorizing the issuance of bonds of the City of Kingston, for the purpose of paying the school bonded indebtedness of the city, due April 1st, 1917.

Passed, July 5, 1916.

The Common Council of the City of Kingston, in pursuance of the general municipal law of the State of New York, and of section eight thereof, the charter of said city and chapter 247 of the laws of 1913 of the state of New York, ordains and enacts, and does hereby ordain and enact as follows:

Section One.—Resolved, that the existing bonds of the City of Kingston dated March 29th, 1913, and issued under authority conferred by the city charter of the City of Kingston, and which bonds mature and fall due April 1st, 1917, and which said bonds bear interest at the rate of four and one quarter per centum per annum, and which bonds are numbered and are of denominations as follows:

Nos. [illegible] in the denominations of $1,000 each,

Total amount, $10,000 00.

Be and the same are hereby authorized and directed to be paid up and retired by the issuance of new bonds, and from moneys realized by the sale of such new bonds, as hereinafter provided, and that such new bonds shall bear interest at the rate of not exceeding four and one-half per centum per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of April and October, in each year; and such bonds shall be numbered and in denominations and payable as follows:

Nos. 67 to 76 inclusive, in denominations of $1,000.00 each, payable April 1st, 1936.

Section Two.—Resolved, that in order to pay the bonded indebtedness of said city, that falls due as aforesaid, the City of Kingston may borrow and raise and in the name and on the faith and credit of said city the money necessary for the same, and issue its bonds for such purpose; that the faith and credit of the city be, and the same hereby is pledged for the payment of said new bonds.

Section Three.—Resolved, that said new bonds shall be issued in the name of, and under the seal of said city, and signed by the mayor and city clerk, and shall also be signed by the president and clerk of the board of education, and sealed with its corporate seal; and that such new bonds shall be used for the purpose hereinbefore mentioned and for no other purpose, and that such new bonds shall contain a recital that they are issued in pursuance of section eight of the general municipal law of the state of New York, and the city charter, and chapter 247 of the laws of 1913.

Section Four.—Resolved, that such new bonds when so made and executed, shall be delivered to the city treasurer of said city. That the city treasurer shall sell and negotiate the said bonds in the total sum of $10,000 as aforesaid, by public sale to the highest bidder, at the city hall in the City of Kingston on the fifteenth day of March, 1917, at the best price obtainable not less than their par value. The city treasurer shall give ten days notice of the time and place of such sale by advertising the same in the official papers of the city.

Section Five.—Resolved, that the proceeds of such sale of said new bonds in the total sum of $10,000 as aforesaid, shall be applied to the payment and satisfaction of the bonds which fall due April 1st, 1917, in the same total amount, and for no other purpose. That the city treasurer shall immediately cancel, retire, and destroy the bonds so paid, and shall file a certificate in the Ulster County Clerk's office stating the amount of the existing bonds and of the new bonds so issued, and make a report to the common council and to the board of education of the amount of bonds sold, and the name or names of the purchaser or the respective purchasers.

Section Six.—Resolved, that the city clerk keep a record in his office of such bonds, the date thereof, the amount and rate of interest, when payable, the name or names of the purchaser or purchasers thereof, and pursuant to what law issued.

Section Seven.—Resolved, that there be raised, levied and assessed in the taxes for the respective years when such new bonds become due and payable, a sum sufficient to pay the principal and interest of said bonds in full when the same shall become due and payable as hereinbefore stated; and that the said sum shall be included in the tax budget for such years and shall be raised by tax in the tax levy for said respective years in addition to the amount of taxes otherwise to be raised for said years; and that the said new respective bonds shall be paid out of the respective amounts so raised.

Section Eight.—Resolved, that this ordinance shall be published at least twice in each of the official papers in the City of Kingston.

Section Nine.—Resolved, that this ordinance shall take effect immediately after the publication thereof as hereinbefore provided.

I hereby approve the foregoing ordinance.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand this sixth day of July, 1916.

PALMER CANFIELD, JR., Mayor.

State of New York, County of Ulster, City of Kingston, ss.:

I, John T. Cummings, City Clerk of the City of Kingston, do hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing ordinance with the original on file and on record in the City Clerk's Office, and that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original.

JOHN T. CUMMINGS, City Clerk.

Berkshire Refrigerators

These Refrigerators have been selected with the purpose of giving the public a good ice box for the least money. Reliable Refrigerators like these are among the mostimportant of household requisites. Each one is guaranteed for long service and ice economy.

$5.98 UP

COOL SUMMER FLOOR COVERINGS SPECIALS

PRINTED CORK LINOLEUM, an extra good quality, pretty new patterns, the 65c kind, square yard **50c**

$1.10 INLAID LINOLEUM, one of the best fabrics on the market, for kitchen, hall or stairs, square yard .. **90c**

30c Japanese Mattings
Fine, heavy grade, in a variety of neat assorted patterns, extra special **19c**

Regular 65c Ingrain Carpet
The popular wool filled quality that gives lasting satisfaction. Special at .. **55c**

Full Lines Perfection Oil Stoves and Gas Plates

Kaplan Furniture Co., Inc.

KINGSTON'S GREATEST VALUE-GIVING STORE
14 EAST STRAND OPEN EVENINGS

WANT "ADS" INSERTED AT THE SMALL COST OF CENT-A-WORD

SPRAY POTATOES WITH BORDEAUX

In spite of the present high price for copper sulphate this year, many farmers who grow potatoes will wish to spray them in order to prevent the blight which was so general and destructive last year. The question arises whether it will pay to use Bordeaux mixture. Some are considering the use of a commercial prepared bordeaux and others the use of sulfur in some form.

The New York state college of agriculture at Cornell University points out that experiments conducted by several experiment stations show that bordeaux mixture is the most efficient fungicide for controlling potato blight and that there is no satisfactory substitute. Lime-sulfur solution should not be used on potato vines as it injures them. Some of the commercial bordeaux pastes have given good results.

Experimental work has indicated that it may be possible to use a weaker bordeaux than has heretofore been generally recommended, and the college advocates the use of such a mixture A 3-3-50 bordeaux, or three pounds of copper sulfate, and three pounds of lime, to fifty gallons of water, may be effective if the applications are thorough and timely.

Since the disease starts during the damp weather, it is necessary to have the vines sprayed before such weather comes on; and it will not be necessary to spray for blight if the weather continues dry. One spraying, however, will not protect the new growth that comes out after an application is made, so that new growth should be protected by subsequent applications before blight weather comes on. From four to eight applications, depending on weather conditions, are necessary to control blight and rot.

The vines should be sprayed thoroughly. This can be done best with a pump that will maintain a pressure of 120 pounds or more depending upon the nozzle used. A fine mist should be produced that will be driven among the vines, or will float among them, so as to protect them completely.

Detailed information may be had by writing to the department of plant pathology, college of agriculture, Ithaca, New York.

NEW HURLEY.

New Hurley, July 12.—Oliver Gregg, Sr., is spending a few days with his family in this place.

A party of young men from this place, consisting of Fred Schoonmaker, Clifford Hotaling, Crosby Wilkin, James Thorne and Arthur Zimmer enjoyed an auto trip to Camp Whitman and Ashokan on Sunday.

Mrs. Alexander Watt and little daughter are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Valentine Garrison for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Sutton and Miss Bertha Sutton and Floyd McKinstry motored to Middletown last Sunday and visited Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hait and sister Miss Margaret Hait.

The Missionary Society met with Mrs. George VanWyck last Thursday afternoon. Miss Frances. Davis of New York, field secretary for young women, addressed the society in a very pleasing manner. The meeting was largely attended, 24 being present.

Miss Elizabeth Schoonmaker has been visiting her friend, Miss Mildred Mulcox at Poughkeepsie.

Harry Gabriel and daughter Doris are sick. John Gabriel, who has been quite ill for some time, is improving slowly.

Mr. and Mrs J. H Denniston and Mr. and Mrs. Luther Dusinberre of Gardiner motored to Wingdale, Dutchess county, last Sunday and visited Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Garrison.

VIRGINIA'S BILL NO USE IN MEXICO

Uncle Joe Cannon Waxes Critical and Profane on President's Policy in Mexico—Resolution Passed Just the Same.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, July 12.—President Wilson's Mexican policy was again assailed in the house Tuesday by Former Speaker Cannon during debate on a resolution appropriating $300,000 to bring destitute Americans out of Mexico. The resolution, asked for by the state department several days ago, was adopted.

"Uncle Joe" declared the United States should set up a stable government and then withdraw with the right to intervene again if stable government were not maintained.

"The president says," added "Uncle Joe," "that Mexico is suspicious that we do not want to serve, but possess her. Good God—have we not shown by every act in the last three years that we do not want to possess her?

"The president says he believes the Virginia Bill of Rights gives a country the right to do what it pleases about its government. This bill of rights was all right for Virginia, but it doesn't apply in Mexico."

Horrors of Love.

Be careful not to fall in love. According to an Italian medical journal researches have been made on the blood of people in love, and marked leucocytosis has been found. If the disease is not speedily cured, love may lead to neurasthenia and even insanity. Sometimes it even results in marriage.—Boston Globe.

BEST IN EVERYTHING

SPENCER'S BUSINESS SCHOOL KINGSTON, N.Y.

SEND FOR CATALOG

Every time you see a man smoking a Fatima, you know he is getting all the *comfort* that is possible in a cigarette.

The original Turkish blend

20 for 15¢

FATIMA

A Sensible Cigarette

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Anna DuBois Veeder, late of the city of Kingston, county of Ulster, deceased, intestate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Roi D. Veeder, the administrator of the estate of said deceased, at the office of Frederick E W. Darrow, 280 Wall St., in the said city of Kingston, on or before the first day of October, 1916.

Dated, March 21st, 1916

ROI D. VEEDER,
Administrator.

Frederick E. W. Darrow, Attorney, 280 Wall St., Kingston, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Sarah E. Tillson, late of the city of Kingston, county of Ulster, deceased, testate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Tracey Tillson, the executor of the estate of said deceased, at his residence, Kingston city, in the said county of Ulster, on or before the 20th day of September, 1916.

Dated, March 14, 1916.

TRACEY TILLSON,
As Executor of the will of Sarah E. Tillson, Deceased.

BIG SUMMER SHOE SALE!

AT

JOHN J. LARKIN'S SHOE STORE

18 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y.

Until Thursday Morning, July 13th, at 9:30 O'Clock

WAIT! WAIT! WAIT!

For your footwear until this day and hour when the greatest sale of high grade Shoes, Oxfords, Pumps, Etc., for Men, Women, Misses, Boys and Children will start.

IT WILL BE A SALE THAT WILL SET ALL KINGSTON TALKING

This big $20,000 stock of the very Finest Footwear, consisting of the very best makes on earth, such as the Stetson, Just Wright, Sorosis, Utz & Dun, for all members of the family, composed of Gun Metal, Patent Leather, Tan and White Buck, Tip and Plain Toes, must be sold, as the stock must be reduced.

Here is a "stroke" of good fortune for every man, woman and child who is in need of anything in the way of footwear for any purpose!

In many instances 2 pairs will go at the price of one. Goods will go at prices a little short of nothing. So hop the first car, automobile or anything that will get you here Thursday morning, when this big sale will start.

Here Are Prices That Will Keep Us Busy For the Next 10 Days

Nothing held back. All must go, no matter what the price or what the loss, and remember everything is marked in large plain figures so that a child can buy as safely as a man. Pass the good word along. Your neighbors will thank you. On account of the backward season and being heavily over-stocked has placed me in this condition with a tremendous stock on hand and right in the season, and all must go Remember in this limited space we can mention but a few of the many tremendous bargains, but this gives you an idea of the great values that await your coming. You must and will be here.

Big Lot of **Infants' Shoes** Go at **19c**

Big Lot of **Children's Sandals** Go at **29c**

Big Lot of **Children's White Pumps** Go at **69c**

Big Lot of **Children's Oxfords** Go at **79c**

One Lot of **Children's Patent Leather and Gun Metal Pumps and Oxfords** Go at **89c**

One Lot of **Ladies' Pat. Leather, Gun Metal and White Pumps** Go at **$1.85**

All **Shoe Polishes For White and Black Shoes** Go at **6c**

Big Lot of **Boys' Shoes** Go at **98c**

One Lot of **Ladies' White High Cut Lace Shoes, Best Quality** Go at **$2.85**

One Lot of **Boys' Gun Metal and Tan Oxfords** Go at **$1.49**

One Lot of **Boys' and Men's Sneaks** Go at **45c**

Women's Shoes and Oxfords

One Lot of Ladies' Shoes go at pair	99c
Big lot of Ladies' Shoes up $1.75, go at pair	$1.39
Big lot of Ladies' Shoes up to $2.50, go at pair	$1.79
One lot of Ladies' Shoes up to $2.50 and $3, go at pair	$1.99
One lot of Ladies' Shoes up to $4.00, go at pair	$2.39
One lot of Ladies' $2 and $2.50 Oxfords go at pair	$1.39
One lot of $3.00 Oxfords go at pair	$1.99
One lot of $3.50 and $4.00 Oxfords, go at pair	$2.29
One lot of Ladies' Slippers go go at pair	69c
Big lot of Ladies' Shoes go at pair	$2.19

Men's Shoes, Boots and Oxfords

One lot of Men's Shoes up to $2.00, go at pair	$1.49
One lot of Men's Shoes up to $3.00, go at pair	$2.19
One lot of Men's $3.50 and $4.00 Shoes go at pair	$2.69
Big lot of Men's $3.50 Oxfords go at pair	$2.29
Big lot of Men's Tan, Gun Metal and Patent Leather $4.50 Oxfords, go at pair	$2.99
Big lot of Men's $4.50 and $5 Oxfords go at pair	$3.49

Misses' and Children's Shoes

Big lot of Children's Shoes go at pair	69c
Big lot of Children's Shoes go at pair	79c
Big lot of Children's Shoes go at pair	99c
Big lot of Misses' Shoes up to $2.00 go at pair	$1.39
Big lot of Misses' and Children's Pumps and Oxfords, go at pair	89c

Boys' Shoes and Oxfords

One lot of Boys' Shoes go at pair	99c
One lot of Boys' Shoes go at pair	$1.39
One lot of Boys' Shoes up to $2.50 go at pair	$1.89
Big lot of Boys' $2.50 and $3 Oxfords go at pair	$1.69
Big lot of Boys' $3.00 Oxfords go at pair	$1.89

One Lot of **Ladies' House Slippers** Go at **29c**

Big Lot of **Men's Just Wright Oxfords** Go at **$2.69**

Big Lot of **Girls' Oxfords** Go at **99c**

Big Lot of **Ladies' $3 and $4 Oxfords** Go at **$1.99**

Big Lot of **Men's $3.50 and $4.00 Oxfords** Go at **$2.79**

Big Lot of **Women's Juliets** Go at **98c**

One Lot of **Women's White Canvas Lace Shoes, Rubber Soles** Go at **$1.79**

Big Lot of **Ladies' White Buck Rubber Sole Oxfords** Go at **$2.19**

One Lot of **Boy Scout Shoes** Go at **$1.49, $1.69**

One Lot of **Children's Rubber Sole, White Canvas Oxfords** Go at **98c**

Big Lot of **Children's White Canvas Pumps and Shoes** Go at **89c**

Opening Days — Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Monday

July 13, 14, 15 and 17 and Closes in 10 Days—At the Old Stand of

JOHN J. LARKIN, 18 BROADWAY, DOWNTOWN

One Lot of **Women's Sorosis, Gun Metal and Pat. Leather Pumps** Go at **$3.45**

One Lot of **Women's Black Kid Oxfords** Go at **$1.69**

One Lot of **Women's Bronze Kid Lace and Button Shoes, $4.00, $5.00 Grade** Go at **$2.95**

One Lot of **Women's White Canvas Lace Shoes** Go at **$1.69**

GERMANS CLAIM BLOCKADE BROKEN

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Baltimore, July 12.—German diplomacy today took up the task of proving that German enterprise and daring had broken the British-French blockade of German ports, and had sadly wrenched Great Britain's control of the seas. Count von Bernstorff, German ambassador to the United States, formally took charge of the case of the super-submarine Deutschland, and the diplomatic dispute started by the vessel's record breaking trans-Atlantic voyage. German enterprise in the person of the merchants who backed the trip, the German daring in the person of Captain Paul Koenig, who piloted the merchant submarine, stepped aside for the diplomatist.

Three great obstacles confronted the German diplomatist in his fight to secure the acquiescence of the United States to the proposition that the trip of the Deutschland marks the end of the legal blockade of German. They were:

The fact that only one boat has evaded the blockading fleets, and that one blockade runner cannot be considered to have "broken" a blockade.

The contention that the super-submarine, in its very nature cannot be compelled to comply with the provisions of the international law governing merchant ships, particularly the provision which forces warships to "visit and search" suspected merchantmen.

The contention that the Deutschland, as a submarine, even if admitted to be a merchant vessel, is under the German view of international law, available to be converted into a war vessel on the high seas.

With true German efficiency work was begun today to meet each of these points. Agents of the German line which controls the Deutschland made it clear that her trip was but the beginning of German under sea trade. They declared that the Deitschland's sister ship, Bremen, was either already on her way to the United States, or soon would be. And they asserted that plans were under way for the establishment of a regular freight service by submarines, with weekly sailings.

"A complete fleet of merchant submarines is now nearing completion," said Paul Hilken, local agent of the Deutsche Ozean-Rhederei, which sent the Deutschland on her epoch-making voyage. "Just as soon as they can be commissioned and manned regular sailings for this country will begin. We propose to establish a service comparatively as complete as that now maintained by the British and French liners."

To indicate the feasibility of their plan, the Germans planned to start the Deutschland on her return trip just as soon as she can be made ready and loaded, and the legal formalities complied with. Captain Koenig said today that unless unforseen conditions arose, the submarine would leave Baltimore within ten days.

As to the contentions raised by the British and French embassies that the submarine cannot comply with the international law governing merchantmen, the Germans will declare that an unarmed submarine seeking to evade the right of a warship to "visit and search" would, like any other merchantman, risk destruction by the guns of the warship. On this point and to refute the declaration that the merchant submarine could quickly be converted into a warship on the high seas, the Germans will adduce the reports made by Federal port officials, and Captain C. E. Hughes and the naval experts who yesterday inspected the Deutschland. These reports, the Germans declare, make it clear that the construction of the submarine would make it impossible to convert her into a war vessel without practically rebuilding the entire ship.

The German agents here today took it for granted that the state department would follow the recommendation of the treasury department and the naval experts who examined the Deutschland and would promptly recognize her as a merchant vessel. All of the future diplomatic contentions from the German side will be based on this recognition, which was accepted as already practically given.

Forty husky negro stevedores rushed the work of unloading the Deutschland at her guarded dock today. Thousands of cases of dyestuffs were taken from the interior of the vessel and stored in the nearby warehouse or loaded on freight cars.

The unloading probably will take another 24 hours, and work will then be begun putting aboard the nickel and rubber which will be taken back to Germany.

Captain Koenig and his crew have become a sort of community possession of Baltimore, and the sailors are almost mobbed by admirers whenever they appear in public. Captain Koenig has arranged to keep his crew on the interned North German Lloyd liner Neckar, which was today moved alongside the Deutschland's berth, and the men will be given practically no shore leave. Captain Koenig himself is a popular idol. Baltimore is crowded with thousands of visitors attending the convention of the B. P. O. Elks, and the Elks have made the submarine a feature of their festivities. Captain Koenig made an effort to get a square shore meal at a local hotel, and was immediately mobbed. A thousand shouting, cheering people surrounded him as soon as he was recognized, the hotel dining room was nearly wrecked and a band was requisitioned to play "America" and "Die Wacht am Rhein." Captain Koenig stood at attention with bared head while both anthems were played, and the crowd went wild. The captain was made an honorary Elk on the spot.

Captain Koenig has been deluged with invitations from all parts of the country urging him to attend banquets, make speeches and attend all sorts of functions. But the captain declared today that he was too busy to accept any of the invitations.

Several representatives of various dye concerns reached Baltimore today and made efforts to secure part of the Deutschland's cargo. All were referred to the A. Schumacher Company, to which the dyestuffs were consigned. It is probable that part of the cargo will go to the United States government, which is feeling the lack of colors for printing paper money and stamps.

A New Salad Crop.

A new crop of interest and probable profit to market gardners, and of value in many home gardens, is Witloof Chicory, a salad plant. Studies made at the Station at Geneva, and announced in Bulletin No. 418, prove the crop an easy one to grow, and indicate that, at least until the foreign importations of it are resumed, it is likely to give very good financial returns. If once well established as a home industry, foreign competition should not be greatly feared, since the fresh, crisp home-grown heads are far superior for salad purposes to those sent in from across the ocean. Rather to late for testing this season, the possibilities of the crop should be carefully investigated by truck-growers, so that they may be ready to grow it next year if the war continues. The bulletin gives an impartial discussion of the merits of Witloof Chicory and outlines simple methods for its culture. A post card request will bring it without charge to any one interested.

Base Hospital at Mayo Clinic.

In the large cities of the country, some one or two of the largest hospitals have instituted a base hospital, which will be ready both as to personnel and equipment should the same be needed in case of war. There are several such base hospitals in New York city. Now a letter has been received at the American Red Cross headquarters in Washington, from Dr. William J. Mayo, of Rochester, Minn., stating his willingness to organize a base hospital, the personnel and equipment of which is to be furnished by the Mayo Clinic. The number of medical officers in a base hospial is 23; the number of beds, 500; and the cost of the equipment is estimated at $25,000. An American soldier will be indeed fortunate who falls into the hands of this unit.

STREET GOSSIP ABOUT TOWN

"Gosh" said the street corner politician "but it's hot" and he wiped his brow, and turned to his friend, who corroborated his statement with regard to the weather.

"Talking about it being hot, though," continued the politician, "that was a hot one that a Hebrew 'somewhere in Ulster county' as the censor would say, put over on his wife."

"How is that?" queried the friend.

"Well," said the politician, "it seems that this Hebrew began to dislike his wife for some reason or other, and finally decided to get a divorce from her. You know in the old country it used to be the custom, and is yet I guess, to go to the rabbi and get him to write out a divorce, which the husband presented to the wife, and there was no recourse to the law courts as in this country.

"The Hebrew in question decided to follow out the old country custom, and he had a rabbi write out the necessary paper, and the question then arose of how to present it to the wife, as he did not like to do it himself. He studied over the problem and finally a stranger dropped into —name deleted by censor—and the problem was solved.

"The stranger sold books, and the Hebrew approached him on the subject and the divorce was placed in a book and the agent called to see the wife and wanted to sell her a book. She refused a first, but who can turn down a book agent anxious to make a sale, and so she finally bought one of the books.

"When the book agent left the house he turned to the wife and said 'Inside of that book you will find your divorce,' and then he skipped."

The street coroner politician stopped and again wiped his brow remarking for the second time that it was "hot."

"That was a hot trick that Hebrew played on his wife" said the friend wiping his forehead after he had again agreed that it was hot.

"You bet" replied the politician but of course the divorce does not hold good in this country, and from what I hear there are likely to be complications."

Our weather report—Like the Mexican situation somewhat unsettled.

Some Kingstonians preparedness program—Don't build the Sleightsburgh bridge for the next fifty years, for if we go to war with Mexico the Mexicans would use the bridge to invade Kingston, while if the Skillygot was still running she could be pulled off the route on the day of the invasion, and then the Mexicans would have to swim the creek to get across.

Is it not about time for Wilson to send Carranza another note.

"Tis kettles here, and kettles there, and no supper ready for hubby; and all the consolation he gets is 'It's canning time my dovey.'"

Is your wife doing her summer canning yet?

Hecht Too Drunk to be Tried.

Tuesday evening Policeman Hess arrested Fred Hecht for public intoxication. This morning Hecht was still too drunk to be arraigned before Recorder Lang, and was left locked up in the county jail to sober up. He lives in Wilbur and is employed at the powder works in Mingo Hollow.

The Good and the Bad.

Of the good man a good pledge and of the bad neither pledge nor surety.—Portuguese Provera.

A REAL NEED OF THE SOLDIERS

Mrs. Meagher of the Military Relief Section of the Red Cross Asks the people of Kingston to Provide for the Health of Company M.

Mrs. Frank L. Meagher, chairman of the Military Relief Section of the Ulster County Chapter of the Red Cross, has a special appeal to make to the women of Kingston at this time; an appeal which calls for an immediate response, in money, time, and labor for a short period. Mrs. Meagher's appeal follows:

To the Women of Kingston:

Many of you wish to do something for the soldiers at Camp Whitman, something practical which will add to their comfort. Here is a real need. Forty of our boys are sleeping on the hard ground. They want bed sacks. A bed sack is an unstuffed mattress cover, which they fill with hay. Delivery of these by the Federal government has been delayed and they are badly needed in camp.

Will the women of Kingston help make and send them to the boys? They may be made of brown or blue denim or of bed ticking, preferably the former. The sack must be made of two pieces, each six feet long and two feet wide, forming a top and bottom. Between the top and bottom there must be sewed a strip four inches wide. At one side there must be an opening 30 inches long, left in the seam, for the filling of the sack with the hay. This opening should be made to close with buttons and button-holes.

The boys who have enlisted to protect us in our homes are in need of beds. Who will offer to make or give one or more of these bed sacks to keep them off the damp ground? Or, who will give money to bdy material?

I will be glad to receive funds for this purpose; or the names of volunteers for sewing; or the finishing sacks themselves. Telephone 670-J. The offer must be immediate as the need is urgent.

My committee, the Military Relief Section of the Ulster County Red Cross, will be at the Armdry tomorrow, Thursday, from 2 to 4 o'clock in the afternoon to receive donations or finished articles. One bed sack is so easy to make and will make one boy so comfortable. Forty are wanted. Are there forty generous women in Kingston?

MRS. FRANK L. MEAGHER,
Chairman.

The estimated cost of each of these sacks is $1 50, if the material is purchased in retail quantities. If material for all were bought at once it probably could be purchased cheaper Again the sacks could be made quickly and uniformly if a number of women get together and do the work in one place.

Through the courtesy of President Bernstein of the Board of Education, Mrs. Meagher has secured the use of the domestic science room at the High School, fully equipped with sewing machines, cutting tables, etc., for the making of the sacks. So if forty women, or any women's organizations will provide the equivalent of $1.50 a sack, and get the money to Mrs. Meagher by noon tomorrow, it will be possible to have the material ready for work at the High School in the afternoon. All who can help will be asked to go to the Armory at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, and then they can assist Mrs. Meagher, either in the work of making the sacks or of receiving other supplies at the Armory. Do not leave it for some other woman to do. Be sure of one woman ready for work tomorrow afternoon.

CHARITY PROVIDES SHOES FOR TROOPS

Inefficiency and Red Tape Among War DePartment Officials Hold up Issuing of Needed Supplies to Soldiers in Camp.

Not desiring to be the one company in the regiment with undrilled recruits, Company M got tired of waiting for the war department to unwind the red tape in which its equipment is still tied and decided to use contributions from friends in Kingston for the purchase of shoes. As stated in The Freeman on Tuesday, men who did not have good shoes were excused from marching and drill, but this did not make for the good standing of the company. So Captain Meagher, having heard that some money was being raised in Kingston for the use of the company, made a hurried trip to this city Tuesday in order to get the money and spend it right here for shoes. The sum of $105, which had been contributed through the personal solicitation of William G. Merritt, of the Leader, a Spanish War veteran, who knows from practical experience what camp life needs are, was turned over to Captain Meagher. This money had been contributed by S. Cohen's Sons, Kingston Lodge of Elks, the Kingston Shriners' Association and the Knights of Columbus, each giving $25, and W. Scott Gillespie giving $5. Any further needs of this kind will be taken care of by the Military Relief Section of the Red Cross, of which Mrs. Meagher is chairman.

The bed sacks, for which Mrs. Meagher makes an appeal as head of the Military Relief Section of the Red Cross, should also be furnished by the war department, but are tied up in red tape and in the meantime the men are sleeping on the ground. This was not so bad while the ground was dry, but now that rains have set in the experience is not at all conducive to health, and money that should be used for actual needs outside government supplies must again be taken to make good the inefficiency in high places that is so disgracing the conduct of those who should issue supplies to the troops.

ANCIENT POSTAL SERVICE.

The Old Persian and Roman System of Couriers on Horseback.

While the Roman postal service of ancient days was, of course, a crude system, yet the mails were forwarded with considerable speed. The system of couriers on horseback was borrowed from the Persians, who, according to Xenophon, had established it under Cyrus. The Roman adaptation of this was the best system of transmitting letters among the ancients.

All along the great Roman roads stations were erected at distances of five or six miles from one another. At each of these stations forty horses were constantly maintained, and by the help of relays it was easy to travel 100 miles in a day.

These services were intended for the state only, it being imperative to secure the rapid interchange of official communications. In the time of Julius Caesar the system was so well organized that of two letters the great soldier wrote from Britain to Cicero at Rome the one reached its destination in twenty-six and the other in twenty-eight days.

Private citizens were obliged to resort to the services of slaves, and it was not until the end of the third century that there was an establishment of a postal system for private persons by the Emperor Diocletian, but how long this system endured history does not inform us.

The supply of horses and their maintenance was compulsory, and only the emperor could grant exemption from it.—Washington Star.

One Thing About Luck.

"Sometimes a man is lucky," said Uncle Eben, "same as a fisherman dat ketches an eel. His luck makes him so much trouble he 'most wishes he didn't have it."

L. HOYT GREEN
59 North Front St.
Phone 1480 Free Delivery
THE RELIABLE STORE

THURSDAY SPECIALS.

Drake's Cakes	10c
Janson Roberts's Pimento Cheese	10c
Janson Roberts's Peanut Butter	12c
Pint Bottle Grape Juice	16c
Small Bottle Grape Juice	5-10c
2 pkgs Oat Meal	15c
Sweet Pickles, doz	12c
Stuffed Olives, bot	8-15-25c
Shad Roe, can	25c
Pork Chops	22c lb
Stew Lamb	15c
Bacon by Strip	22c lb
Chuck Steak	21c lb
Stew Beef,	15c lb
Home Minced Ham	22c lb
Home Frankfurters	20c lb
Home Bologna	18c

Last week a Boston shipment of Mackerel, Butter, etc., was lost in transit. We were sorry so many people were disappointed.

A BIG ASSORTMENT TOMORROW

The Largest Distributors of Fresh Fish in Your City

Thursday---Friday

Clams Little Necks Large Medium

THE MOHICAN COMPANY

WESTERN WHITE HALIBUT Steaked, lb..... 22c

OPENED Clams From Maine

BOILED Shrimp Already Prepared Qt. 35c

Boiling or Baking
5c lb. Haddock lb. 5c
Every Week Every Week

BOILED OR ALIVE LOBSTERS

GENUINE GEORGIAN BAY FRESH WHITEFISH

Fresh, Bright, Hard
15c lb. Mackerel lb. 15c
Bake, Fry, Broil

Expect to receive two pound average fish. These fish usually sold at 50c each. Eat them while the big run is on.

FRESH FISH EVERY DAY

Large Cape Butterfish, lb..... 12½c Panfish

Large Flounders, lb..... 12½c Panfish (Cleaned)

Weaks, Blue Piko, Eel, Whitefish, Perch, Sea Bass 15c lb.
All Fish Properly Dressed.

Fresh Salmon Steaks, lb..... 25c

Sliced (Boston)
BLUEFISH, lb. 12½c
For Frying Boiling Cuts, lb. 10c

Best White New POTATOES
This Special Price Until Sold, Peck..... 29c

Express Shipments to Mountain Hotels, Summer Camps, Farms

Bring Smiles

New Post Toasties were perfected to overcome the defects of old-style corn flakes. And the hearty welcome they have received is ample proof that their superiority is recognized.

New Post Toasties have a self-developed, inner-flavor—the rich flavor of choice Indian corn. Try a handful dry—they're mighty good that way, and the test will prove that, unlike common flakes, they do not depend on cream and sugar for their palatability.

New Post Toasties do not "chaff" in the package, and they don't mush down in cream like common "corn flakes." The **New Post Toasties** are identified by tiny bubbles on each flake—produced by the quick, intense heat of the new process of manufacture, which also develops their wonderful new flavor.

Have your grocer send a package for tomorrow's breakfast.

New Post Toasties

United States "balanced" Tires

Prepare For Active Service

Tough, sturdy, enduring, United States Tires are always ready for Active Service.

Put them to the test—use those of the five which were made for your car—see how they stand up under the shock and strain of the severest road combat. And—

Once you have tested them, you, too, will see why they have been awarded the ribbon and seal of the United States Rubber Company.

Ask the nearest United States Tire Dealer for your copy of the booklet, "Judging Tires," which tells how to secure the exact tire to suit your needs.

United States Tire Company

'Nobby' 'Chain' 'Usco'
'Royal Cord' 'Plain'
"INDIVIDUALIZED TIRES"

Made by the Largest Rubber Company in the World

A complete stock of United States Tires carried by
Ulster Garage, Martin Snyder, Prop., 269 Fair St.
Forsyth & Davis Motor Car Co., 113 Green St.
Central Garage, 748 Broadway
Kingston Taxicab Co., Railroad Ave.
Stuyvesant Garage, 248 Clinton Ave.

CONCRETE AND BRICK ROADS

Cement Most Popular For Heavy Traffic Construction.

IMPROVED BRICK HIGHWAYS

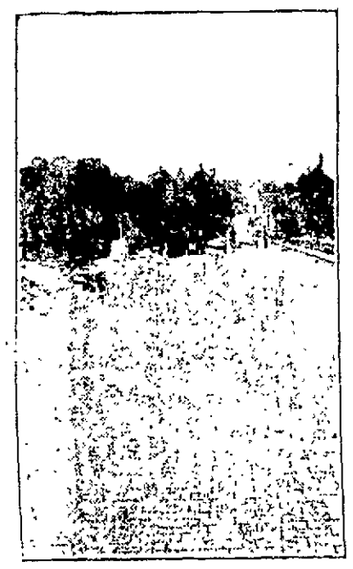
Question of Durability Depends Upon Amount and Character of Traffic, the Quality of the Material and Upon the Maintenance That Is Afforded—Good Roads a Matter of Expenditure.

By W. W. MARR,

Chief state highway engineer of Illinois.

In recent years the portland cement concrete road has become the most popular type of construction for heavy traffic rural roads. It is composed of stone or gravel, sand and cement, mixed in such proportion that the result will be a very dense, hard and durable surface. This type properly constructed will sustain almost an unlimited amount of automobile traffic and a reasonably heavy horse drawn traffic. It is easily maintained in the early part of its life and is an ideal foundation for resurfacing when this becomes necessary. It is not expensive when the amount of traffic justifies its use, and the only objection to it seems to be the developemnt of cracks due mostly to temperature changes. These cracks, however, are easily repaired at small cost and when properly maintained are of little consequence and do not materially affect the durability of the pavement.

Probably the greatest recent advance in methods of construction has been



MAKING A BRICK ROAD.

made in brick roads. The brick is usually laid on a concrete base, though it is an ideal material for resurfacing old gravel and macadam roads. Until lately it was customary to spread a sand cushion or bed over the concrete base on which to lay the brick. Now, however, we are tending rapidly to the substitution of a mortar bed or to the elimination of the bed entirely and laying the brick directly on the fresh concrete base. The proper application of the cement grout filler is the most important part of brick construction, and with careful attention to this detail very satisfactory results may be obtained even with the use of poor brick. A good brick pavement will sustain the maximum amount of traffic coming on the main highways and is probably the highest type of construction now in general use on country roads.

The question of durability is so intimately connected with the amount and character of traffic, the quality of material and workmanship and the intelligent and consistent maintenance given that it is impossible to make a definite statement as to the life of any type of road surface. In general it may be said, however, that we may maintain any type of road to a satisfactory standard regardless of other conditions if we are willing to pay the price. The question is then purely a matter of dollars and cents. The cost of service is approximately the same on all types.

Prizes For Road Photographs.

A nation wide photographic contest in the interest of the "good roads everywhere" movement, with cash prizes of $2,600, open to everybody, has been announced by the National Highways association.

The photographs selected in the competition will be used to establish in Washington a national exhibit on the good roads problem, designed primarily to promote a nationally conceived scheme of highways.

The prizes were subscribed by General Coleman du Pont, chairman of the board of national councilors, and Charles Henry Davis, president of the National Highways association.

The first prize, to be given for the most striking good or bad road photograph, will be a $500 cash award. In all there will be 166 cash prizes awarded.

The competition will be kept open for eight months, closing at noon, Tuesday, Nov. 7. All photographs should be addressed to "Good Roads Everywhere" Photograph Contest National Highways Association, Washington, D. C.

LAWS OF NEW YORK—By Authority.
CHAP. 467.

AN ACT to amend the military law, in relation to delinquency courts for enlisted men.

Became a law May 8, 1916, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section one hundred and thirty seven of chapter forty-one of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to the militia, constituting chapter thirty-six of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter one hundred and eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and ten, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

§ 137. Delinquency courts for enlisted men. A delinquency court for the trial of enlisted men shall consist of one commissioned officer, and shall have jurisdiction over the following offenses:

1. Absence without proper excuse from or tardiness without like excuse in attending any drill, parade, encampment, meeting for instruction or other duty ordered by competent authority, or for failure to make any report, account or return ordered by like authority.
2. Disobedience of orders.
3. Neglecting to take proper care of any arms, equipments or military property, or selling, lending or giving away, or wilfully injuring or destroying any arms, equipments or military property whatever.
4. Disrespect to superiors.
5. Drunkenness on duty.
6. Conduct prejudicial to good order and military discipline.
7. Any act contrary to the military law or to the provisions of the regulations for the government of the national guard.
8. Violations of the by-laws, rules and regulations of an association organized pursuant to this chapter.
9. Failure to appear in person before the court when summoned so to do in the manner provided in this chapter.

The court may inflict fines as follows: (1) For absence without proper excuse from or tardiness without like excuse in attending any drill, parade, encampment, meeting for instruction or other duty ordered by competent authority, a fine not less than one nor more than five dollars for each day or part thereof of such absence; and for each failure to make any report, account or return ordered by like authority a fine of not less than one nor more than five dollars for each such failure. (2) For a failure to appear in person before the court when summoned so to do in the manner provided in this chapter a fine of not less than one nor more than five dollars. (3) For any other offense, a fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars, and in addition a sum equal to the value of any property lost or destroyed assessed by the court. The commanding officer of a regiment, or a battalion or squadron not part of a regiment, the officer commanding the organized battalions of the corps of engineers and the officer of the coast artillery corps commanding a coast defense command may each appoint a delinquency court or delinquency courts for the trial of the enlisted men of his command and of any detachment or department attached thereto or detailed for duty therewith, and shall designate the organization, detachments and men subject to the jurisdiction of each court. The commanding officer of each brigade may in like manner appoint a delinquency court or delinquency courts for the trial of enlisted men of any organization, detachment or department under his direct command and shall designate the organizations, detachments and men subject to the jurisdiction of each court. The major-general may in like manner appoint a delinquency court or delinquency courts for the trial of enlisted men of any organization, detachment, department or corps not herein provided for and shall designate the organizations, detachments, department or corps and men subject to the jurisdiction of each court. The jurisdiction of a delinquency court to try the offenses specified in this section shall be concurrent with that of general courts-martial and garrison courts-martial, but where the officer who is authorized to appoint the court considers that any offense is of sufficient gravity or that the fine which a delinquency court has power to impose is not a sufficient punishment, such officer may recommend that the trial be had before a general court-martial or a garrison court-martial as the case may be. A delinquency court so appointed shall be permanent and continuous. The officer authorized to appoint such court may at pleasure detail and relieve therefrom an officer to hold the same. Proceedings pending before the court shall not abate or be suspended by reason of such relief or new detail, and an officer so detailed shall have full power and authority to do and perform all acts necessary to complete any proceedings pending before the court to which he was appointed, and to carry into effect any judgment, mandate, order or process, made or issued by such court previous to his detail. The court may be held at such times and in such places as the officer holding it may direct. The officer constituting the court may appoint, and at any time remove a clerk thereof, who shall receive a reasonable compensation, to be fixed by such officer with the approval of the officer appointing the court.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK—By Authority.
CHAP. 468.

AN ACT to amend the military law, in relation to military courts.

Became a law May 9, 1916, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section one hundred and thirty-nine of chapter forty-one of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to the militia, constituting chapter thirty-six of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter one hundred and eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and ten, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

§ 139. Oaths and procedure of delinquency courts. Before entering upon his duties each member of a delinquency court shall take an oath of office to the effect that he will well and truly try and determine, according to evidence, all matters between the people of the state of New York and any person or persons who shall come before the court to which he is appointed. This oath need not be taken in the presence of delinquents and may be taken before any officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments of deeds, or before a field officer or the commanding officer of a brigade, all of whom shall administer the oath without fee. When the court is composed of three officers the junior member may administer the oath to the senior member, who in turn may administer it to the other members. The court shall keep records showing the cases tried and the findings and sentences therein but the evidence taken need not be recorded. No challenges shall be allowed in such courts. No formal charges or specifications shall be required in such court, except that when the offense charged is the failure to make any report, account or return or is one specified in the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, or ninth subdivisions of section one hundred and thirty-seven of this chapter the summons shall specify the offense for which the accused is to be tried and briefly state the facts constituting the same. The return of delinquents and of fines and dues under association by-laws shall take the place of charges and specifications and shall be prima facie evidence of the facts therein stated.

§ 2. Section one hundred and forty-three of said chapter as amended by chapter four hundred and nineteen of the laws of nineteen hundred and thirteen, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

§ 143. Discharge for failure to pay fine. An enlisted man fined by a military court who shall neglect or refuse to pay such fine within thirty days after the same was imposed, may, after hearing and proceedings had as required by section one hundred and three of this chapter for the issue of a discharge without honor, be dishonorably discharged from the service by the officer ordering the court without allowance of the time served.

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK—By Authority.
CHAP. 470.

AN ACT to amend the military law, in relation to retired officers.

Became a law May 9, 1916, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section eighty-two of chapter forty-one of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to the militia, constituting chapter thirty-six of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapters four hundred and sixty-four and seven hundred and seventy of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 82. Retirement and discharge. Any officer of the active militia who has reached the age of sixty-four years shall be placed upon the retired list by the governor. Any commissioned officer who shall have served in the same grade for the continuous period of ten years, or in the military or naval service of the state as a commissioned officer for fifteen years, or in the case of an officer of the naval militia retiring such service may have been in the naval service of the state and the United States combined for fifteen years, provided at least ten years of such service shall have been in the state, may, upon his own request, be placed upon the retired list and withdrawn from active service and command by the governor. Any commissioned officer who has become or shall hereafter become disabled, and thereby incapable of performing the duties of his office, shall be withdrawn from active service and command and placed on the retired list. Any commissioned officer who has become, or who shall hereafter become unfit or incompetent, and thereby incapable of performing the duties of his office, shall be discharged upon the recommendation of his commanding officer or the recommendation of an inspecting officer. Such retirement or discharge shall be by order of the governor, and in either case shall be subject to the provisions of this section. Before making such order, a board of not less than five commissioned officers, one of whom shall be a surgeon, shall be appointed, whose duty it shall be to determine the facts as to the nature and cause of incapacity of such officer as appears disabled or unfit, or incompetent, from any cause, to perform military service, and whose case shall be referred to it. No officer, whose grade or promotion would be affected by the decision of such board, in any case that may come before it, shall participate in the examination or decision of the board in such case. Such board is hereby invested with the powers of courts of inquiry and courts martial, and whenever it finds an officer incapacitated for active service, shall report such fact to the governor, stating cause of incapacity, whether from disability, unfitness, or incompetency, and if he approves such finding, such officer shall be placed on the retired list or discharged, as provided in this article. The members of the board shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, be sworn to an honest and impartial performance of their duties as members of such board. No officer shall be placed upon the retired list or discharged by the action of such board, without having had a fair and full hearing before the board, if upon due notice he shall demand it. It shall not be necessary to refer any case for the action of such board arising under this section, unless the officer designated to be placed upon the retired list or discharged, shall within twenty days after being notified that he will be so retired or discharged, serve on the adjutant-general of the state a notice in writing that he demands a hearing and examination before such board. Boards for the national guard shall be appointed by the governor for officers above the grade of colonel, and by the major-general for officers below the grade of brigadier-general; boards for the naval militia shall be appointed by the governor, and shall be composed of officers of such grade or rank as he may determine. The governor may withdraw from active service and command and place upon the retired list any officer who has been twenty-five years in the active service of the national guard, on the recommendation of the commanding officer of his organization, the commanding officer of the brigade, and the major-general, and in the case of officers of the corps of engineers and the coast artillery corps and officers of staff corps and departments, upon the recommendation of the major-general. Vacancies created by the operation of this section shall be filled in the same manner as other vacancies. The governor may in his discretion detail officers from the retired list to active duty and return them to such list in his discretion provided that officers retired for age shall not be detailed to command troops but only to perform duties of staff corps or departments or to sit on military courts or boards.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK—By Authority.
CHAP. 471.

AN ACT to amend the military law, in relation to training detachments.

Became a law May 9, 1916, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Chapter forty-one of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to the militia, constituting chapter thirty-six of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended by inserting therein a new section, to be section forty-one, to read as follows:

§ 41. Training detachments. The governor from time to time may organize at places other than the station of a command training detachments of officers and men who shall form a part of such command. The enlisted men of a training detachment shall be enlisted in the companies of the command for which the detachment is formed, and the officers detailed to serve with a detachment shall be selected from the officers of the command for which the detachment is formed. Whenever in the opinion of the major-general a training detachment has an enlisted strength which entitles it to armory accommodations, he may issue a certificate in which he shall state that fact and further that the training detachment is entitled to the armory accommodations of a company. If and when the certificate is approved by the adjutant-general of the state the training detachment to which it relates shall for the purposes of armory accommodations be deemed a company and shall be entitled to the benefits of all the provisions in article nine of this chapter relating to a company. A training detachment may with the approval of the major-general form a civil organization and adopt by-laws and all the provisions of this chapter relating to such associations and their by-laws shall be applicable to such detachments. A training detachment shall receive the allowances authorized for separate companies in section two hundred and sixteen of this chapter. When the amount of one dollar and sixty cents for each enlisted man present for duty at each of the five compulsory drills or parades is allowed a company of which there are enlisted men serving in a training detachment, the proportionate amount of such allowance earned by the enlisted men of the detachment shall be deducted from the aggregate allowance of the company and with the fines collected from the enlisted men of the detachment shall be credited to and form part of the military fund of the detachment. The board of audit of a training detachment shall consist of the immediate commanding officer thereof and one other officer serving with the detachment, or if there be not that number available serving with the detachment, the deficiency may be made up by officers of the command for which the detachment is formed detailed for the purpose by the commanding officer of such command.

The word "company," as used in this section, shall include a troop and a battery.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

*So in original.

LAWS OF NEW YORK—By Authority.
CHAP. 472.

AN ACT to amend the military law, in relation to improvements and repairs to armories.

Became a law May 9, 1916, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section one hundred and ninety-eight of chapter forty-one of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to the militia, constituting chapter thirty-six of the consolidated laws," as added by chapter one hundred and sixty-two of the laws of nineteen hundred and fourteen, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 198. Temporary provision for a new armory or additional employees. In case additional armories are established or rented or additional employees employed, pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, for the expense of which no moneys have been collected for the fiscal year in which said armory was established or said employees employed, the officer in charge and control of said armory shall prepare and submit an estimate of cost of maintenance or of such additional labor as provided in section one hundred and ninety-three of this chapter, for the remainder of said fiscal year, and the armory commission shall, if necessary, determine the amount required for the repair, enlargement, renting and equipping such armory as directed in section one hundred and seventy-eight of this chapter. The county treasurer of the county in the bounds of which such armory is established or employees employed is hereby authorized and required to borrow on the faith and credit of his county the amount specified in such estimates and the amount so determined as aforesaid, and to issue certificates of indebtedness therefor, payable on or before the first day of July following the next first day of September, with interest at a rate not exceeding [illegible] per annum. The amount so borrowed shall be expended by the county treasurer as follows: The sums for maintenance or labor upon the requisition of the officer in charge and control of the armory as provided by section one hundred and ninety-three of this chapter; the sums for the repair, enlargement, renting and equipping such armory upon the order of the armory commission of the brigade district in which such armory is located. The amount borrowed by said county treasurer with interest thereon, shall be included by the armory commission in its next certificate to the comptroller of the state, and shall be paid to the county treasurer as provided in section one hundred and seventy-eight of this chapter.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK—By Authority.
CHAP. 473.

AN ACT to amend the military law, in relation to staff departments, the hospital corps and commissions for officers.

Became a law May 9, 1916, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section thirty-two of chapter forty-one of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to the militia, constituting chapter thirty-six of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter three hundred and seventy of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine and by chapter one hundred and sixty-seven of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

§ 32. Staff departments. There shall be the following departments consisting of officers of number and rank hereinafter specified necessary for the staffs of the division, the brigades and for duty with the several organizations of the national guard, as follows:

An adjutant-general's department consisting of one colonel, two lieutenant colonels, five majors and one captain; an inspector general's department, consisting of one colonel, two lieutenant colonels and four majors; a judge advocate general's department consisting of one colonel and four majors; an ordnance department consisting of one colonel, six majors, and one captain; a medical department to consist of the medical corps composed of one lieutenant colonel, twenty-three majors, one hundred and twenty-one captains and first lieutenants and the hospital corps, field hospitals and ambulance companies.

Upon the recommendation of the major general the governor may appoint and commission such additional officers not above the rank herein prescribed as may be necessary to properly perform the duties of the departments hereby created.

There shall also be appointed twenty-two ordnance sergeants who shall belong to the ordnance department.

The hospital corps shall consist of sergeants first class, sergeants, corporals, privates first class, and privates enlisted therein of such numbers as the governor on the recommendation of the major general may from time to time prescribe.

Upon the recommendation of the major general the governor may fix and increase or decrease the number of departmental noncommissioned staff officers.

§ 2. Section seventy of said chapter is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 70. Commissions. All officers shall be commissioned by the governor at his discretion; but no one shall be commissioned unless the conditions set forth in the next two sections have been complied with, and no one shall be recognized as an officer unless he shall have been duly commissioned, and shall have taken the oath of office. Commissions shall be issued to officers in the arm, corps or department of the service of which they are a part and not in any particular regiment or unit. The acceptance of a commission in the militia of this state shall be deemed a resignation by the person accepting the same, of all other commissions held by him in such militia. Nothing herein shall apply to or affect the acceptance and holding of brevet commissions.

§ 3. Section ninety-seven of said chapter as amended by chapter two hundred and eighty-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 97. Enlistment papers. Every person who enlists or re-enlists shall sign and make oath to an enlistment paper which shall contain an oath of allegiance to the state and the United States, and be in such form as may be prescribed in the regulations issued under this chapter. Such oath shall be taken and subscribed to before any officer above the rank of first lieutenant or lieutenant, junior grade, or before the commanding officer of a troop, battery, company or division and such officers are hereby authorized to administer such oath; but no enlistment shall be valid until it be approved, in regiments and battalions and squadrons not parts of regiments, by the commanding officer thereof; in the corps of engineers by the officer commanding the organized battalions thereof; in the coast artillery corps by the ranking officer commanding the coast defense command, in the quartermaster corps by the officer commanding the corps; in the hospital corps by the chief surgeon, division. A person making a false oath as to any statement contained in such enlistment papers shall upon conviction be deemed guilty of perjury.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK—By Authority.
CHAP. 474.

AN ACT to amend the military law, in relation to the signal corps.

Became a law May 9, 1916, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section thirty-four of chapter forty-one of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to the militia, constituting chapter thirty-six of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 34. Signal corps. There shall be a signal corps which shall be a staff corps and shall consist of officers of the number and grade herein specified necessary for the performance of the duties of signal officers on the different staffs and other duties properly pertaining to the signal corps and the officers assigned to duty with battalions, companies and detachments of the signal corps, as follows:

One major who shall command the signal corps and be chief signal officer of the division, three captains, eleven first lieutenants, and enlisted men, of the number and grade as follows:

Three master signal electricians, sixteen first class sergeants, twenty-eight sergeants, thirty-nine corporals, one hundred and four first class privates, twenty-three privates, six cooks.

A battalion of the signal corps shall consist of one major, one first lieutenant (battalion adjutant and quartermaster), two first class sergeants (acting sergeant-major and acting battalion quartermaster-sergeant), two sergeants (color sergeant and clerk), five first class privates (four orderlies and one driver), one wire company, one radio company, a wire company of the signal corps shall consist of one captain, two first lieutenants, and a maximum enlisted strength of the different grades, as follows: one master signal electrician, five first class sergeants, eight sergeants, twelve corporals, two cooks, forty-one first class privates, eight privates.

A radio company of the signal corps shall consist of one captain, two first lieutenants, and a maximum enlisted strength of the different grades, as follows: one master signal electrician, six first class sergeants, ten sergeants, fifteen corporals, two cooks, thirty-seven first class privates, six privates.

There shall also be a telegraph and telephone detachment of the signal corps and an aero company of the signal corps, which organizations shall be attached to the headquarters of the battalion.

A telegraph and telephone detachment of the signal corps shall consist of: one first lieutenant, and a maximum enlisted strength of the different grades, as follows: one first class sergeant, three sergeants, three corporals, seven first class privates, three privates.

An aero company of the signal corps shall consist of one captain, five first lieutenants, and a maximum enlisted strength of the different grades as follows, one master signal electrician, two first class sergeants, five sergeants, nine corporals, two cooks, fourteen first class privates, six privates.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK—By Authority.
CHAP. 475.

AN ACT to amend the military law, in relation to armories

Became a law May 9, 1916, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section one hundred and eighty-eight of chapter forty-one of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to the militia, constituting chapter thirty-six of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter nineteen of the laws of nineteen hundred and ten; chapter one hundred and two of the laws of nineteen hundred and eleven; chapter five hundred and fifty-eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and thirteen; chapter one hundred and fifty-nine of the laws of nineteen hundred and fourteen; chapter one hundred and sixty-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and fourteen and chapter two hundred and ninety of the laws of nineteen hundred and fifteen, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

§ 188. Laborers. To provide for the proper care and cleanliness of armories and armorials and of the property therein deposited, the officer, having control and charge of the armory or armorial, may appoint laborers as follows: For armories or armorials having ten thousand square feet or less of floor surface, one laborer; where the floor surface exceeds twenty thousand square feet, two laborers; and for each twenty thousand in excess of twenty thousand, an additional laborer; boiler and engine rooms, unused cellar room and rooms used for employees' quarters shall not be included in computing such floor surface. In an armory occupied by coast artillery, and to each armory occupied by a battery, separate division or divisions or an organization of the signal corps in addition to the above, one expert laborer, competent to care for artillery or signal implements, instruments and equipment. There shall also be allowed to each armory in which are stored the implements and instruments of regimental and of battalion headquarters of field artillery, one expert laborer. For all armories in addition to the above there shall be allowed one laborer to each ten horses or mules therein stabled and used for military purposes by the organization quartered therein, and in armories where more than thirty horses or mules are so stabled and used, two additional laborers. In armories of the quartermaster corps and field artillery, in addition to the foregoing, there shall be allowed one laborer for said corps and for each battery of field artillery, for the care of field artillery, harness and equipment. Before any such appointment is made, the necessity for the employment of such laborer or laborers shall be certified by the commanding officer of the division, of the naval militia or of the brigade, as the case may be, and such certificate shall be filed in the office of the disbursing officer of the county in which the armory or arsenal is situated. A certificate of the number of feet of floor surface of each armory or arsenal in which laborers are appointed shall be made by a person designated for the purpose by the armory board of the city of New York where the armory is in said city and where the armory is outside of said city by a person designated for the purpose by the armory commission for the district in which the armory is situated and such certificate when approved by the commanding officer of the division, of the naval militia or brigade, to whose command the organization quartered in such armory or arsenal belongs, shall be filed in the office of the disbursing officer of the county in which the armory or arsenal is located except as to counties wholly or partly within the city of New York, when it shall be filed with the comptroller of said city.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK—By Authority.
CHAP. 478.

AN ACT to amend the general municipal law and the state finance law, in relation to workmen's compensation insurance.

Became a law May 9, 1916, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Article five of chapter twenty-nine of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act relating to municipal corporations, constituting chapter twenty-four of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof a new section, to be section ninety, to read as follows:

§ 90. Workmen's compensation insurance on public works. Each contract to which a municipality, or any public department or official thereof, is a party and which is of such a character that the employees engaged thereon are required to be insured by the provisions of chapter forty-one of the laws of nineteen hundred and fourteen, known as the workmen's compensation law, and acts amendatory thereto, shall contain a stipulation that the same shall be void and of no effect unless the person or corporation making or performing the same shall secure compensation for the benefit of, and keep insured during the life of said contract, such employees, in compliance with the provisions of said law.

§ 2. Article two of chapter fifty-eight of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to state finance, constituting chapter fifty-six of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof a new section, to be section fifty-one, to read as follows:

§ 51. Workmen's compensation insurance on public works. Each contract to which the state, any public department or official thereof, or a commission appointed pursuant to law is a party and which is of such a character that the employees engaged thereon are required to be insured by the provisions of chapter forty-one of the laws of nineteen hundred and fourteen, known as the workmen's compensation law, and acts amendatory thereto, shall contain a stipulation that the same shall be void and of no effect unless the person or corporation making or performing the same shall secure compensation for the benefit of, and keep insured during the life of said contract, such employees, in compliance with the provisions of said law.

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK—By Authority.
CHAP. 483.

AN ACT to amend the poor law, in relation to hospital accommodations for indigent persons.

Became a law May 9, 1916, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section thirty of chapter forty-six of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to the poor, constituting chapter forty-two of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter three hundred and nine of the laws of nineteen hundred and twelve, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 30. Hospital accommodations for indigent persons. 1. Any city or county, in which a hospital duly incorporated is situated, may send to and support, in the same, such sick and disabled indigent persons as require medical or surgical treatment, and when admitted the authorities of such city or county shall pay to such hospital such sum per week as may be agreed upon or found to be just during the period in which such person shall remain in such hospital.

2. In all counties of this state in which there are not adequate hospital accommodations for indigent persons requiring medical or surgical care and treatment, or in which no appropriations of money are made for this specific purpose, it shall be the duty of county superintendents of the poor, upon the certificate of a physician approved by the board of supervisors, or of the overseers of the poor in the several towns of such counties, upon the certificate of a physician approved by the supervisor of the town, as their jurisdiction over the several cases may require, to send all such indigent persons requiring medical or surgical care and treatment to the nearest convenient and suitable hospital, the incorporation and management of which have been approved by the state board of charities, provided transportation to such hospital can be safely accomplished. The authorities of such county or town shall pay to such hospital such reasonable sum per week, for the care and treatment of such indigent persons, as may be agreed upon by the authorities of the county or town and the directors of such hospital, and provision for the payment for such care and treatment shall be made in the annual budgets of such county or town.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF NEW YORK—By Authority.
CHAP. 485.

AN ACT to amend the religious corporations law, in relation to property of extinct churches.

Became a law May 9, 1916, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section sixteen of chapter fifty-three of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An act in relation to religious corporations, constituting chapter fifty-one of the consolidated laws," as amended by chapter four hundred and eighty of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine and chapter one hundred and eighty-five of the laws of nineteen hundred and ten, is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 16. Property of extinct churches. Such incorporated governing body may decide that a church, parish, or society in connection with it or over which it has ecclesiastical jurisdiction, has become extinct, if it has failed for two consecutive years next prior thereto, to maintain religious services according to the discipline, customs and usages of such governing body, or has had less than thirteen resident attending members paying annual pew rent, or making annual contribution toward its support, or in case of a parish of the Protestant Episcopal Church, if such parish has ceased for two consecutive years next prior thereto, to have a sufficient number of men qualified to elect or to serve as wardens and vestrymen therein, and may take possession of the temporalities and property belonging to such church, parish or religious society, and manage the same; or may, in pursuance of the provisions of law relating to the disposition of real property by religious corporations, sell or dispose of the same and apply the proceeds thereof to any of the purposes to which the property of such governing religious body is devoted, and it shall not divert such property to any other object. And for the purpose of obtaining a record title to the land and the church edifice, or other building thereon, by such incorporated governing body, the surviving trustee or trustees of said extinct church, or if there be no surviving trustee then a surviving member of said extinct church, may, without a consideration being paid therefor by such incorporated governing body, convey to it said land and church edifice, or other buildings thereon, subject, however, to an order of the supreme or county court based upon a petition reciting that said church has become extinct; the names of its surviving trustee or trustees, and the names of its members, who must have given their consent to the making of said conveyance. Upon the recital of said facts in said petition the court shall have jurisdiction to grant an order allowing said conveyance to be made without a consideration; and should there be no surviving members, as well as no surviving trustee of said extinct church, said petition may be made by an officer of such incorporated governing body, in which event the court, upon a recital of said fact, shall have jurisdiction to appoint a suitable person as trustee for the purpose of making said conveyance. And in case of a Reformed Church of America, Dutch Reformed Church, or Reformed Dutch Church in the United States of America or the United Reformed Dutch and German Church of America should either such surviving members or such surviving trustee of said extinct church refuse to act and sign said petition after request by an officer of said governing body of said last-named churches personally made by such officer, then said petition may be made by an officer of such incorporated governing body and in that event the court shall have jurisdiction and may appoint a suitable person as trustee for the purpose of making said conveyance. And in the case of said last-named Reformed churches, the trustees of any such extinct church, the treasurer thereof or any person acting in either of said capacities may be required to show cause before the supreme court at a special term thereof held in the judicial district in which said church shall be located why they should not be required to give an account of all moneys and property of said church which they shall have in their hands or under their control and in case of their failure to show such cause they be required to account before said court for all the properties and moneys of the said church which shall be in their hands or under their control, and after the payment of all the claims against such church, if any, and the expenses of such proceeding, if it shall further appear that none of such property in the hands of said persons is required for the further support or maintenance of said church, said money and proceeds thereof shall be directed to be paid and turned over to said governing religious body to apply to the purposes to which the property of such governing body is devoted. An application for such order to show cause shall be made by a verified petition, which petition may be made by said governing body of said church or any officer thereof. Where a proceeding is instituted under this section for the sale of the real property of an extinct religious corporation, a compliance with subdivisions four, five, seven, eight and nine of section seventy-one of "An act relating to corporations generally, constituting chapter twenty-three of the consolidated laws," shall be unnecessary, and such proceedings shall be in all respects valid without a compliance with said subdivisions. The New York Eastern Christian Benevolent and Missionary Society, shall be deemed the governing religious body of any extinct or disbanded church of the christian denomination situated within the bounds of the New York Eastern Christian Conference; and the New York Christian Association, of any other church of the christian denomination, and any other incorporated conference shall be deemed the governing religious body of any such church situated within its bounds. By christian denomination is meant only the denomination specially termed "christian," in which the bible is declared to be the only rule of faith, christian their only name, and christian character their only test of fellowship, and in which no form of baptism is made a test of christian character.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss:

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

FRANCIS M. HUGO,
Secretary of State.

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FOR SALE.—Dining room furniture. 85 Main St.

FOR SALE.—At a bargain, a new 7 passenger Chandler automobile, 1917 model. Has never been driven. Convertible body; may be used either as limousine or open car. Purchased by Major Chandler just before his call to military service. May be seen at his residence, East Chestnut St.

FOR SALE.—Oliver typewriter; only slightly used, price $35. Union Pacific Tea Co., 312 Wall St.

FOR SALE.—Fruit and poultry farm of about 11 acres, within city limits. Geo. W. Van Gaasbeck, 317 Clifton Ave.

FOR SALE.—Mowing machines, hay forks and carriers. Canfield Supply Co., Strand and Ferry St., Kingston, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—Bicycles. A fine lot of second hand bicycles for sale. Ellison & Van Williams, 775 Broadway, near Albany Ave. Open evenings. Call 989-W.

FOR SALE.—Garage 40x18, in rear of Mechanics' Hall, 14 Henry St. Call at lodge rooms any evening after 7 o'clock.

FOR SALE.—New house, uptown. Inquire A. M. Draper, 292 Fair St.

FOR SALE.—New 1916 Metz touring car; several Fords, at bargains. Stuyvesant Garage.

FOR SALE.—Ford delivery truck. Van [illegible]

FOR SALE.—Slab wood, at the Eddyville sawmill. 'Phone 8-F-21.

FOR SALE.—Cadillac and other used cars. Ulster Garage, Inc.

FOR SALE.—If you want to buy a good used car, it will pay you to see us before buying elsewhere. We have several makes of good cars at bargains. Stuyvesant Garage.

FOR SALE.—Underwood revolving duplicator, cheap. Central P. O., Box 396.

FOR SALE.—4 door, 5-passenger Ford. C. E. Van Amberg, 118 N. Front St.

FOR SALE.—Photo supplies, films, plates, cameras, printing paper, etc. O'Reilly's, 530 Broadway.

FOR SALE.—Farms, all sizes and prices. M. A. Reis, 595 Broadway.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FRANKLIN car to hire, $2 per hour. Goodrich Garage, 112 Hone St. 'Phone 1265-M.

FURNITURE storage. Mouse-proof, sanitary, fire-proof. Frederick C. Winters, Kingston. 'Phone 1498-J., or call Stuyvesant Garage.

ELLSWORTH J. VanDuzer, house moving; frame or brick roof raising; estimates furnished upon application; satisfaction guaranteed. 323 Broadway, Newburgh, N. Y. N. Y. 'Phone 133-W.

MORAN Business School, Fair and Main Sts., Kingston, N. Y. Day and evening sessions. You will begin your business education eventually. WHY NOT TODAY? Call.

RUGS FROM OLD CARPETS. Now is the time to send your old carpet and rugs. A. D. Palmer, representing Economy Rug Co. of Syracuse, is in Kingston for a few days. Drop him a card. General Delivery, or 'phone 665-W.

FIVE and seven passenger touring cars for hire and second hand cars for sale, cheap. Stryker & Youmans, Garage 73-77 Furnace St. Office tel. 1034; residence 181-J.

SIX cylinder car for hire. Central Garage. 'Phone 1369. Edgar L. Mower.

WE have a Service Station for the Bosch magnetoes, Rayfield carburetors, Exide batteries. Each in charge of an expert mechanic. We give the same service as the maker. Stuyvesant Garage.

FURNITURE storage: best in city. Harry P. Carr. 'Phones 1179-J., 6-F2.

KINGSTON Taxicab Service. 60 cents for 1 or 2 persons; day or night. Tel. 541.

PIANOS tuned, $1.00. Martin, [illegible] Prospect St. 'Phone 17[illegible]-W.

PLUMBING, heating, tinning, gas fitting, jobbing promptly attended to. Joseph Pfremmer, 73 Brewster St. 'Phone [illegible]-W.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—Fine Staten Island residence of 7 large, light rooms, with bath, steam heat and electric light; lot 100x100 surrounded by nice hedge on all sides; apple, pear, peach and plum trees; asparagus and grapes; chicken house and yard; best location; only 30 minutes to New York City. Will consider property in Kingston, Saugerties or Catskill. Edward M. Reis, 595 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y.

ADVERTISEMENT WRITING.

"I'VE spent a lot of money on advertising without getting results," is the complaint of the merchant who does a lot of talking in newspaper space without "saying something." He doesn't realize that GOOD advertising has wrapped and twisted itself around the very heart of business. And he's the man to whom my advertisement writing service would prove highly remunerative. He should write or 'phone me for my reasonable terms. George M. Sollmuth, care of The Kingston Freeman.

One Cent Per Word

No Advertisement Less Than 25 Cents.

LOST.

LOST.—Cover of automobile top. Uptown. Reward. Stuyvesant Garage.

LOST.—On Burgevin's corner or on Broadway near Downs street, a white enameled pansy brooch. Reward. Telephone 1062-M.

TO LET.

TO LET.—House, with all improvements, 89 Green St. Modern, well lighted offices at 272 to 282 Fair St.; flat, 28 St. Mary's St., and flat at 308 Broadway. House, 35 Lindsley Ave. Estate of John N. Cordts.

TO LET.—Newly renovated house; complete modern improvements, 14 Crane St. Estate of John N. Cordts.

TO LET.—3 room flat, improvements; adults only. 35 Hoffman St.

TO LET.—6 room flat. Apply Wm. O'Reilly, 530 Broadway.

FOR RENT.—Camp at Legg's Mills, from July 15th to 29th. Apply J. S. Dowell, 90 South Manor Ave., Kingston.

TO LET.—Three rooms, stationary range, gas and bath. 76 Clinton Ave.

TO LET.—Flat, 21 Lafayette Ave. Inquire within.

TO LET.—5 room flat, 67 Gill St., $7; 6 room flat, 55 Gill St., $6. 'Phone 597-M. Keator.

TO LET.—7 room flat, improvements. 549 Delaware Ave.

TO LET.—Large residence, upper Pearl St.; all improvements, with stable or garage. Inquire at V. Burgevin's, Inc., store, or greenhouse.

TO LET.—Cottage, 37 Lawrence St.; store 644½ Broadway. W. D. Brinnier.

TO LET.—Store and rooms. Inquire 103 Abeel St.

TO LET.—House, 85 Main St., all improvements. Apply 70 Abruyn St.

TO LET.—156 Washington Ave., and 33 Janet St.. 'Phone 786-W.

TO LET.—Flat, all improvements. Apply Wm. Haver, 51 Green St.

TO LET.—Apartments: all improvements. Greenwald, 39 Broadway.

TO LET.—5 room flat. Inquire Dr. Mabon.

TO RENT.—Rooms, 54 Franklin St. Apply on premises.

TO LET.—Flats to rent. 71 Albany Ave.

TO LET.—Two nice offices in the Burgevin building, Fair and Main Sts.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED.—At once, experienced automobile washer. 'Phone Blue Ribbon Garage, Tannersville.

WANTED.—Experienced man to build crushed stone road; give reference and previous employer. Also traction engineer. P. S. Johnston, Turnwood, N. Y.

WANTED.—Strong boy to help in milk business. 87 West Pierpont St.

WANTED.—A man to work on farm. Have a milking machine. J. Gibson Grant, Hobart, N. Y.

WANTED.—First-class, all-around cook. Permanent. Good wages. Tele. 210. Rhinebeck. Rhinebeck Hotel.

WANTED.—Boy 16 years old. Millen, Aikenhead & Co., Inc., Greenkill Ave.

WANTED.—Baker; good on bread, rolls and pastry. Lampman, Port Ewen. 'Phone 1708-W.

WANTED.—Two plumbers' helpers at once. Apply to Wieber & Walter, 122 Wurts St.

BOYS WANTED IN WEAVING DEPARTMENT. APPLY U. S. LACE CURTAIN MILLS.

WANTED.—Able-bodied men, wanting railroad positions, firemen, brakemen—$120 monthly; experience unnecessary. Address Railway Association, care Freeman.

WANTED.—A good man with team and cows; steady position, $25 per month and board. P. Church, High Falls.

WANTED.—An experienced driver, one who knows both city and country. Send name, address and references to Box 393.

WANTED.—Chauffeur; must be experienced and sober. 'Phone Mrs. J. C. Gray, Tannersville.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED.—EXPERIENCED OPERATORS; LEARNERS TAKEN. CHARCHIAN SHIRT FACTORY.

WANTED.—Girl for general housework. Apply evenings, 111 Wurts St.

WANTED.—A girl for general housework, one who can cook. Mrs. F. L. Anderson, 107 Elm St., Oneonta, N. Y.

WANTED.—Woman to assist in kitchen or good cook. 317 Clinton Ave.

WANTED.—Chambermaid and waitress, for country boarding house. Address Wm. Miller, Haines Falls, N. Y.

WANTED.—Operators and examiners; beginners paid while learning. Millen, Aikenhead Co., Inc., Greenkill Ave.

POSITION WANTED.

EXPERIENCED young lady stenographer wishes position, slight knowledge of bookkeeping; city or country. "K. C. K." Uptown Freeman.

EXPERIENCED chauffeur would like position. Best of reference. 'Phone 1841-M. 171 Henry St.

POSITION as fireman. "Address "Fireman," Freeman Office.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—75 Pearl St.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—With or without board. The Merritt, 180 Albany Ave. Automobile parties accommodated.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—Fine furnished room; large and airy; terms reasonable. 217 Wall St.

FURNISHED apartment; all up-to-date, newly renovated; one to four rooms, all improvements; rent reasonable. Call 1117-W. 179 Wall St.

DESIRABLE large furnished rooms, with board. 150 Fair St.

FURNISHED room for lady. Mrs. John McCausland, 136 St. James St.

FURNISHED ROOMS—219 Wall St. Gentlemen preferred.

FURNISHED ROOM; reasonable. 33 Hoffman St.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—267 Clinton Ave.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—With or without board. 91 Downs St.

FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms. 112 Hone St.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—35 Hoffman St.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—Single or housekeeping. 280½ Wall St.

FURNISHED rooms, 2[illegible] Hone St.

FURNISHED rooms with board, 33 Adams St.

HELP WANTED.

THE Aetna Explosives Co., Inc., Port Ewen plant has the following positions open: 1 clerk, male, not over 25 years old; must operate typewriter, short hand not necessary; steady position; bring references. 5 girls—Adelmans—light, clean work, good wages for rapid, careful workers; no danger; free transportation to and from plant. Apply at office, half mile below Port Ewen station, on West Shore R. R.

VILLA MURDERS CARRANZA OFFICERS

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Juarez, July 12.—General Ignacio Enriquez and three other Carranza officers of high rank were taken from a train near Jiminez early today and executed by Pancho Villa's outlaws, according to advices received here today from General Jacinto Trevino, Carranza commander at Chihuahua.

The officers were coming north on a special train in accordance with Minister of War Obregon's plans for a redistribution of commanding officers throughout northern Mexico.

When the train reached Diaz, a small station near Jiminez, it was halted by a band of Villistas. The officers were taken off, lined up against a wall and shot, according to General Trevino's advices.

IS THIS INFANTILE PARALYSIS CASE?

An autopsy was performed at Stone Ridge this afternoon to determine the cause of death of a five year old girl named Wilklow, daughter of Lorin Wilklow of Stone Ridge, who died this morning. The child had been ill for several days and in the opinion of Dr. C. F. Sherman of Stone Ridge, health officer of the town of Marbletown, death was due to cerebral hemorrhage. Members of the family and neighbors, however, fear that the child may have died from infantile paralysis, and in order to clear up any doubt in the matter, Dr. Sherman decided on an autopsy, which was performed by himself and Dr. Raymond Sanderson, county bacteriologist.

NOTIFICATION OF HUGHES JULY 31

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New York, July 12.—Cornelius N. Bliss was today chosen treasurer of the National Republican campaign committee. Fred W. Upham was named assistant treasurer and financial representative of the west with headquarters in Chicago.

National Chairman Willcox has called a meeting of the campaign committee for July 20. The official notification of the nomination of Charles E. Hughes will be made on July 31.

Among the callers on the candidate today were Senator W. Murray Crane, of Massachusetts; Gifford Pinchot, Cornelius N. Bliss, William Miller Collier, former ambassador to Spain, W. J. Norton, vice president of the Hughes Alliance, Chicago.

Senator Warren G. Harding was expected during the afternoon. He will confer with Mr. Hughes concerning the details of the notification meeting.

ODDS AND ENDS.

One of the horses of the valuable black team owned by David Gill, Jr., died on Tuesday.

A meeting of the Women's Guild of the Church of the Holy Spirit will be held on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Hibbard on East Chestnut street. All members are urged to attend.

A lawn social for the benefit of the Albany Avenue Baptist Church will be held on Friday evening, July 14, on the lawn of Chauncey Smith, No. 69 Henry street. If stormy it will be held on Saturday evening.

Water Throwing Episode Closed.

The water throwing episode on Ponckhockie street which led to Mrs. Volk having her neighbor, Mrs. Fitzgerald, arrested, was finally settled in court this morning when Recorder Lang found Mrs. Fitzgerald guilty, but suspended sentence. Mrs. Volk claimed Mrs. Fitzgerald threw water over her. Both were represented by attorneys, Joseph M. Fowler appeared for Mrs. Volk and Judge Stephan for Mrs. Fitzgerald.

Chicago Grain Market.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Chicago, July 12.—Wheat closed a cent higher; corn was off ⅜c; oats steady.

Closing Prices.

Wheat—July, 109⅝; September, 111¼; December, 114 bid.

Corn—July, 77⅝; September, 74½ @ ¼; December, 63⅜ @ ½.

Oats—July, 41 bid; September, 40½ bid; December, 42⅜.

One Cent Per Word

WANTED.

WANTED.—To buy, second hand clothes. 'Phone 1[illegible]-W.

WANTED.—Real estate; small country property. Will buy at once if price right; no agents. Address "Property," Uptown Freeman.

WANTED.—Delivery boy wanted with bicycle at once. Kingston Valet System, 31 North Front St.

WANTED.—A young, active partner with $250, in a safe, profitable business; investigation will satisfy you. Address "Rare Opportunity," Uptown Freeman Office.

WANTED.—Old false teeth. We pay up to $5.00 full or broken sets. Mail to us and we will make offer. If unsatisfactory will return teeth. Absolutely highest prices for Old Gold. City Tooth Works, 40 Arcade, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED.—Your developing and printing. Prompt 24 hour service. Satisfaction guaranteed. O'Reilly's, 530 Broadway.

WANTED.—Help. [illegible] Employment Agency, 2[illegible] Clinton Ave. Tel. [illegible].

WAR AT A GLANCE

London.—Admitted Germans regained some ground from British, but English troops progressed near Loos. Submarine bombarded Seaham Harbor.

Paris.—French troops regained part of lost positions in Meuse sector.

Berlin.—Successes for Germans against French and Russians reported.

DAY'S DOINGS IN CONGRESS

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, July 12.—Senate and house met at 11 o'clock.

Senate resumed debate on the agricultural appropriation bill.

Senate commerce committee put finishing touches on the shipping bill.

Senate Democratic steering committee conferred with Republican leaders on the legislative program.

House resumed discussion of McGillicuddy workmen's compensation bill applying to Federal employes.

RAIN FLOODS TEXAS CAMP

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

McAllen, Tex., July 12.—The torrid heat that has afflicted the New York troops since their arrival on the border was broken today by a torrential rain storm, but their discomfort only took another form. The rain flooded the camp streets, swept within the tents and left four inches of mud.

The roads were badly damaged and motor trucks found it difficult to transport supplies to the regimental camps.

The second detachment of the First Cavalry, comprising troops from Buffalo, Albany, Syracuse and Troop E from Brooklyn, arrived today under command of Col. Debevoise.

GOV. GOETHALS HAS RESIGNED

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, July 12—President Wilson this afternoon accepted the resignation of Governor George W. Goethals of the Panama Canal. Governor Goethals called at the White House and conferred with the president for half an hour during which he urged that his resignation be accepted immediately. White House officials said the date of retirement is left entirely with Governor Goethals. He would make no statement when he left the White House as to when he will retire.

Lieut. Col. Chester Harding engineer of maintenance of the canal, is understood to have been agreed upon as governor Goethals successor.

LOCAL DEATH RECORD.

Recent Deaths and Funerals of Persons in This Vicinity.

Rita Myers, daughter of Lewis and Catherine Myers, died Tuesday at the residence of her parents, 109 Hunter street. The funeral will be held Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the late residence, with interment in St. Mary's Cemetery.

Frances Konczal, wife of Jacob Konczal, died at her residence in Mount Marion on Tuesday, aged 65 years. The funeral will be held Thursday from the undertaking parlors at 140 Broadway, the N. D. J. Murphy building, at 8:30 o'clock and at 9 o'clock from the Church of the Immaculate Conception. Interment will be made in Mt. Calvary Cemetery.

Narrow Escape at Rosendale.

Colonel Van Nostrand, who is summering at the Hotel Bonnie Doon, Rosendale, narrowly escaped meeting his death in the Rondout creek while fishing for bass. In the early hours of the morning, Mr. Van Nostrand thought best to fish, and with Allan Scott Mackenzie's boat went alone, and after some success was about to return when the boat reached the rift and capsized, but Mr. Van Nostrand being quick at thought and very brave and active, was brought ashore after considerable excitement and with assistance he was brought back to the hotel and properly cared for. Only a short time ago Allan Scott Mackenzie with his brave and active mind rescued several others from the same point where Mr. Van Nostrand nearly lost his life.

Freer-Winchell.

On Thursday evening, June 29, there was a wedding at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Terwilliger of Stone Ridge. The couple were William A. Freer of Po'keepsie and Catherine Winchell of the same place. Several of the relatives of the couple were present. After the wedding there was a supper. The officiating minister was the Rev. Frank F. Wittkamp, pastor of the M. E. Church.

"Comforts" for Company M.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Tindale motored on Saturday to Camp Whitman, taking with them 154 "comfort kits" for the soldiers of Company M. These were made by friends of Mrs. Tindale and were given to Captain Meagher for distribution among the members of the company and were highly appreciated.

SHIPPING SUPPLIES TO PERSHING

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

El Paso, Tex., July 12.—A train of eleven cars, loaded with supplies for the punitive expedition left Juarez at noon today for General Pershing's headquarters, indicating that the United States and Carranza have reached some sort of understanding regarding shipments of supplies over Mexican railways.

Collector of Customs Cobb said he received his instructions to make the shipment from the treasury department and that no opposition was made by Mexican officials.

ABOUT THE FOLKS.

Seth C. Gill has returned to his home from Highland Park College, Des Moines, Iowa.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira C. Myers of West Chestnut street are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a baby girl.

Mrs. Jennie Gannon and son, Stephen, of Poughkeepsie, are spending the month of July with Mrs. Carl Miller.

Abram Hasbrouck is spending the day fishing at Phoenicia. His friends expect to see him return this evening with a large mess.

Mrs. Reuben Riehl was conveyed from the Benedictine Sanitarium to her home on the Saugerties road on Tuesday in the city ambulance.

Miss Nora Hartman of this city, who has been spending two weeks' vacation at Asbury Park, N. J., has returned to her home on Cedar street.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Van Gaasbeek and daughter, Ruth, of Morris Park, L. I., are spending the summer at High Falls as guests of Willard Adams.

Myron A. Silkworth, the popular chauffeur for Peter Barmann, the brewer, is receiving congratulations over the arrival of a twelve pound boy at his home, No. 221 Clifton avenue.

County Clerk Christopher K. Loughran, William Newkirk and William J. Turck are in Buffalo attending the Imperial Council of the Ancient Arabic Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Streeter, with Mrs. Lockwood, of No. 279 Washington avenue, and Miss Shultis of Bearsville, are spending a few weeks at one of the pretty camps on Goodyear Lake, near Oneonta.

Superintendent and Mrs. John U. Gillette of Port Ewen attended the sessions of the National Educational Association at Madison Square Garden recently, also the annual luncheon and business meeting of the New Paltz Normal Alumni Association at Hotel Astor.

SOCIETY NOTES.

Szule-Walczak.

John Szule of Linderman avenue and Miss Anna Walczak of No. 107 Newkirk avenue were united in marriage on July 5 by the Rev. Francis Lesniewski, of the Immaculate Conception Church on Delaware avenue.

Ryan-Zakseski.

John F. Ryan of No. 58 Summer street and Miss Mary Zakseski of No. 11 Rock street were united in marriage on June 28 by the Rev. Francis Lesniewski, of the Immaculate Conception Church on Delaware avenue.

Garry-Maloney.

Miss Nellie T. Maloney of 47 Boulevard, and John J. Garry of 814 Craig street, Schenectady, were united in marriage on July 8 by the Rev. John H. Briody in St. Joseph's Church. The best man was Hugh Garry of Schenectady, a brother of the groom, and the bridesmaid was Miss Marie Maloney, a sister of the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Garry will reside in Schenectady.

La Tour-Rieser.

Today at high noon the marriage of Miss Marie Elizabeth Rieser, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rieser of this city, was solemnized at the Spring Street German Lutheran Church, the Rev. A. Schmidtkonz, the pastor, officiating. The bride, who was handsomely attired in a traveling costume of blue and who carried sweet peas and carnations, was attended by her sister, Miss Margaret Rieser who wore a coat suit of blue and carried carnations. The best man was Frederick La Tour, brother of the groom. Following the ceremony the bridal party and immediate relatives of the bride and groom, repaired to the bride's home on Delaware avenue, where a fine collation was served. The home was made most attractive with masses of summer garden blooms. The bride, who has been for some time past the soprano soloist at the English Lutheran Church, and who has a wide circle of friends, was the recipient of many beautiful and valuable gifts. During the afternoon Mr. and Mrs. La Tour left for Saratoga, Lake George and the north, where they will spend their honeymoon. On their return, they will go directly to a nicely furnished home at No. 520 Delaware avenue. Mr. La Tour, who for several years has been connected with the Gregory Company on Broadway, winning many friends through his courteous salesmanship, is also very popular in the best musical circles of the city, his fine tenor voice and skill as a vocalist being thoroughly appreciated. He is now tenor soloist at St. John's Episcopal Church, Wall street. Both Mr. and Mrs. La Tour have the best wishes of many, many friends, for their future happiness.

Worth While Quotation.

"He who comes up to his own idea of greatness must have always had a very low standard of it in his mind." —Hazlitt.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

New York, July 12.—Irregularity was shown on the stock exchange at the opening today with some issues, including Studebaker, showing gains of around a point. The majority of the list, however, was lower and in the first fifteen minutes of business reactions and partial rallies followed in quick succession. American Zinc gained nearly a point net and Baldwin Locomotive and one or two others improved fractionally above Tuesday's close. On the other hand, while covering was in progress in some stocks, others were selected for attacks, particularly the usually inactive specialties. United Fruit declined nearly four points to 151. American Beet Sugar, American Can, Marine Preferred, Mexican Petroleum, Industrial Alcohol and other issues sustained declines of from fractions to two points. Reading dropped 1¼ from the opening figure to 95½, compared with 98¼, the highest of Tuesday. General Motor dropped five points to 500. The market continued active and irregular with more evidence of two-sided operations than at any time so far this week. Maxwell Motor dropped 2½ points.

In the late forenoon a covering movement developed and prices rallied 1 to 2½ points from the early low range. Reading rallied from 95½ to 96⅛. Mexican Petroleum from 97⅛ to 99 and gains of about 2 points were recorded in many other issues, including Industrial Alcohol, Studebaker, American Beet Sugar, Crucible Steel, Baldwin Locomotive and Willys-Overland. New York Central showed a net gain of a point and American Zinc a net gain of 1¼ points. Steel Common declined from 84½ to 83⅞, but later recovered the loss. Money loaning at 4½ per cent.

In the early afternoon the general market was quiet and in a majority of cases prices showed little net change from the best figures of the rally. Later in the afternoon, however, the traders resumed their driving tactics and unsettlement followed. Industrial Alcohol declined from 113½ to 102½, but later recovered about two points.

The market closed strong. The bears made a drive at Industrial Alcohol in an attempt to break the rest of the market. That stock dropped 13 points to 99¾, but it rallied to 102½ in the final dealings. Following the declaration of the Willys-Overland three per cent and extra stock dividend of ten per cent, that stock declined two points. Government bonds unchanged; railway and other bonds irregular.

Quotations furnished by John D. Kline, Warren Building, Fair street, Kingston, N. Y., Tel. 1423. Correspondent of C. H. Van Buren & Company, members of Consolidated Stock Exchange of New York.

THE CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Allis-Chalmers	21¼
American Beet Sugar	91
American Car & Foundry	58¾
American Can	52¾
American Cotton Oil	53
American Ice Securities	29½
American Locomotive	62¼
American Smelting & Ref. Co.	92½
American Sugar	110
American Telephone & Telegraph	129½
Anaconda Copper Mining	79¼
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	104⅝
Baldwin Loco	70¼
Baltimore & Ohio	89½
Bethlehem Steel Co	
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	85½
Canadian Pacific	179¾
Central Leather	55½
Chesapeake & Ohio	61⅞
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	96⅞
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific	20
Colorado Fuel & Iron	42⅞
Consolidated Gas, N. Y.	133
Corn Products	13¾
Crucible Steel	70½
Distillers' Securities	41¾
Erie	35¾
Erie, 1st pfd	53⅛
General Electric	165
Goodrich Rubber	73½
Great Northern, pfd	119
Great Northern Ore	34¼
Illinois Central	
Interborough Con	16¾
Inter. Con., pfd	
Kansas City Southern	
Louisville & Nashville	
Lehigh Valley	78½
Maxwell Motor	73½
Maxwell Motor, 1st pfd	85½
Maxwell Motor, 2d pfd	54½
Mexican Petroleum	99
Missouri Pacific	6¾
National Lead	63⅛
New York Central	103½
N. Y., N. H. & H	61
New York, Ontario & Western	
Norfolk & Western	130
Northern Pacific	112
Pennsylvania Railroad	57⅝
People's Gas, Chicago	101⅛
Pittsburgh Coal	
Pressed Steel Car	44
Railway Steel Sp'g	42½
Reading	96⅛
Rep. Iron & Steel	43⅛
Southern Pacific	97½
Southern Railway	24¼
Southern Railway, pfd	58¾
Studebaker	126½
Tennessee Copper	30⅛
Third Ave. R. R.	
Union Pacific	138¼
U. S. Steel	84⅝
U. S. Steel, pfd	170¾
U. S. Rubber	52¾
Utah Copper	75¼
Virginia Car. Chem.	
Western Union	93
Westinghouse Electric	55¾

Court of Appeals in Recess.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Albany, July 12.—The court of appeals this afternoon took a recess until Friday, July 21, at which time it is expected a decision will be given in the matter of the constitutionality of the reapportionment act on which arguments were made before the court yesterday and today.

Sound Body and Mind.

Not all the battles have been fought with the sword and shield, not all rebellions have been struggled out on the field of battle, not all achievements reached by the nobility. Men have come to realize that sound bodies and minds are of less importance than sound spirits.

DEUTSCHLAND IS A MERCHANTMAN

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, July 12.—The formal and final report of Collector of Customs W. P. Ryan of Baltimore in which he says the German submarine Deutschland is without doubt a merchantman was received by the treasury department this afternoon. It was sent to the state department.

The report contains the findings of Captain C. F. Hughes, who also examined the Deutschland. Captain Hughes says he found nothing on the submarine to warrant it being classed as a warship.

EVENTS THIS EVENING.

Under this head will appear daily a concise calendar of amusements, professional and amateur, lectures, board meetings, etc., provided notice is given, in writing, before 10 a. m. Brevity must be adhered to, and these notices will take the place in future of more verbose announcements.

"Gloria's Romance" and other photoplays at Kingston Opera House and Y. M. C. A. Auditorium.

Board of Directors, Chamber of Commerce, at city hall at 8 o'clock.

Dance at Kingston Point Casino.

THE JOINERS.

News of Interest to Members of Fraternal Societies.

The following lodges hold regular meetings this evening:

Kosciusko Lodge, No. 86, I. O. O. F., in Odd Fellows' Hall, 635 Broadway.

Aretas Lodge, No. 172, I. O. O. F., in Odd Fellows' Hall, 36 East Strand

Blooming Lilies, Household of Ruth, No. 1,411, G. U. O. O. F., at 103 Cornell street.

Pratt Post, No. 127, Grand Army of the Republic, at the armory.

St. Ann's Branch, No. 963, Ladies' Catholic Benevolent Association.

P. O. of A., Ladies' Aid Auxiliary, Camp No. 30, in Mechanics' Hall, Henry street.

The annual district picnic of the Order of the Eastern Star, will be held Thursday, July 13, at Poughkeepsie. Members of Kingston and Clinton Chapters are cordially invited to attend this picnic. It is expected that a number of members will leave early by the steamer Albany. Others will follow by train. An interesting program has been arranged for the entertainment of all who attend and a general good time is also in store for them. Those who are privileged to go early will have the pleasure of a visit to Vassar College and other points of interest in the city.

The P. O. of A., Camp No. 30, will hold installation of officers this evening.

New York Produce Market.

Wheat—Firm. Chicago Dec. $1.13¾ @ ⅞c; Chicago July $1.08¾ asked; Chicago Sept. $1.11⅛ @ ¼c; Spot No. 2 red winter $1.15¼ c. i. f. New York to arrive $1.16¾ f. o. b. to arrive.

Corn—No. 2 yellow new 90⅝c No. 3 yellow 90⅛c.

Oats—Firm. Fancy white 46½ @ 47¾c; standard 46¾c; No. 3 white 45¼ @ 45¾c; No. 4 white 44½ @ 44¾c.

Rye—Firm. No. 2 western $1.08; c. i. f. New York; state $1.09½ f. o. b. New York.

Barley—Steady. Malting 80c; c. i. f. Buffalo; feeding 74½c; c. i. f. Buffalo.

Hay—Dull and easy. No. 1 $1.32½ @ $1.35; No. 3 90 @ 97½c, clover mixed 65c @ $1.15.

Straw—Fairly Steady. No. 1 straight rye 60 @ 70c.

Flour—Dull and irregular. Spring patents $5.35 @ $5.65; straights $5.10 @ $5.25; clears $4.75 @ $5.00; winter patents $5.05 @ $5.30; straights $4.60 @ $4.90, clears $4.25 @ $4.55.

2 N Y STOCKS .. Iandofoarzc CcB'.

Potatoes—Firm. White, nearby, $1.50 @ $3.

Dressed Poultry—Firm. Broilers and chickens, 25 @ 40c; fowls, 14 @ 21½c; turkeys, 23 @ 25c; ducks, L. I. fresh, asked 20c.

Live Poultry—Good demand. Broilers and chickens, 25 @ 28c; fowls, 19c; turkeys, 15 @ 18c; roosters, 14c; ducks, 15c; geese, springs, 13c.

Butter—Steady to firm. Held and fresh. Creamery extra, 28½ @ 29c; creamery firsts, 29 @ 30½c; higher scoring, 27 @ 28c; state dairy, tubs, 24 @ 28c; process extra, 26½c; imitation firsts, 25 @ 25½c.

Eggs—Barely steady. Nearby white, fancy, 29 @ 31c; nearby brown, fancy, 28 @ 29c; extras, 26 @ 27c; firsts, regular and storage packed, 23¾ @ 24½c.

Milk—The nominal wholesale price is 4c a quart delivered in New York.

Wild Burros a Nuisance.

Wild burros in the Grand Canyon of the Colorado are said to be increasing in number to the point where they are becoming a nuisance. The chief forest ranger of the region reports thousands of the little animals running wild from Supai to the mouth of the Little Colorado.

Feathers.

"A man might succeed in feathering his own nest," remarked the Observer of Events and Things, "if so much of his money did not go towards putting them on his wife's hats."

How the Money Goes.

Statisticians figure that average Americans spend 45 per cent of their incomes for food and 20 per cent for rent.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, 1916.

Sun rises, 4.39; sets, 7:31.
Weather, clear. Humidity, 60 to 63.

The Temperature.

The lowest point registered by The Freeman's thermometer last night was 74 degrees. The highest point reached up until noon today was 90 degrees.

Weather Forecast.

Washington, July 12.—Eastern New York fair, continued warm tonight and Thursday; moderate south and southwest winds.

RUNAWAY GIRL QUICKLY FOUND

Secretary Sahloff of Health Board Assists in Search for Girl Runaway from New York, and She is Located in Port Ewen.

Last Thursday fourteen year old Susie Kuplin of No. 306 East 135th street, became anxious to enjoy life on the farm, and ran away from home, and made her way to Rifton, where she asked for work at the Rifton Farm House, a summer boarding house at that place, and was put to work.

The girl wrote her mother where she was working, and stated how well she liked the country, and the mother wrote back that she was sending a friend of the family to bring her home.

The girl worked about the house after receiving the letter, but disappeared on Monday about noon time When the friend reached the farm house he found the girl missing, and efforts to find her were unavailing.

Tuesday evening he came to police headquarters and lodged a description of the girl with the police Later in the evening he explained to Secretary Fred Sahloff, of the board of health, that he was searching for a missing girl Mr. Sahloff told him that he had heard of a strange girl stopping in South Rondout, and that latershe had stopped at the house of Arthur Gill, near the West Shore station at Port Ewen

Inquiry on the telephone with Mr. Gill disclosed the fact that the girl had been there, having stopped for a glass of water, and gave her name as "Susie Murphy." She explained she had come up on the day boat but had gotten off in a hurry and had left her valise aboard the boat.

Mr. Gill suspected that she was a runaway girl and determined to turn her over to the town poormaster until her parents could be located.

Later the girl was taken in charge by Dr. G W. Ross of Port Ewen, at whose house she spent Monday evening. The next day Dr. Ross learned that Bert Van Aken, who lived near him, was looking for a girl to care for his children, and the runaway girl was delighted to take over the job.

Miss Bruyn, the county agent, was also notified, and made efforts to locate the girl's people. The girl told vague stories when questioned, which led all who heard her suspect that she had run away from home

It was expected that she would be taken [illegible] by Mr. Arnold, the friend of the family, who had come up from New York after her.

Mr Arnold was accompanied to police headquarters by Mis Danz who conducts the Rifton Farm House.

Lawn Party at Rosendale.

Rosendale, July 12 —The ladies of All Saints' Episcopal Church will hold their first lawn party of the season on the church grounds on Thursday evening, July 13 Should the weather prove unfavorable the affair will be held in the parish house. Home made cake, ice cream and other refreshments will be served Proceeds for the benefit of the church. A cordial welcome extended to all.

A New Kresge Store.

A big Kresge 5 and 10 cent store will be opened in Poughkeepsie on Main street today. E T. Dameron will be the manager.

BUSINESS NOTICES

FOOD SALE

The ladies of the domestic booth of the Rondout Presbyterian Church will hold a food sale at Mrs. M G. Holmes's, 11 West Chester street, Friday afternoon, July 14. Lots of good things will be for sale. Send your order early.

Canning time now here, ½ pint King Oval jars 65c dozen, pints 75c dozen and quarts 80c dozen, GREGORY & CO.

BATHING SUITS.

Dandy new line for ladies, gentlemen, boys and kiddies. All prices from 10c to $7.00. Call and see the line. O'Reilly's, 530 Broadway.

Awnings, Upholstering, Furniture Repairing, Auto Tops Recovered. HENRY EIGHMEY, 94 Highland avenue.

At the public's service, day or night. Miller's Taxi. 'Phone 17.

New 7 passenger touring car for rent. Miller's Taxi Service Tel. 17.

KODAKS AND SUPPLIES.

We develop and print your pictures in 24 hours. Films called for and delivered 'Phone 482-W.
MURPHY'S, 12 East Strand.

LUNCH BOXES.

Picnic sets, wax paper, ice cream dishes, paper doilies, table cloths, napkins, drinking cups, towels, pie plates, sanitary lunch sets, etc. O'Reilly's, 530 Broadway.

WHEN THE

Occasion occurs for you to use something nice in flowers, why not call on VALENTIN BURGEVIN, INC., Fair and Main streets.

MENKE'S DAILY SPORTING LETTER

(By Frank G. Menke.)

Who Knows?

Can it be that Messrs. Cobb, Kauff and Evers have been throwing their bats lately only for the purpose of training their wings for trench bomb-heaving?

Liberal Fellow, Eh?

Barney Dreyfuss, of those there Pittsburgh Pirates, is quoted as saying: "I will pay $50,000 for a good hitter who can fill the vacancy in our club."

Any one player who could fill the "vacancy" surely would be worth that price, because, as we view the situation, the Pirate "vacancy" is in the outfield, the infield, in the pitching ranks and behind the plate.

Peckinpaugh Starring.

Roger Peckinpaugh just now is playing the best game of his career. Always a brilliant fielder, the Yankee shortstop is making stops and throws that are hair-raising to an extreme. And he is hitting in a way that has surprised his most enthusiastic admirers. In other years, Peck rarely could deliver in a pinch. This season most of his clubbing has been done at opportune times.

Before—And After.

Before the Moran-Dillon affair, Moran said:

"After this fight is over I am going to enlist in the army."

Dillon said

"If I beat Moran, I will enlist"

The fight is over, Dillon beat Moran—and neither has enlisted.

Why Jim Isn't "Warring."

Jim Savage, the New Jersey heavyweight, yearned to be a soldier. When the call to arms came from Washington, Jim donated his services, took the oath of allegiance—and went to a militia camp He was ready to knock out as many Mexicans as would step before his trusty gun But Jim didn't go to Mexico. Here is the reason as given by the Newark News

"When Jim Savage went to the mobilization camp with the troops, Mrs Jim Savage surveyed the seven savage children and promptly concluded that Jim was needed more in Newark than in Mexico

"Mrs Jim then visited a number of army officers in an effort to secure Jim's release Finally she got to General Sadler. The warrior was impressed with the statement that seven little Savages might suffer if Jim went to war So he said:

"'We don't need him yet I'll put him on the reserves.'

"Mrs Savage agreed that would be fine.

"All this time Jim didn't know what was going on He was 'presenting arms,' standing at 'attention,' etc, in camp when, to his astonishment, Mrs. Savage appeared at his tent and announced he was through temporarily as a soldier. He wouldn't believe it and went to work again She waited around In about an hour the papers arrived.

"Jim is home again."

Heinie Comes Back.

Heinie Wagner has been recalled by the Red Sox The veteran shortstop didn't scintillate as manager of the Hartford Club By mutual agreement, he quit his job, and Joe Lannen at once hired him, primarily to act as coach and scout But, in an emergency, Heinie is still good enough to cavort around the short field.

Beautiful Tribute to Great Horse.

This is what the Trotter & Pacer Magazine has to say about Earl, Jr., the grand old harness horse, which is to be campaigned against this summer by his owner, Walter R. Cox, of Dover, N. H:

"The vicissitudes of training and adverse weather render the readiness of the average race horse uncertain. But Earl, Jr., the iron-sided, evergreen, oak-hearted, battle-tested but never scarred hero of eight arduous campaigns, on the dirt in the summer and the ice in winter, is always ready. Eight of his eleven years have been spent on the firing line where the fight was hercest but his heart has never quaked and his marvelous fibre has never weakened.

"Earl, Jr like the war horse that is an epic in the drama of Job. 'He mocketh at fear and is not affrighted, neither turneth he back from the sword. He sat to the trumpets, Ha, ha, and he smileth the better afar off, the thunder and the shouting'

"When time and age have given surcease to the activities of Earl, Jr. we should like to make a modest contribution to a fund for a monument over his grave, a stone which will commemorate one of the bravest representatives of the bravest breed of horses in the world."

He Has Our Permission.

"Why not let Ty Cobb finish when he starts to attack some taunting fan?" asks a writer. "Some day he will climb into a stand and discover—when too late—that his intended victim is a pugilist or wrestler—not a butcher, or a crippled man, or a sickly boy."

It's Now, Anyway!

Jimmy Callahan, the Pirate leader, has a new alibi for defeats. Jeems blames the ushers in Redland. He charges that whenever a new ball is batted into a stand in the Cincinnati park by a visiting player the usher persons secrete it, thus enabling the Reds to put an old and dirty ball into action.

Well-Bred Girl.

The other day we saw a young girl, seventeen or eighteen perhaps, listening quietly and attentively while her father told a story she had heard often. One sees so much inattention and smirking deprecation of father's or mother's hobbies that it was a pleasant thing. We credit that little lady with far more than mere good training—with the right kind of heart. For truly good manners mean more than tecnnic; they bespeak the true man and the true woman, too.—Exchange.

ON THE DIAMOND.

Games Played Yesterday in the Big Leagues.

League games yesterday resulted as follows:

American League.

New York, 8; Cleveland, 2; first game.
Cleveland, 4; New York, 2; second game.
St. Louis, 8; Philadelphia, 3; first game.
Philadelphia, 3; St. Louis, 0; second game.
Boston, 5; Chicago, 3; first game.
Boston, 3; Chicago, 1; second game.
Detroit, 4; Washington, 3; first game.
Washington, 3; Detroit, 1; second game.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	44	30	.595
Cleveland	43	32	.573
Boston	41	34	.547
Chicago	40	34	.541
Washington	39	35	.527
Detroit	39	37	.513
St. Louis	32	43	.427
Philadelphia	18	51	.261

National League.

New York, 8; Cincinnati, 4; ten innings.
Brooklyn, 5; St. Louis, 4.
Pittsburgh, 3; Boston, 2.
Philadelphia, 2; Chicago, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Brooklyn	43	27	.614
Philadelphia	39	30	.565
Boston	36	30	.545
New York	33	35	.485
Pittsburgh	34	37	.479
Chicago	36	40	.474
St. Louis	34	43	.442
Cincinnati	31	44	.413

International League.

Buffalo, 5; Newark, 1.
Montreal, 5; Richmond, 0.
Toronto, 8; Baltimore, 2.
Providence, 3, Rochester, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Providence	40	28	.588
Buffalo	38	27	.585
Baltimore	38	33	.535
Montreal	35	34	.507
Richmond	32	34	.485
Toronto	28	32	467
Newark	30	39	.435
Rochester	25	39	.391

Games Scheduled Today.

National League.

New York at Cincinnati, cloudy.
Brooklyn at St Louis, cloudy.
Boston at Pittsburgh, clear.
Philadelphia at Chicago, cloudy.

American League.

Cleveland at New York, clear; two games
Chicago at Boston, clear; two games.
St Louis at Philadelphia, clear; two games
Detroit at Washington, clear.

International League.

Newark at Buffalo, clear.
Providence at Rochester, clear.
Baltimore at Toronto, clear; two games
Richmond at Montreal, clear.

Hot Liners.

(By Frank G. Menke)

They say the Giants' pitchers are shot to pieces Well, George Burns's bat was full of holes in yesterday's game with the Reds. He hit two circuit smashes.

Stengel's home run drive also won for the Dodgers against the Cardinals

Yesterday we said look out for the White Sox Today the color has changed It's now the Red Sox.

Splitting double headers was all the rage. Outside of the Red Sox-White Sox, the rest of the American Leaguers took turns about.

Put Tom Rogers, Nashville twirler, in the hall of fame He gave no hits and did not allow a batter to reach first on the Chattanooga team.

Jim Allen, his opponent, only allowed one hit, a scratchy single in the seventh, the runner beating the throw to first

Old Honus Wagner scored the run which beat the Braves

Two steals by Whitted gave the Phillies the winning run over the Cubs

T. NELSON METCALF

COLUMBIA RETAINS OLD FOOTBALL COACH.

New York, July 12.—T. Nelson Metcalf will remain as Columbia University's football coach for the ensuing season. His remarkable success last fall in turning out an undefeated eleven for five games out of absolutely raw and new football materials has put him in high favor with Columbia's athletic authorities.

TREASURE TROVE IN SONORA STATE

Ancient Legends of Mexico Relate to Country Upon Whose Borders Guardsmen Are Likely to be Doing Patrol Duty.

By Telegraph to The Freeman.

Washington, D. C., July 12.—"If America's National Guard sees foreign service in its patrol duty along the northern Sonora border the boys in khaki will be in a Mexican state where fact and fable are fascinatingly interwoven in the accounts of its vast mineral wealth," says today's war geography bulletin issued from Washington by the National Geographic Society.

"Even the name Sonora is said by some historians to be derived from a peculiarly musical and 'sonorous' quality possessed by certain marbles quarried in the state.

"Within a decade after Cortez landed on Mexican soil and conquered the followers of Montezuma the Spaniards had launched expeditions by sea and started exploration parties over the mountains to find that region which two centuries before, according to tradition, had supplied the Aztecs with great stores of gold and silver when they passed through the land in their tribal migration to the vale of Anahuac. By 1530 Almindez Chirinos had proceeded up the coast as far as the mouth of the Yaqui river, and he was followed by de Vaca who brought back a report that gold and silver could be plucked from the ground in unbelievable quantities. One of de Vaca's followers was Sebastian, a mulatto who had remarkable gifts of imagination. Among the places he 'saw' were the Seven Cities of Cibola, ruled by King Tatarax, whose wonderful, bejeweled robes dazzled the eye as he worshipped each morning in his magnificent palace before a golden cross Mermaids also figured in Sebastian's narrative as alluring marvels of the Sonora coast.

Paved Road With Silver.

"Among the Sonora mines about which romance and reality are strangely mingled is that of Senor Almada of Quintera. The owner is said to have celebrated the marriage of his favorite daughter by paneling the bridal chamber with plates of silver, and paving the road from his home to the church with bars of the precious metal.

"The leged concerning the Dona Maria mine is that its owner, the widow of a Spaniard, de Rodriques, labored for years saving nuggets of gold until she had a treasure which required a caravan of 40 mules to convey the four tons of precious metal to Mexico City. It was a long and arduous journey, and the widow was constantly in fear of being robbed. When she finally reached the capital she would not rest content until the fortune had been placed in the safekeeping of the Spanish viceroy A few days later the widow herself disappeared and the vast store of gold was appropriated by the government treasury and that treasury's custodian.

How a Mine Was Lost.

[illegible] equally pathetic story is told of the Planchas de Plata (Silver Plates) mine which, according to Jesuit accounts, was discovered by a Yaqui Indian during the first half of the eighteenth century From a deep canyon the Jesuits are said to have taken great globules of silver ore, weighing from 20 to 50 pounds. One mammoth nugget of pure silver, weighing a quarter of a ton, was discovered and proved the undoing of both the priests and the Indians. This treasure rock was with great difficulty loaded between two pack mules and taken to the capital where it was seized for the crown. After years of litigation the authorities decided that not only this nugget but all other ore from the canyon belonged to the state. Whereupon Jesuits and Indians conspired successfully to 'lose' the mine.

"Just 39 miles south of the Arizona line and midway between the border towns of Nogales and Naco, is Cananea, the center of one of the richest copper regions in the world, while to the south is Magdalena station, east of which is the Santo Domingo canyon with its placer gold deposits which are said to have furnished the cargo for many of Spain's treasure galleons.

"In addition to copper, gold and silver, the mines of Sonora produce lead, coal, antimony, mercury, iron, zinc, salt and tellurium The graphite deposits of the state are said to be the finest in the world producing an even better grade than the famous mines of Siberia and Japan."

Smiling at Breakfast.

One should always wear a smile at breakfast. If you are in a good humor at breakfast you will be merry and bright all day. The breakfast face is the most important face to cultivate. The other faces take care of themselves, for if the face is pleasant and easy to look upon in the morning it will improve as the day goes on. But if the breakfast face is hard, scowling and forbidding it becomes set in its disagreeable form, and it takes hours for it to smooth out into a smile, and that smile is of the sickly, half-hearted nature that only expands the heart slightly. It is worth trying.

Not Good For the Gander.

The following sign is displayed in a certain bathhouse:

"This Place Is Closed at 1 p. m. Sunday So We Can Go Home and Take Our Baths."

Which is very similar to the note a traveling man found on the door of a lunchroom in a small town:

"Gone Home to Dinner."—Indianapolis News.

The Largest Painting.

"Paradise," by Tintoretto, is the largest painting in the world. It is eighty-four feet wide and thirty-three and a half feet high. It is now in the Doge's palace, Venice.

THE ECONOMY STORE FOR QUALITY AND PRICE

Preparedness for Work or Play During July

S. E. Eighmey

Preparedness for Work or Play During July

Silk Shirts

Choice Patterns,

$3.00 & $3.97

"The Columbia" SHIRT Absolutely Correct

Fast Colors

Generous Sizes,

$1.00 & $1.50

LA REINE CORSETS $1.00

Fancy brocaded contil with four line supporters and embroidery trimming, best quality flexible side steels, a real $1.50 value, special for $1.00

LINEN DUST COATS $4.97

Real linen, full length set in sleeve or regular shoulder. A protection from the dust when motoring or driving. Will launder perfectly excellent. Value these at .....$4.50 and $4.97

MORE NEW BLOUSES

97c, $1.97 and $2.97

Another new lot this week. Beats all how they sell. We've been told time and again that ours are the best values in the city. Come and see these pretty white waists at ...97c, $1.97 and $2.97

WHITE WASH SKIRTS

$1.25, $1.47, $1.97, $2.50 and $2.97.

White skirts are very popular this season. These are not only moderate in price but have decided style, then too a white skirt can be laundered and looks like new every time.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR, 45c.

The "Mohawk Mills" balbriggan underwear for men; shirts with either short or long sleeves; drawers either knee or ankle length, 90c suit, 45c for each garment.

B. V. D. UNDERWEAR.

The kind you see advertised everywhere, athletic style for the young fellows; shirts or drawers, each 50c; union suits, $1.00.

MEN'S COMET SHIRTS, 47c.

For every day wear, with or without collar, 47c.

FINE PARASOLS

Many pretty ones.

97c, $1.50, $1.97, $2.97, $3.50.

THE DOWNTOWN **Dry Goods Store**

25 BROADWAY.

SPECIAL SALE

BED SPREADS.

97c, $1.50, $1.97, $2.97.

PORT EWEN.

Port Ewen, July 11 —Mrs. Edward Hotaling and daughters, Katharine and Louise, who have spent a few weeks with Mrs Hotaling's mother, Mrs. Kate Rikley, on Bayard street, have returned to their home in Roseton.

Mrs. J. Wesley Barton and Mrs. Melvin L. Hamilton and son, John, of Union Hill, N. J., are spending the summer at their home on Tilden street.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Gray of Albany avenue, Kingston, called on their cousins, Mr. and Mrs James O. Drake, on Salem street Saturday

J. L. Shultz of Esopus called on friends here Monday.

Mrs Emily Post, through the columns of this paper, wishes to thank all those who assisted her in removing her furniture and belongings from the recent fire of the residence of David Parsell on Broadway. Mrs. Post and family occupied the downstairs and lost most of their clothing and numerous things. Their loss was great.

Israel Krom of Esopus called on his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. James O. Drake, on Salem street on Monday.

George Vincent lost a valuable gold knot necktie pin between his home on Salem street and his father's, H H. Vincent, Sunday afternoon. Mr. Vincent prizes the pin very much as it was a gift. Any one finding it will kindly return to owner.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist Church have a cook stove for sale. It is in good condition and can be seen and examined at any time at the barn of Mrs. W. H. Elmendorf on Bowne street.

MISS CLEVELAND.

EX-PRESIDENT'S DAUGHTER VOLUNTEERS SERVICES TO BLIND BRITISH SOLDIERS.

(Miss Esther Cleveland in Her Service Uniform.)

London, July 12.—Miss Esther Cleveland, eldest daughter of the late Grover Cleveland, has volunteered her services at St. Dunston's and is making a noble sacrifice in aiding and caring for blind British soldiers.

I am a globe-circler.

I have smoked the finest cigarettes of Turkey, of Egypt, of Russia.

But the king of them all is "Helmar" Turkish Cigarettes—made right here in our U. S. A.

I tell you no other cigarette can touch them.

"Helmar" is certainly an American product to be proud of.

The mildest tobacco for cigarettes is Turkish.

The best tobacco for cigarettes is Turkish.

Don't pay ten cents for anybody's cigarette until you have tried "Helmar," a fascinating, elevating gentleman's smoke.

Andrew Jergens Co. Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World

Quality Superb